

Nasdaq Calypso

Nostro Management Version 18

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Document History

Revision	Published	Summary of Changes	
1.0	February 2024	First revision for version 18.	
2.0	March 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release.	
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4.0	May 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Added environment property BO_POSITION_REPORT_PRELOAD_SECURITIES_IN_DATASERVER,	
		BO_POSITION_REPORT_PRELOAD_SECURITIES_MIN_IN_DATASERVER and AGG_CONFIG_PLACEOFSAFEKEEPING.	
5.0	June 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Added account property Add PARTIAL_ SETTLE to position.	
6.0	August 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Added Incl. Holiday for Daily Calc frequency in Account Interest Config Window.	
7.0	September 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Updated IgnoreDuplicateStatement.	
8.0	November 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Added field 'Calc Period End Date' and new variable 'CumulPos' in FeeConfig. Added message attribute Money Amount.	
9.0	December 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Added field 'split by security' to Billing Fee Config Calculator and attributes 'BillingFeeFullPeriod and MatchSecurity' in Fee Billing Rule.	
10.0	February 2025	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Updated Viewing Trade Statement.	
11.0	April 2025	Updates for version 18 monthly release - Added "Use Issuance Underlying" criteria to BO Position Reconciliation report.	

The nostro management capability allows the treasurer and settlements department to understand current and future cash requirements, thereby minimizing costs and maximizing profits by reducing payment defaults. The module provides the following functionality:



- Account maintenance for an Agent with a Processing Organization
- Standard Settlement Instruction maintenance
- Account Statement maintenance and generation
- Review and authorization of cash requirements (using the Inventory Position report), and capture of appropriate funding trades
- Automated generation of cash movements (principal exchanges, interest, management fees, upfront fees, termination fees, collateral, etc.)
- Payment default monitoring
- Automated cash sweeping between accounts



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Overview

The nostro management capability is based on **SETTLE accounts**. A **SETTLE account** is associated with the agent that settles the trades of a processing organization.

Inventory positions are calculated by the Inventory engine based on transfers of cash and securities into SETTLE accounts. They can be monitored through the Inventory Position report which computes funding requirements over a user-defined period. Multiple types of positions are computed by the Inventory engine and viewed from the Inventory Position report.

Each position is calculated by trade date and by settlement date.

Account statement events are generated by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT based on **inventory positions**, and **account statement configurations**. The Message engine subscribes to account statements events and generates **account statement messages** based on **statement message configurations**.

Account interest trades (interest bearing trades) are generated by the ACCOUNT_INTEREST scheduled task based on **inventory positions** and **interest bearing rules**.

Account billing events are generated by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_BILLING based on **inventory positions** and **account billing configurations**. The Billing engine subscribes to account billing events to generate **account management fees** (billing trades) based on **billing grids** and **fee billing rules**.

Billing trades and interest bearing trades are generated on the funding book of the processing organization.



2. Configuration Requirements

2.1 Processing Organization Setup

Billing trades and Interest Bearing trades are generated on the funding book of the processing organization.

The funding book is set on the legal entity attribute "FUNDING BOOK".

From the Legal Entity window, load the processing organization, and click Attributes.



» Select the attribute "FUNDING BOOK" and enter the book name in the Value field. Then click **Save**.

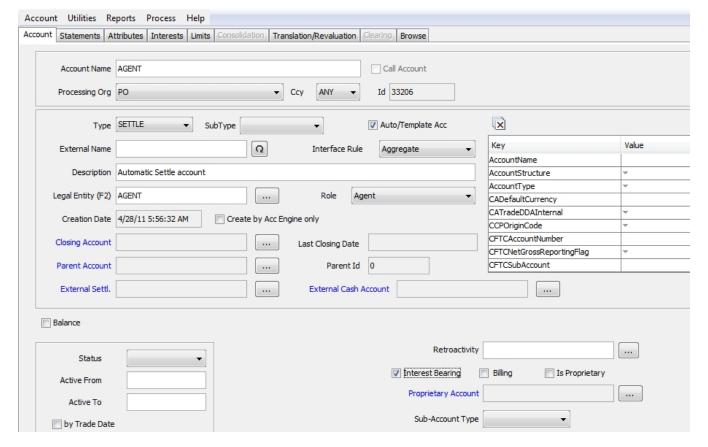
If the attribute does not exist, click ... next to the Attribute Type field and add it. Note that attribute types and values are case sensitive.

2.2 Settle Account Setup

A **settle account** is associated with the agent that settles the trades of the processing organization. You need to associate a settle account with each agent.

From the Legal Entity window, load an agent, click Account, and select the Account panel.





- » Enter the account name, and select the type SETTLE.
- » Enter the Processing Organization, the Legal Entity (the agent), the role Agent, and select the currency.

The processing organization identifies the owner of the account, and the legal entity identifies the holder of the account.

Please note that for a SETTLE account, you must specify a currency (USD in this example), and the role of the holder (Agent in this example).

- » You can also set the funding book at the account level in the account property "FUNDING BOOK". It takes precedence over the funding book set at the Processing Org attributes level.
- » Save this account.
- » You can choose Help > Account configuration for details.

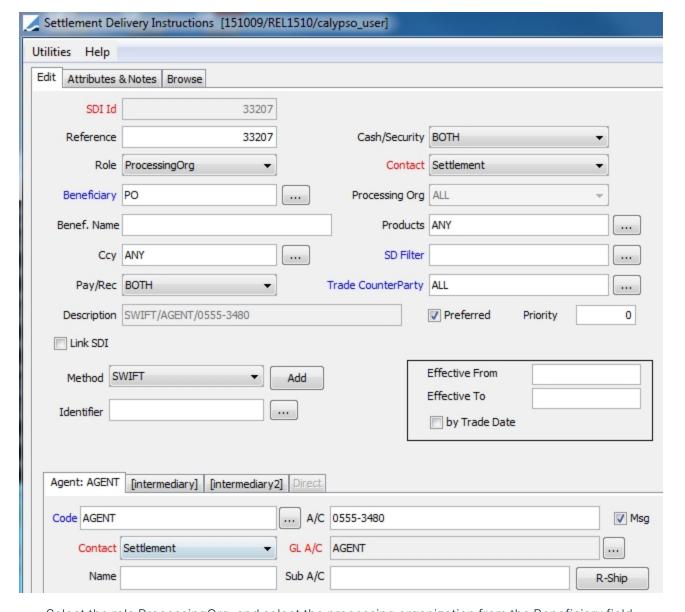
2.3 Settlement and Delivery Instructions (SDIs)

The link between a trade and a settle account is done through the SDIs of the processing organization.

In this example, SDIs are specified for the processing organization PO through the agent AGENT.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Legal Data > Entities**, open the Legal Entity window and load PO. Then click **SDI's**, and select the Edit panel to enter the SDI details.





- » Select the role ProcessingOrg, and select the processing organization from the Beneficiary field.
- » Select the settlement method from the Method field.
- » If you want the SDIs to be automatically assigned to trades, check the Preferred checkbox.
- » Select all other criteria as needed.
- » In the Agent panel, click ... to select an agent in the code field.
- » In the A/C field, enter the account number of the processing organization at the agent.
- » In the GL A/C field, click ... to select the settle account that you have previously created (the agent's account at the processing organization).
- » Save the SDIs.



» You can find details on how to setup SDIs in the Calypso Settlements documentation.

At this point, if you enter trades using these SDIs, the inventory position of account AGENT will be populated.

2.4 Workflow

You need to modify the transfer workflow so that once a statement is created, the transfers that were taken into account should not be amendable or cancelable.

» Thus, a workflow rule can be added on the transitions for the CANCEL and AMEND actions in order to forbid any modifications on transfers: CheckStatementFlag. A message will alert the user when trying to apply those actions.



» Another solution is to reverse the initial transfer in case of update or cancel. The engine parameter XFER_USE_ REVERSE must be set to true using **Utilities > Maintenance > Monitoring > Engine Thread** from the Calypso Navigator.

The same condition applies in the case of back valued trades. The Real Settle date should be greater than the last Statement run date.

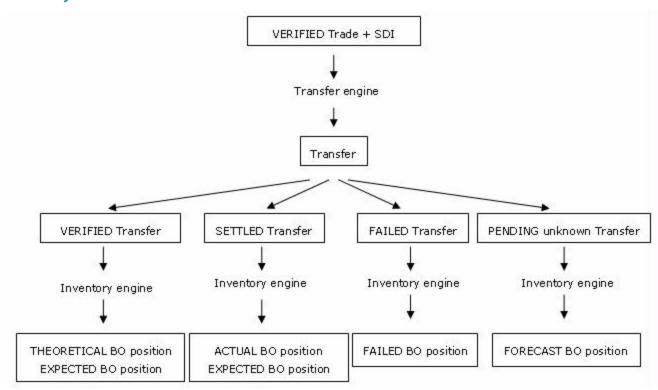
- » In this case, the workflow rule CheckSettleDate can be set on all transitions for which the resulting status is SETTLED.
- » Make sure that the CheckStatementFlag is in the "mandatoryTransferRule" domain.
- » Make sure that the Transfer engine uses the XFER_USE_REVERSE logic (engine parameter XFER_USE_REVERSE set to true using **Utilities > Maintenance > Monitoring > Engine Thread** from the Calypso Navigator.



3. Generating Inventory Positions

Inventory positions are computed by the Inventory engine based on transfers of cash and securities. They can be monitored through the Inventory Position report which reports funding requirements over a user-defined period.

Inventory Position Flow



3.1 Inventory Engine Configuration

The Inventory engine is configured in the Engine Manager of Web Admin: event subscription and engine parameters.

The Inventory engine can subscribe to the following events:

- PSEventTransfer
- PSEventProcessTransfer

The Inventory engine uses the following engine filter:

• InventoryEventFilter. It only accepts known transfers related to a processing organization.

The behavior of the Inventory engine may be modified with the following engine parameters and environment properties.



If a parameter is not available for setup, you can register it in the "engineParam" domain.

Environment properties are specified in your Environment.

Parameters and Properties	Description
EXCLUDE_STATUS	Engine Parameter
	Comma-separated list of status codes that are included in the "failed position".
INIT_DATE	No longer used as of version 14.1.
INV_MAX_POSITION	Engine Parameter
	Number of positions that will be kept in memory by the Inventory engine. For example, a value of 10000 will allow a maximum of 10000 cash positions and 10000 security positions to be kept in the Inventory Engine memory. The default value of 0 means no limit.
INVENTORY_LOAD_TRADE	Environment Property
	True or False. When false, trades are not loaded in the inventory engine. Default is True.
MAX_BATCH_EVENT	Engine Parameter
	Maximum number of persistent events loaded at one time by an engine in batch mode. The engine will load events in MAX_BATCH_EVENT chunks until all events are processed. Persistent events received after MAX_QUEUE_SIZE is reached will be processed in batch mode.
	Allows controlling engine memory usage, therefore improving the performance.
MAX_QUEUE_SIZE	Engine Parameter
	Maximum number of events buffered on an engine event queue.
	When this number is exceeded, real time events are discarded and the engine restarts based on the restart timer (TIMEOUT_RESTART), in order to process the unprocessed persistent events using batch mode. This parameter can be useful for controlling the engine's memory usage. If not set, the default value for this parameter is no limit on queue size.
	Allows controlling engine memory usage, therefore improving the performance.
ORACLE12_BATCH_MODE	Environment Property
	True or false. Default is true.
	When true, and database is Oracle 12 (or greater), the saving of inventory positions is optimized by using batch mode for events processing and engine_process table.
POSITION_FILTER	Engine Parameter
	If value equals CASH the inventory engine calculates only cash positions, if value equals SECURITY it calculates only security positions, otherwise it calculates both.
	Default is empty.



Parameters and Properties	Description
PricingEnv	Engine Parameter
	Pricing environment used by the engine. If not set, the default Pricing Environment of the user running the engine will be used.
PROJECTED_DAYS	No longer used as of version 14.1.
TIMEOUT_RESTART	Engine Parameter
	Number of seconds to wait before an engine restarts after MAX_QUEUE_SIZE has been reached. The default value is 3600 seconds (1 hour).
TWO_PHASE_ENGINE_	Environment Property
NUMBER_OF_RETRY	Number of times the engine will retry to process the list of events in the TwoPhaseEngine used by Inventory engine, Margin Call Position engine and Position engine. Default value is 3.

3.2 Starting the Inventory Engine

The Inventory engine can be started from the Engine Manager in Web Admin.

The Inventory engine publishes the following events:

- PSEventInventoryCashPosition
- PSEventInventorySecurityPosition
- ▶ Please refer to Calypso Web Admin documentation for complete details.

3.2.1 Inventory Positions Definition

Inventory positions are computed based on transfers of cash and securities.

Multiple types of positions are computed by the inventory engine and viewed from the Inventory Position report.

Actual Position

The actual position contains transfers that have settled.

Bank Confirmed Position

The "bank confirmed" position is the cash position confirmed by bank statements MT940/950.

Failed Position



The failed position contains transfers for which the settlement has failed. Status codes corresponding to failed transfers should be set in the domain "transferFailedStatus".

You can also use domains "transferSettledStatus" and "transferCashSettledStatus" (for cash transfers only) as described below.

If domain "transferFailedStatus" is not empty, then the failed position is determined based on the status codes in that domain. The other status codes populate the actual position.

If domain "transferFailedStatus" is empty, the system considers domain "transferCashSettledStatus" instead.

- If domain "transferCashSettledStatus" is not empty, the status codes in that domain populate the actual cash position, and the status codes in domain "transferSettledStatus" populate the actual security position. The other status codes populate the failed position.
- If domain "transferCashSettledStatus" is empty, the status codes in domain "transferSettledStatus" populate the actual cash and security positions. The other status codes populate the failed position.

Note that the transfer status codes set in the engine parameter EXCLUDE_STATUS are also added to the failed position.

Theoretical Position

The theoretical position contains all transfers regardless of their status (except status codes set in engine parameter EXCLUDE_STATUS).

Forecast Position

The forecast position shows the position of forecasted unknown transfers.

Expected Position

The expected position shows the positions based on the Available Date of the transfers when not settled, else it is based on the Real Settle Date. However, if Available Date < Settle Date, the expected position is still based on Available Date when the transfer is settled.

By default, the Available Date is set to the Trade Date.

You can set it to Value Date + number of days using domain "XferAvailableDate". Add a value that gives the number of days for a given static data filter in the following way: "<Number of Days>.<Static Data Filter>".

For example: "1.MyEquityFilter", and "2.MyBondFilter".

If the transfer is accepted by MyEquityFilter, "1" business day is added to the Value Date using the Book holidays of the transfer to compute the Available Date.

For MyBondFilter, it would be 2 business days.

You can also add the number of days to the Trade Date, if you set the Comment to "TradeDate".

For example, if you set: Value = "1.MyFilter" and Comment = "TradeDate", then the Available Date is Trade Date + 1 business day.



[NOTE: As soon as this domain contains 1 value, the Available Date defaults to the Value Date. Make sure that you configure ALL your transfers accordingly]

You can add Value = SetDefault to the "XferAvailableDate" domain.

If Comment = true, the XferAvailableDate is defaulted based on the configuration when a transfer is modified (default behavior).

If Comment = false, the XferAvailableDate is not defaulted when a transfer is modified.

Statement Position

The statement position shows back-value movements and back-value failed movements (transfer value date is before transfer settlement date).

See Back-dated Movements for setup details.

Position Calculation

Each position is calculated by book / agent / agent account, and for the following dates:

- trade date
- settlement date
- available date (for client positions only). Client positions are calculated on transfers with a given legal entity, for which the processing org and the agent are the same.
- settlement frozen date, allows simulating a snapshot
 - Settlement Frozen Date for setup details

All inventory positions to be monitored by the Inventory engine are stored in the domain "InventoryPositions" in the form "<position class>-<position type>-<position date>". For example, "INTERNAL-ACTUAL-SETTLE".

3.2.2 Processing Transfers

If the transfer is a new transfer or is in CANCELED status, the THEORETICAL positions by SETTLE date and TRADE date are updated.

If the transfer has a status of SETTLED or the transfer is in CANCELED status and was previously in SETTLED status, the ACTUAL position by SETTLE date is updated.

You can define the list of transfer status codes to be considered as CANCELED in the domain "transferCanceledStatus".

If the transfer is in status FAILED or is in another status but was previously in a FAILED status (or any status in the "transferFailedStatus" domain), the FAILED position by SETTLE date is updated.



As described above, you can also define a domain "transferSettledStatus" that contains all settled status codes, and remove the domain "transferFailedStatus". All status codes not in "transferSettledStatus" will be considered not settled.

The failed position is updated by checking the value date and the settle date of the transfers. To update the settle date on a failed transfer, you can run the scheduled task FAILED_TRANSFERS and it will modify the settle date of failed transfers to the following day.

If a failed transfer is later settled, it will then appear in the ACTUAL position.

3.2.3 Updating Positions

The positions corresponding to the SETTLE DATE or TRADE DATE of the transfer are retrieved.

If no position exists for the given transfer, a new position is created by duplicating the latest known position before that date. If no position existed before, a new position is created.

If the transfer is in CANCELED status (or any status in the domain "transferCanceledStatus"), amounts are removed from the positions. Otherwise, the amounts are added to the positions.

When the positions are updated, all future positions which may depend on the updated position are updated.

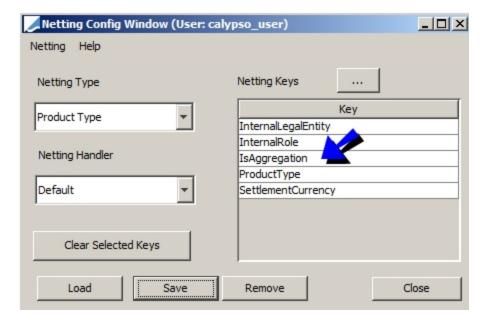
3.2.4 Computing Custom Positions

In addition to computing positions by Book / Agent / Agent Account, you can add custom criteria to compute and display the positions. For example, Book / Agent / Agent Account / Product Type.

For this, you need to define the custom criteria using a Netting Config that contains the IsAggregation criteria. From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Settlements > Netting**.

Sample setup for computing positions by Product Type: You need to define a netting config with keys "IsAggregation" and "ProductType".





Then add the netting config to the domain "InventoryAggregations".



Then restart the Inventory engine.

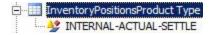
In the Inventory Position report, select the aggregation type "Agg. Config = Product Type" (the netting config you have created) to view the positions by product type.



You can also configure aggregation related columns using **Data > Configure Columns**.

You can define which positions are computed for a given aggregation using the domain "InventoryPositions<aggregation name>", for example "InventoryPositionsProduct Type". Then you can define the positions in the form "<position class>-<position type>-<position date>". For example, "INTERNAL-ACTUAL-SETTLE".

Create a domain for the "InventoryPositions<aggregation name>", then add the positions you want to compute as values.





In that case, it will only compute that position. If the "<aggregation name>" domain is not defined, it will compute all positions.

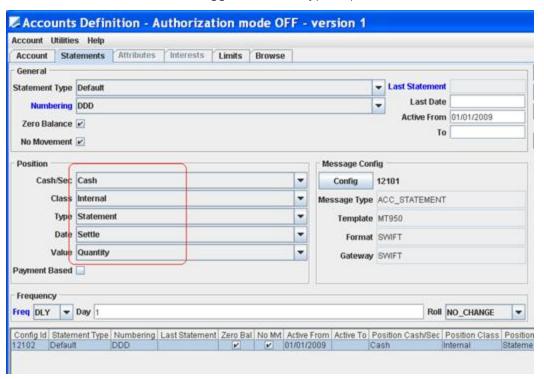
3.2.5 Back-dated Movements

In order to monitor back-value movements in statements, a STATEMENT position has been added. You need to add "INTERNAL-STATEMENT-SETTLE" to the domain "InventoryPositions".

The domain "transferStatementStatus" has also been added – It should contain the transfer status codes that populate the position "INTERNAL-STATEMENT-SETTLE": FAILED – SETTLED – VERIFIED.

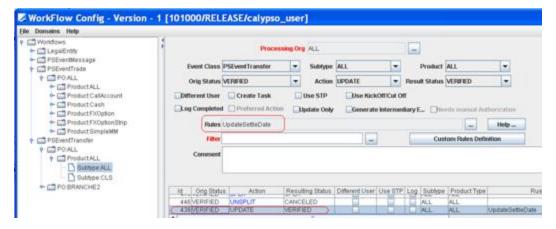
The environment property XFER_BV_REAL_SETTLE_DATE must be set to true.

The statement account can be triggered for this type of position:



The following rule must be added to the transfer workflow:





In case the Statement Config is NOT based on Payment, iterator MT950NonPaymentIterator should be used instead of MT950Itereator in the MT950 XML template - MT950NonPaymentIterator iterates over the netted transfers rather than the Underlying Transfer.

```
<SwiftField name="Opening Balance" tag=":60a:" value="OPENING BALANCE" modes="N"

<SwiftFieldOption letter="F" format="1!a6!n3!a15d" />

<SwiftFieldOption letter="N" format="1!a6!n3!a15d" />

</swiftField>

<SwiftSequence name="StatementLine" modes="N" (iterator="NT950NonPayment">

<SwiftField name="Statement Line" tag=":61:" format="6!n[4!n]2a[1!a]15d1!a3!c:

</swiftSequence>

<SwiftField name="Closing Balance (Booked Funds)" tag=":62a:" value="CLOSING B.

<SwiftFieldOption letter="F" format="1!a6!n3!a15d" />

<SwiftFieldOption letter="N" format="1!a6!n3!a15d" />
</swiftFieldOption letter="N" format="1
```

3.2.6 Settlement Frozen Date

In order to activate this position you need to:

- Add INTERNAL-THEORETICAL-SETTLE(FROZEN) to the domain "InventoryPositions".
- Add the rule CheckAllowCancel to the domain "mandatoryTransferRule".

The rule ensures that the transfer is not UPDATED or ends up in a Canceled status once it is part of the Frozen position. It is possible to CANCEL a future transfer up to the value date of the transfer.

This position is using the transfer settlement amount and the position date as follows:

- Settlement Frozen Date = Booking Date of the transfer when Booking Date > Value Date
- Settlement Frozen Date = Value date of the transfer otherwise.

3.3 Inventory Snapshots

The INVENTORY_SNAPSHOT scheduled task allows freezing an inventory position at any time. You can run the Inventory Position report and BO Position Reconciliation report on inventory snapshots.



▶ Please refer to Calypso Scheduled Tasks documentation for details.

3.4 Inventory Position Check

This function allows checking the inventory position before accepting a trade. The inventory position is checked by the LifeCycle engine based on Inventory Check configurations. The Inventory Check configuration allows selecting the workflow transition where the check should be performed and the nature of the check. If the Inventory Check configuration is satisfied, the action of the selected workflow transition is applied, otherwise the action is not applied and the LifeCycle engine generates an EX_INVENTORY_CHECK exception task.

3.4.1 Setup Requirements

Domains

Domain name = lifeCycleEntityType, Value = InventoryCheck

Domain name = exceptionType, Value = INVENTORY_CHECK

Domain name = eventType, Value = EX_INVENTORY_CHECK, Comment = "Exception generated by Inventory Check"

Domain name = groupStaticDataFilter, value = BOPosition

LifeCycle Engine

Please make sure you have started the LifeCycle engine as it is not started by default.

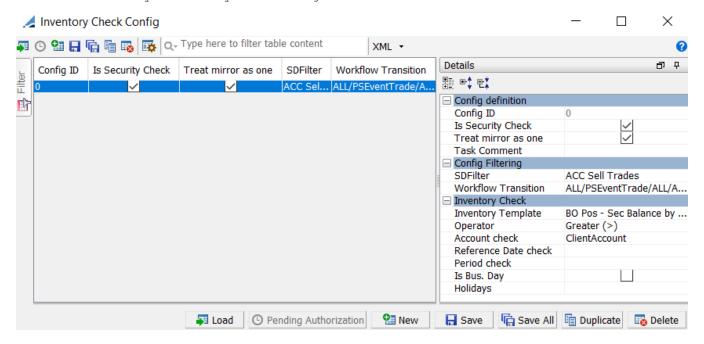
The LifeCycle engine must be subscribing to PSEventTrade and use the event filter LifeCycleEngineEventFilter.

Engine Configuration Unable to edit a running engine. Displaying in read-only mode. ingine Name: LifeCycleEngine Max Queue Size: 9 421010 ingine Class: com.calypso.engine.lifecycle.LifeCycleEngine Number of Threads: Event Pool Policy: Pricing Environment: 0 Application Type: EngineServer LifeCycle Engine Save settle position changes: Description: onfiguration attributes Attribute Name Attribute Value ersisted Event Configuration: PSEventAccountBilling BALANCE_MODE PSEventLifeCycle CLASS NAME DISPLAY_NAME PSEventTransfer vent Filters: EVENT_ORDER AllTransfersKnownEventFilter EXCLUDE_STATUS LifeCycleEngineEventFilte IGNORE_ACTION INSTANCE NAME INV_MAX_POSITION Start on Startup: ingine Manager Configuration: LIQUIDATION_TIMEOUT MAX_TIMER_POSITION MCC_DATE_KEYWORD MCC FEED NAME MCC IGNORE CONFIG CHANGES MCC INTRA DELAY



3.4.2 Inventory Check Configuration

Bring up the Inventory Check Configuration window using menu action refdata.inventory.InventoryCheckConfigWindow.



- » Click **New** to create a configuration and enter the fields described below as needed.
- » Click **Save** to save the configuration.

Fields	Description
Config ID	Given by the system upon saving.
Is Security Check	Check to check security positions, or clear to check cash positions.
Treat mir- ror as one	Check to check that both the trade and the mirror trade (if any) satisfy the configuration, or clear to ignore the mirror trade (if any).
Task Com- ment	Enter a comment as needed.
SDFilter	Mandatory. Select a static data filter to restrict the trades to which the check is applied. Example: For Bond Buy trades you want to check that the Cash Position is sufficient, and for Bond Sell trades you want to check that the Security Position is sufficient.
Workflow	Mandatory.



Fields	Description
Transition	Select the Trade workflow transition to which the check applies. If the configuration is satisfied, the action of the selected transition is applied, otherwise the action is not applied and an EX_INVENTORY_ CHECK exception task is generated.
Inventory	Mandatory.
Template	Select an Inventory Position report template to determine which position needs to be checked.
	The system only uses the template to get the class/type/date, the movement type and the aggregation. Please make sure that the Inventory Aggregation in your template if applicable, matches the other criteria in the Inventory Check Configuration.
Operator	Mandatory.
	Select an operator to check the position. The trade quantity (for security positions) / settlement amount (for cash positions) is added to / subtracted from the position (depending on the trade direction) and compared to 0 using the operator.
	Examples:
	 If you select Greater (>), the check is Trade Quantity/Settlement Amount +/- Position > 0
	• If you select Less or Equal (<=), the check is Trade Quantity/Settlement Amount +/- Position <= 0
Account	Mandatory.
check	Select the aggregation level to be checked.
	Make sure that the selection matches the criteria of the Inventory Position report template.
	Book/Agent/Account - Check is done at Book/Agent/Account level.
	Book - Check is done at book level.
	GL Account (from XferRule) - Check is done at Agent/Account level on PO Accounts
	ClientAccount - Check is done at Agent/Account level on trades with trade keyword ClientAccount
	 Payer Pledge Account - Check is done at Agent/Account level. When selected, for margin calls and simple transfers with POPledgeSDI non null or PledgeSDI=true:
	 If the transfer rule direction is Pay, check the PO GL Account.
	 If the transfer rule direction is Receive, check the Cpty Intermediary Account.
Reference Date check	Select SettleDate or TradeDate - The date on the trade to use as a reference date for the inventory check.
	Default is SettleDate.
Period	Select 0D, 1D, 2D, TradeDuration.
check	This defines the Period End Date to check the position.
	Default is TradeDuration.
	The system checks positions from Period Start Date until Period End Date with:



Fields	Description	
	Period Start Date = Reference Date check	
	Period End Date = Trade End Date if Period check=TradeDuration, Period Start Date + 0D/1D/2D Cal or Bus if Period check=xD	
	For Repo/SecLending trades, you need to set Period check = 0D so that securities are not checked af substitution.	
	For an OPEN Repo, Trade End Date = Current date + Notice days.	
Is Bus. Day	Only applies if Period check is 0D, 1D or 2D.	
	Check to indicate that the days are business days, or calendars otherwise.	
Holidays	Only applies if Is Bus. Day is checked.	
	Holiday calendar to determine the business days.	

3.5 Custom Position Type

You can setup the computation of a custom position based on a custom transfer attribute. Custom position types can be defined for Internal positions and Client positions.

3.5.1 Configuration Requirements

Example with "Disbursed" position.

In the domain "cashInventoryCustomPositionType", add Value = Disbursed.

In the domain "InventoryCashBucketFactory", add Value = CustomBucketInventoryCash.

In the domain "cashInventoryCustomPositionType.Disbursed", add the transfer status codes eligible for this position:

Value = ALLOCATED

Value = SETTLED

In the domain cashInventoryCustomBucket, add the buckets. You can define up to 10 buckets (from Bucket0 to Bucket9).

Example:

Value = Bucket0

Value = Bucket1



etc.

In the domain "cashInventoryCustomBucket.Bucket#", define the actual name of the buckets:

Example:

Domain = cashInventoryCustomBucket.Bucket0

Value = Capital Retain

Domain = cashInventoryCustomBucket.Bucket1

Value = Treasury

etc.

In order for the Inventory engine to populate those buckets, the transfer attribute "Custom Bucket" must contain the bucket name.

Example: Custom Bucket = Capital Retain

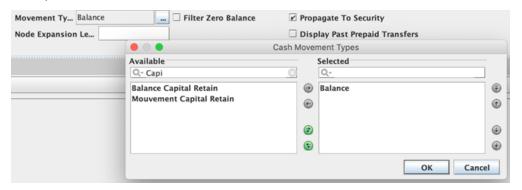
You can add "Custom Bucket" to the "XferAttributes.UPDATE_XFER_ATTR.Editable" domain so that you can set the value of the attribute when applying action UPDATE_XFER_ATTR to a transfer.

This way, the Inventory engine will create a bucket named "Capital Retain" for the Disbursed position type and the transfers with Custom Bucket = Capital Retain.

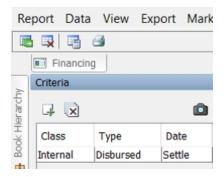
3.5.2 Inventory Report

Select the cash movement types: Balance <bucket name> and Movement <bucket name> as needed.

Example:











4. Viewing Inventory Positions

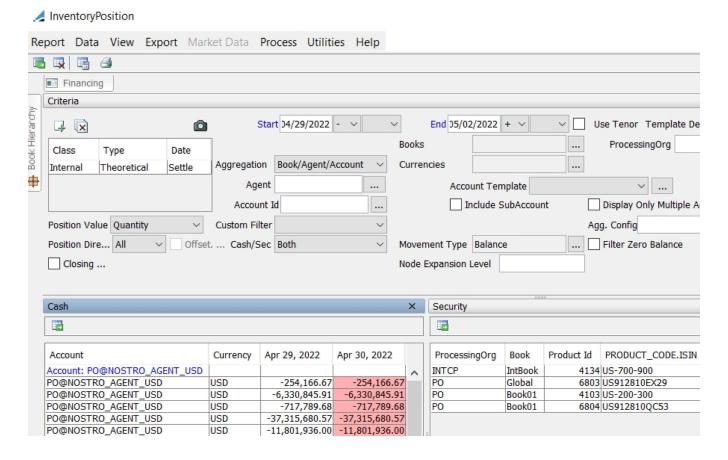
From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Reports > Nostro/Custodian Positions > Inventory Position** (menu action reporting.ReportWindow\$BOPosition) to review the inventory positions.

You can display real-time Inventory positions computed by the Inventory engine (nostro positions), or inventory snapshots generated by the INVENTORY_SNAPSHOT scheduled task.

- Transfer and Inventory engines should be running to compute inventory positions.
- Liquidation engine should be running to perform Positions reconciliation.
- Margin Call engine should be running for collateral positions.
- ▶ Refer to Calypso Cash Management documentation for details on generating inventory positions.
- ▶ Refer to Calypso Collateral Management documentation for information on generating margin call positions.

Menus common to all reports are described under **Help > Menu Items**.

4.1 Report Example





Partial picture of Inventory Position report

The report shows two panels: Cash for cash positions, and Security for security positions.

Use one of the following methods to run the report:

- » You can check / uncheck View > Show Frame > Criteria to display / hide the search criteria.
- » Enter selection criteria at the top of the report window and click to load both cash and security positions. The selection criteria are described below.

When you select the Cash panel, you can view selection criteria specific to cash positions only.

When you select the Security panel, you can view selection criteria specific to security positions only.

You can also click in each panel to only load the corresponding positions.

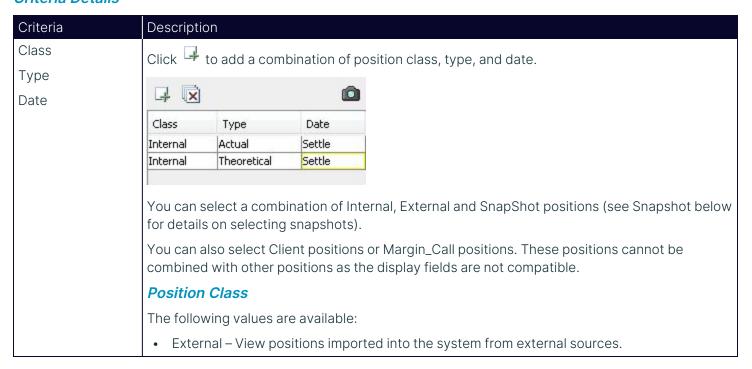
You can configure the columns of the report. See **Help > Menu Items** for details.

- You can also choose Report > Load Template, select a template then click Load.
- » You can select a template and click it to display the number of objects that will be loaded from the database before loading the report.
- you can click to print the report results.

Note that for the Pivot view and the Aggregation view, the print icon is disabled.

You can use [Ctrl+P] or [Ctrl+L] to print the report, or you can export the report to Excel and print it from there.

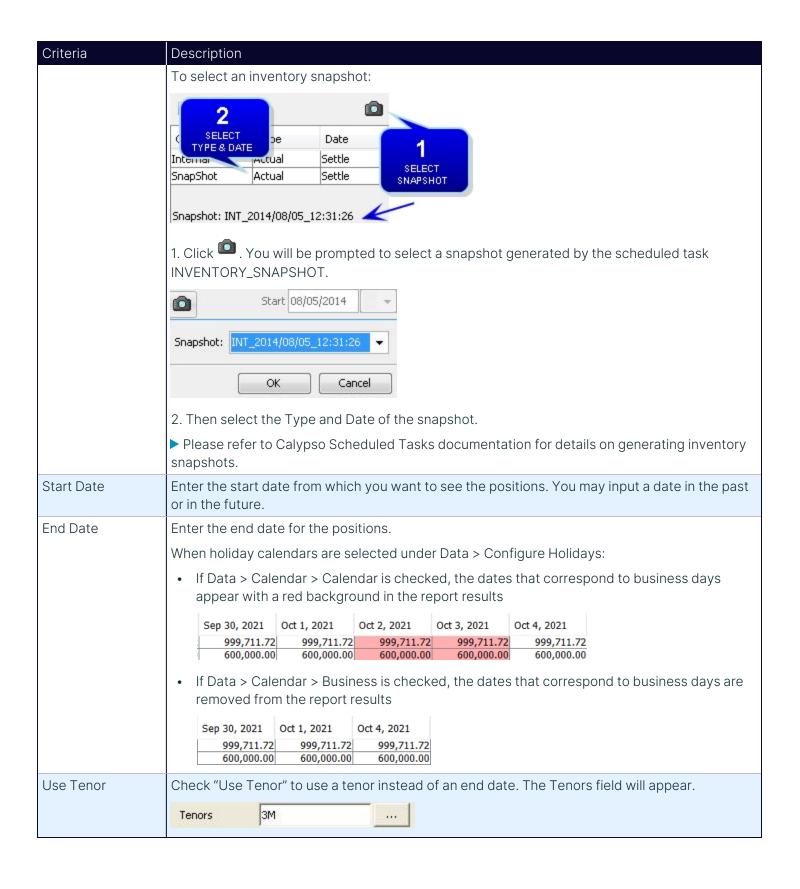
Criteria Details





Criteria	Description
	Internal – View positions calculated by the Inventory Engine.
	Client – View client positions calculated by the Inventory Engine.
	Margin_Call – View margin call positions calculated by the Margin Call Engine.
	SnapShot – View positions from an inventory snapshot, provided you have selected an inventory snapshot.
	Position Type
	Click to select a position type. The following values are available:
	Actual – View the position of settled transfers, based on the real settlement date and real settlement amount.
	Bank Confirmed – Cash position confirmed by bank statements MT940/MT950.
	Expected – View the positions based on the Available Date of the transfers when not settled, else it is based on the Real Settle Date.
	▶ Refer to Calypso Cash Management documentation for details on the Available Date.
	Forecast – View the forecasted position of unknown transfers.
	Theoretical – View the positions of any transfers, based on the expected settlement date and expected settlement amount.
	Not settled – View the positions of unsettled /failed transfers.
	▶ Refer to Calypso Cash Management documentation for details on failed transfers.
	You can set the environment property KEEP_OPPOSITE_XFER_FROM_INVENTORY_DETAIL to true to display both legs of a repo when both the start and end legs are failed. Only one failed transfer is displayed otherwise.
	Default is False.
	Statement – View the position of back-value movements and back-value failed movements (transfer value date is before transfer settlement date).
	Rolled_Interest – Only applies to margin call interests rolled into "Margin_Call" positions.
	▶ Refer to Collateral Management documentation for details.
	Position Date
	Select a position date. The following values are available:
	Trade – To load the position by trade date.
	Settle – To load the position by settlement date.
	Available – To load the position by available date. The available date applies to client positions only. It defaults to the trade date but can be customized.
	Snapshot







Criteria	Description
Click to select tenors for which you want to see the positions.	
	You can now display the tenors as columns names by choosing Data > Tenors > Display columns by tenor name.
	1D 7 3D 1W
	999,711.72 999,711.72 999,711.72 600,000.00 600,000.00 600,000.00
	You can also choose the following menu items:
	Data > Tenors > Roll Tenor to next date – When not selected and Calendar > Business is selected, the Tenors that fall on business days are not shown. Example - If Tenor 3D is a business day, the report will show 1D, 2D, 4D, etc.
When selected and Calendar > Business is selected, the Tenors are rolled and business days. Example - If Tenor 3D is a business day, the report will show 1 (which represents 3 business days), 4D (which represents 4 business days),	
	Data > Tenors > End Of – This only applies to W, M and Y tenors for end of the week, end of the month, end of the year. When not selected, 1W is Start Date + 7 calendar or business days depending on Data > Calendar. Example – Sept 27 + 1W = Oct 4 in Calendar days and Oct 6 in Business days.
	When selected, 1W is the end of the week following the start date depending on Data > Calendar – Example Sept 27 + 1W = Oct 3 in Calendar days and Oct 1 in Business days.
Template Description	Displays the template description if a template has been loaded, and a template description is set on the template. Template descriptions can be set using Configuration > Reporting & Risk > Report Templates from the Calypso Navigator.
Books	Click to select a set of books as needed. You can also enter a comma-separated list of books.
	[NOTE: Book names are case-sensitive]
ProcessingOrg	Click to select a set of processing organizations as needed. You can also enter a commaseparated list of processing organizations.
	[NOTE: Processing organization codes are case-sensitive]
Include Child POs	When checked, the positions of the child POs are included in the report, if any, when a PO is selected.
Aggregation	Select the aggregation level of the positions: Book/Agent/Account, Agent/Account, Agent, Book, Client, ProcessingOrg, Global, or Book/Agent.
Currencies	The Currencies label on the Cash panel switches to Securities when you select the Security panel.
Securities	Click to select a set of currencies for cash positions, or click to select a set of securities for security positions.
Account Template	You can select an Account Selector template as needed. When selected, the underlying



Criteria	Description			
	accounts are loaded.			
	You can click next to the drop down list to define Account Selector templates. It opens the Account Selector Templates window where you can manage the templates.			
Security Template	On the Security panel, you can select a type of security template to be loaded:			
	Bond – To select a Bond Report template.			
	Equity – To select an Equity Report template.			
	SecurityFilter – To create a security filter on-the-fly.			
	► See <u>Securities Filter</u> for details.			
	Warrant – To select a Warrant Report template.			
Sec Code	On the Security panel, you can select a security code and enter a value in the adjacent field to select all securities with that security code value.			
Include Issuances	On the Security panel, you can check the "Include Issuances" checkbox to include issuance trades.			
SD Filter	On the Security panel, you can select a static data filter to filter the securities that can be loaded in the report.			
Agent	The Agent Id label switches to Cpty Id when the position class is set to Client or Margin_Call.			
Cpty Id	Click to select an agent / counterparty as applicable to view the positions for that agent / counterparty only.			
Account Id	The Account Id label switches to Contract Id when the position class is set to Margin_Call.			
Contract Id	Click to select an account / contract as applicable to view the positions for that account / contract only.			
Agg. Config	Select a custom aggregation config as needed.			
	You can then specify the individual criteria.			
	Agg. Config Type: Product Type			
	Display C Type Product Type			
	InternalLegalEntity Filter Zer InternalRole			
	ProductType			
	SettlementCurrency			
	Ok Cancel			
	[NOTE: You can only select a custom aggregation config if you have configured the			
	Inventory engine to compute custom positions – Refer to Calypso Inventory Engine documentation for details]			
	Sample Inventory Position Report with Positions computed by Product Type			



Criteria	Description					
	Account	Agg Type	Agg Attr.ProductType	Jan 15, 2008		
	FTCLRACCT	Product Type	Cash	2 001 170 00		
	FTCLRACCT	Product Type	Swap	2,001,170.00 1,243,753.23		
	FTCLRACCT	Product Type	Repo	-4,243,404.72		
	FTCLRACCT	Product Type	SimpleRepo	-1,277,873.75		
	You can configure aggregation related columns using Data > Configure Columns .					
Position Value	This only applies to security positions.					
	Select a position display value. The following values are available:					
	Quantity – The Security panel displays quantities.					
	Nominal – The Security panel displays current nominal values (based on the pool factor if any).					
	Nominal (Unfa	Nominal (Unfactored) – The Security panel displays original nominal values.				
	You can select the default amount by setting ONE of the following environment properties to true: INV_QUANTITY, INV_NOMINAL, or INV_NOMINAL_UNFACTORED.					
Custom Filter	You can select a c	ustom filter for filt	tering inventory posi	tions.		
	To create a custom filter, create a class named apps.reporting. <filter_name> that implements the interface com.calypso.apps.reporting.BOPositionFilter.Register the filter name in the BOPositionFilter domain.</filter_name>					
	Sample in calypsox.apps.reporting.SecurityFilter.					
Display Only Multiple Agent	Select this checkb	oox to display only	those positions that	are held at more than one Agent.		
Explode Position	This only applies to	o security position	ns.			
	If you have created custom movement types and balance types, you can view the details of the computation by checking the Explode Position checkbox.					
	In this example, we choose to display "Collateralized Movements", the created "parent" movement type, and check the Explode Position checkbox so that the details of the computation are shown.					
	Movement Type ater	alized Movements	Filter Zero Balance	Explode Position		
	Parent Balance	Movement Type		et 2, 2007 Oct 3, 2		
	Collateralized Movements Collateralized Movements			0 0		
	Alternatively, you can display the "parent" movement type, like "Collateralized Movement", and clear "Explode Position". Then you right-click the position and choose Show > Explode Position to display the details of the position. The Explode Position report can use templates named "BOExplode_ <template name="">".</template>					



Criteria	Description				
Aggregate Agg. Config	Check "Aggregate Agg. Config" to aggregate custom positions.				
	For example, you have defined custom positions by product type, and selected the corresponding Aggregation Config.				
	On the Security panel, you want to see the positions by product type, and on the Cash panel, you don't want to see the breakup by product type.				
	You can check "Aggregate Agg. Config" on the Cash panel to aggregate the custom positions.				
Position Direction	Select All, Shorts or Longs.				
	If you select Shorts, you can check "Offset Pos." to only show short positions for which there is a long position available that can offset the short position. In this case, both the short position and potential offset position are shown.				
	Closing Bal. Shorts Offset. Pos Cash/Sec Both Movement Type				
	Cash Security				
	Book Currency Agent Account Position Type Oct 19, 2007 TRADINGA USD AGENT AGENT ACTUAL 27,354.61				
	TRADINGA USD CEDEL CEDELACCOUNT1 ACTUAL -33,781.79				
	In this example, you can transfer the position from agent AGENT to agent CEDEL to cover part of the short position on agent CEDEL.				
Cash / Sec	The following values are available:				
	Both – The report displays both cash and security positions.				
	Cash – The report displays cash positions only.				
	Security – The report displays security positions only.				
Movement Type	Select the movement types you want to display.				
	Cash Positions				
	For Cash, the following values are available:				
	Balance — Running balances - The net of all position components - Total net position, based on all transfers				
	Available Balance — Balances + Overdraft Limit on the account				
	Movements — Balance on the start and end dates, and the movements in between				
	Callable Balance = Usable Balance = Balance				
	Security Positions				
	For securities, movement types are more detailed based on the type of collaterals.				
	Balance – Total net security position, based on all transfers				
	Balance Collateralized In – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos and LONG Margin Call positions				



Criteria	Description
	• Balance Collateralized In NON CA – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos
	Balance Collateralized In NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos and LONG Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as NOT substitutable
	 Balance Collateralized In Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos and LONG Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance Collateralized Out – Position based on transfers representing Repos and SHORT Margin Call positions
	Balance Collateralized Out NON CA – Position based on transfers representing Repos
	 Balance Collateralized Out NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Repos and SHORT Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as NOT substitutable
	 Balance Collateralized Out Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Repos and SHORT Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	 Balance In NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos, Pledges (In), Security Borrows, and LONG Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as NON substitutable
	 Balance In Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos, Pledges (In), Security Borrows, and LONG Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance Margin Call – Position based on transfers representing Security Margin Calls except Triparty Allocations
	Balance Margin Call Non Rehypotheticable – The portion of the Margin Call Balance that is designated as not able to be re-hypothecated
	Balance Margin Call Rehypotheticable – The portion of the Margin Call Balance that is designated as able to be re-hypothecated
	See Margin Call Contracts documentation for details on re-hypotheticable collateral.
	The Margin Call Rehypotheticable balance types will only be computed if the value MarginCallInventorySec is set in the "InventorySecBucketFactory" domain.
	 Balance NON Substitutable – The portion of the Balance that is designated as NON substitutable
	 Balance Out NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Repos, Pledges (Out), Security Loans, and SHORT Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as NON substitutable
	Balance Out Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Repos, Pledges (Out),



Criteria	Description
	Security Loans, and SHORT Margin Call positions, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance PayToHoldIn – Position based on transfers representing Security Borrows Hold (In) and Pay to Hold (In)
	Balance PayToHoldOut – Position based on transfers representing Security Loans Hold (Out) and Pay to Hold (Out)
	Balance Pledge – Position based on transfers representing Pledges
	Balance PledgedIn – Position based on transfers representing Pledges (In)
	Balance PledgedIn NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Pledges (In), where the securities are designated on the trade as NON substitutable
	Balance PledgedIn Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Pledges (In), where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance PledgedOut – Position based on transfers representing Pledges (Out)
	Balance PledgedOut NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Pledges (Out), where the securities are designated on the trade as NON substitutable
	Balance PledgedOut Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing Pledges (Out), where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance Repo Callable In – Position representing open Reverse Repo trades
	Balance Repo Callable Out – Position representing open Repo trades
	Balance Buy Sell Back – Position based on transfers representing BSB Reverse Repos
	Balance Sell Buy Back – Position based on transfers representing BSB Repos
	Balance Repo Triparty – Position based on transfers representing Triparty Repos (Repos and Reverse Repos) and Triparty Allocations
	Balance Repo Triparty In – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Triparty Repos and Triparty Allocations (In)
	Balance Repo Triparty Out – Position based on transfers representing Triparty Repos and Triparty Allocations (Out)
	Balance RepoTrackingIn – Position based on transfers representing Repos in securities designated as subject to Repo Tracking
	Balance RepoTrackingOut – Position based on transfers representing Reverse Repos in securities designated as subject to Repo Tracking
	Balance SecLending Callable In – Position representing open Security Borrows
	Balance SecLending Callable Out – Position representing open Security Loans
	Balance SecurityBorrowed – Position based on transfers representing securities borrowed through Sec Lending Borrow trades, excluding Hold (Out) and Pay to Hold (Out)



Criteria	Description
	Balance SecurityBorrowed Collateral – Position based on transfers representing the collateral leg on Sec Lending Sec Vs Sec Borrow trades
	Balance SecurityBorrowed NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing securities borrowed through Sec Lending Borrow trades, where the securities are designated on the trade as NON substitutable
	Balance SecurityBorrowed Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing securities borrowed through Sec Lending Borrow trades, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance SecurityLent – Position based on transfers representing securities borrowed through Sec Lending Loan trades, excluding Hold (In) and Pay to Hold (In)
	Balance SecurityLent Collateral – Position based on transfers representing the collateral leg on Sec Lending Sec Vs Sec Loan trades
	Balance SecurityLent NON Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing securities borrowed through Sec Lending Loan trades, where the securities are designated on the trade as NON substitutable
	Balance SecurityLent Substitutable – Position based on transfers representing securities borrowed through Sec Lending Loan trades, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance Simple Transfer – Position based on transfers representing Simple Transfers
	Balance Substitutable – Total net position, based on ALL transfers, where the securities are designated on the trade as substitutable
	Balance SecurityBorrowed Auto / Balance SecurityLent Auto – Balances from "autoloan" sec lending trades created from the integration of MT535 messages.
	▶ Refer to Calypso Message Matching for details.
	Balance Trading – Net position resulting from BUY and Sell trades
	Balance Triparty Margin Call – Position based on transfers representing Security Margin Calls from Triparty Allocations
	Balance Unavailable – Net position resulting from Unavailability Transfer trades
	Movements – All security transfers between the start and end dates
	Same movement types as balance types for the actual transfers.
	Callable (Open) Positions
	The scheduled task PROCESS_CALLABLETRADE allow rolling callable trades every day.
	Substitutable Positions
	You also have the ability to identify whether the transfers that created the position are substitutable or not.



Criteria	Description
	Balance Detail for SecurityBondBTAN3.5%/15Y/01/06/2022/3.5% on Date 10/07/2007
	Total Security
	In the example above, of the total of this Security taken in as Collateral (3,150,000) only 3,000,000 can be substituted out by the counterparty.
	It is also possible to add custom movement types.
	See <u>Inventory Position - Process Menu</u> for details.
Filter Zero Balance	Select this checkbox to exclude dates from the report that have a zero balance.
Propagate to Security	When checked, which is the default behavior, the criteria saved in the template are the same for both the Cash and Security panels.
Propagate to Cash	When unchecked, both the criteria from the Security panel and the criteria from the Cash panel are saved in the template.
Closing Bal.	When checked, the following columns will be populated on the start date: Opening Balance – Balance carried the day before the start date Settled – Total movements on the start date Closing Balance – Sum of opening balance and settled on the start date Closing Balance – Sum of opening balance and settled on the start date Cash Security Book Currency Agent Account Opening Balance for An 14, 2005 Settled on An 14, 2005 Closing Balance for An 14, 2005 TRADBIGA USD ROY REVACCOUNTS 1,000,464 34 1,000 1,000 1,000,464 34 1,000 1,000 1,000,464 34 1,000 1,0
Legal Ag. / Contract Id	On the Security panel, you can select legal agreements and margin call contracts associated with the trades (repo, security lending) to display corresponding information.
Filter Matured Securities	On the Security panel, you can check "Filter Matured Securities" to exclude matured securities.
Display Past Prepaid Transfers	Only applies to Statement positions. On the Cash panel, you can check "Display Past Prepaid Transfers" to display transfers that



Criteria	Description			
	were paid	were paid before their settlement date.		
	transfer a	For example, a transfer has a settlement date of 07/10/2014, and is paid on 07/09/2014. The transfer attribute "InitSettleDate" is set to the original settlement date 07/10/2014, so that it can be loaded in the Inventory Position on 07/10/2014 using this checkbox.		
Pricing Env				e_pricing_env = 1 in table report_win_def for
Valuation Date	def_name	e = BOPosition – Conf	tact your database a	administrator to set this up.
	1	This allows converting cash positions into the base currency of the selected pricing environment.		
	The base	currency will appear	next to the total am	ount if the FX quote is known, or an error will
	be displa	be displayed otherwise. The menu item Process > Check FX Quotes allows checking FX quotes		
	only.	only.		
	EUR	119,475.24	119,475.24	
	EUR	0.00	0.00	
		0.00 Missing FX Quote	0,00 Missing FX Quote	
	USD	-1,392,379,714.42	-1,392,379,714.42	
	USD	0.00	0.00	
		-1,392,379,714.42 USD	-1,392,379,714.42 USD	
			•	setup subtotals by Dates with the function nctions" if it is not available for selection).

4.1.1 Drill Down Display Option

When you right-click a position and choose the Show menu, a number of drill down reports are available for selection.

You can view the selected drill-down report below the Inventory Position report, as shown in the example below.





4.1.2 Transfer Report Drill Down

When drilling down to the transfer report from a position, you can select a transfer report template that starts with "BOPosition".

In particular, you can configure a transfer report that shows COLLATERAL transfers, and CollateralTrade columns to view the underlying collaterals of a given position.

To drill-down to the transfer report, right-click a position, and choose **Show > Transfer Report**. The list of BOPosition templates will be available for selection.

By default, you will only see the movements of the day for cash balances and security balances.

To see all movements, you need to add the balances for which you want to see all movements to the domains "BOPosition.DrillDown.Cash.Balance.ShowAllMovements" for cash balances, and "BOPosition.DrillDown.Securiy.Balance.ShowAllMovements" for security balances.

You can show archived transfers in the Transfers drill-down if the menu item **Report > Include Archived Transfers to Drilldown** is checked.

4.1.3 Navigating to Another Inventory Position Report

To open another Inventory Position report based on an existing template, create an Inventory Position report template that starts with "BOPosition".

When you right-click a position, the template will be available for selection under **Show > BOPosition Report**.



4.1.4 Exploding a Position

If you have created custom movement types and balance types, you can view the details of the computation by exploding the position.

Right-click the position and choose **Show > Explode Position** to display the details of the position. The Explode Position report can use templates named "BOExplode_<template name>".

4.1.5 Interest Entries

In the cash panel, you can right-click a position and choose **Show > Interest Entries** to bring up the Interest Entries window.

This will display in the Inventory Position Report what Interest will be capitalized to the client accounts on the next payment date, and allow the Interest amounts to be broken down into the daily constituents.

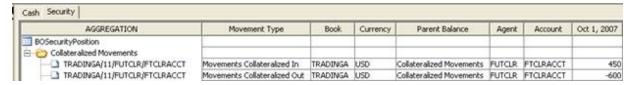
This only applies if the cash account is configured for interest bearing.

4.1.6 Aggregation Display Example

To aggregate based on any column (book attribute for example), select the book attribute as a sort column and column heading, then choose **View > Set Table > Aggregation**.



You can also check "Explode Position" and aggregate by Parent Balance to view the details of movement types that you have created.



4.1.7 Positions Aggregation

You can also aggregate positions based on any criteria using **Data > Configure Aggregation**.

Select the criteria you want to use to aggregate positions and the positions are aggregated accordingly.

Example:

With no aggregation - Multiple rows are shown for each currency per account, book, etc.



Currency	Account	Book	Oct 29, 2021
EUR	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_EUR	Book01	600,000.00
EUR	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_EUR	Global	999,711.72
EUR	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_EUR	CRD_Sample_Trades	-177,777.80
EUR	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_EUR	IRD_Sample_Trades	-5,064,456.12
JPY	AGENT-JPY	CRD_Sample_Trades	-1,776,353
USD	AGENT-USD	IntBook	-11,619,507.89
USD	N/A	IntBook	5,115.00
USD	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD	CRD_Sample_Trades	-254,166.67
USD	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD	Global	-6,330,845.91
USD	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD	Book01	-717,789.68
USD	AGENT-USD	Global	-300,000.00
USD	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD	IRD_Sample_Trades	-37,315,680.57
USD	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD	CMD_Sample_Trades	-11,801,936.00

With currency aggregation, only one row is shown per currency:

Currency	Account	Book	Oct 29, 2021
EUR	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_EUR		-3,642,522.20
JPY	AGENT-JPY	CRD_Sample_Trades	-1,776,353
USD			-68,334,811.72

It does not show any details. Grouping by currency with a subtotal in Aggregation view would give similar results.

AGGREGATION	Account	Book	Oct 29, 2021
BOCashPosition BUR			-3,642,522.20
ı → · i → jpy			-1,776,353
⊞ Con USD			-68,334,811.72

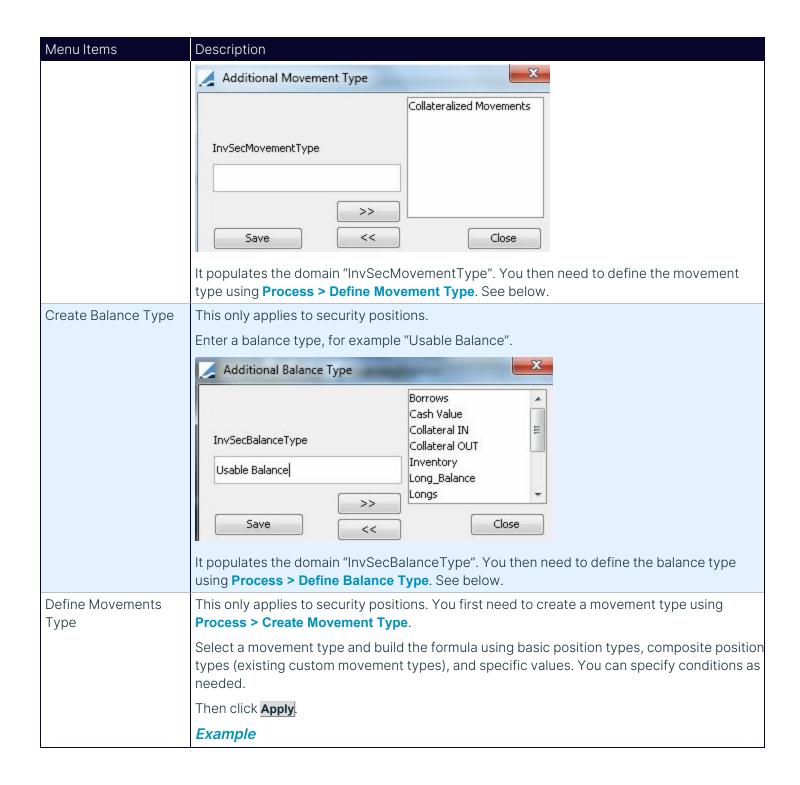
[NOTE: If you have multiple currencies, it is recommended to select the currency in the aggregation criteria as it will not aggregate positions across currencies]

4.2 Inventory Position - Process Menu

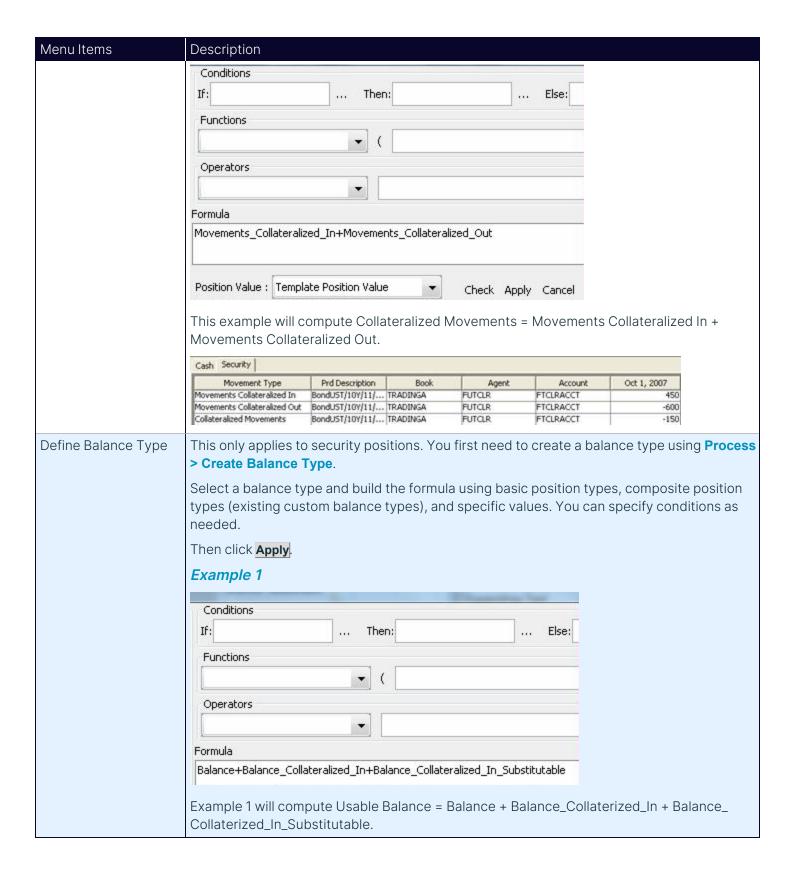
The menu items of the Process menu are described below.

Menu Items	Description
Create Movements	This only applies to security positions.
Туре	Enter a movement type, for example "Collateralized Movements".

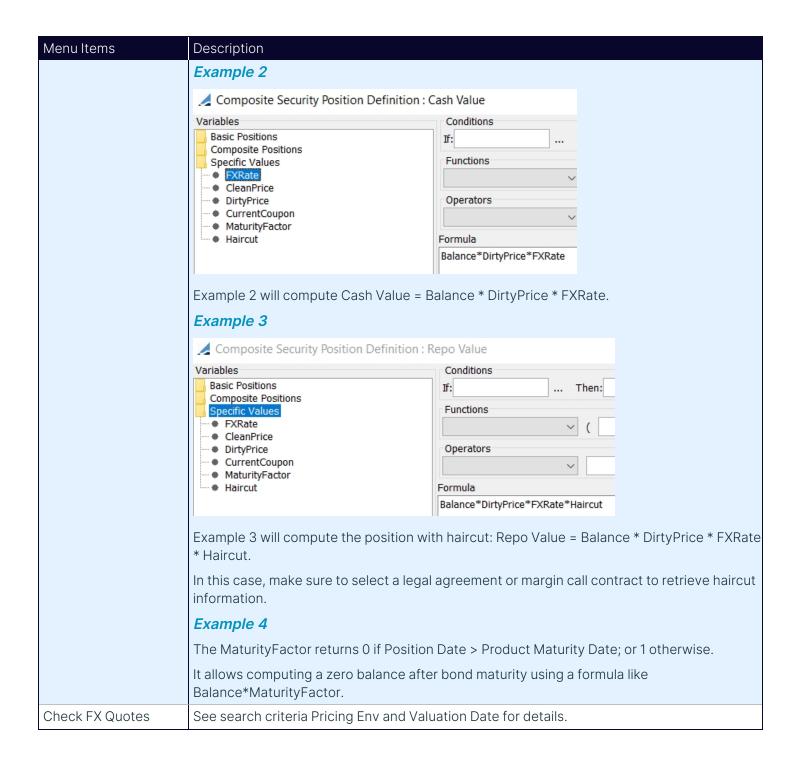








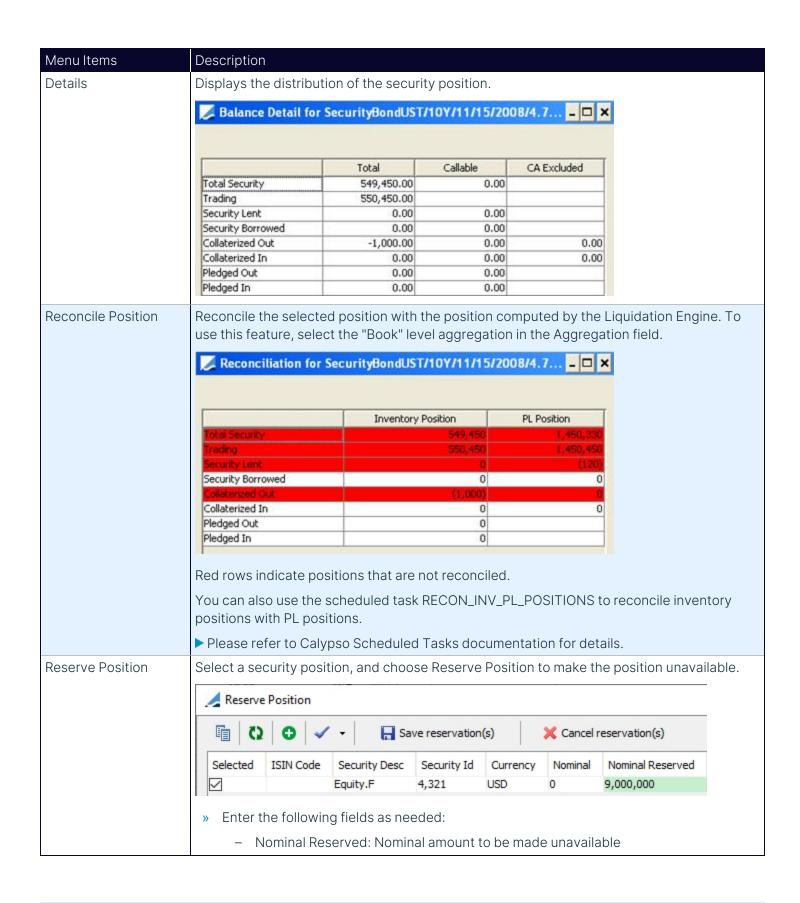




4.3 Popup Process Menu

When you right-click a position, the following menu items are available in the Process menu.

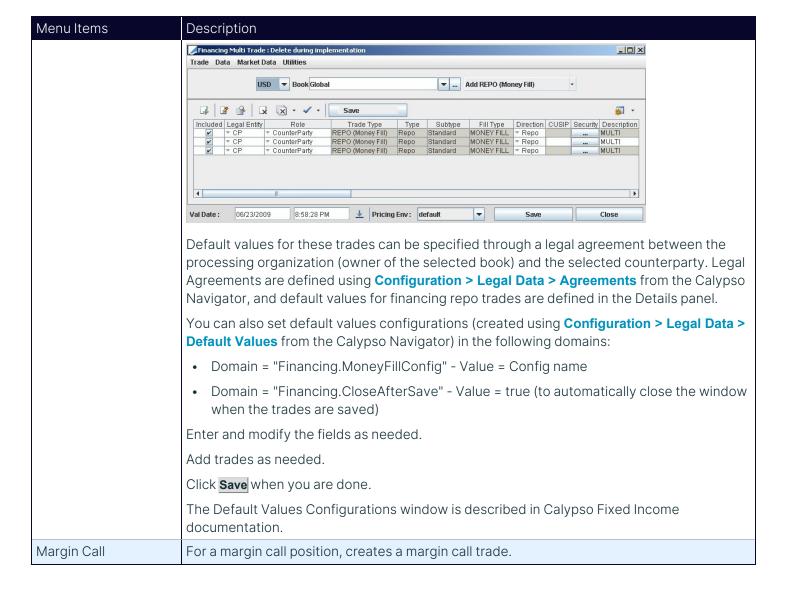






Menu Items	Description
	- Start Date and End Date: Duration of unavailability
	- Usage: Reason of unavailability
	» Then click Save reservations(s). It creates Unavailability Transfers for the reserved position. Such transfers populate the position types "Balance Unavailable" and "Movements Unavailable".
	You can set the default book for the reserved position. The default book is the book with book attribute Custody=True.
	You can click 👽 to load all existing unavailability transfers regardless of the book.
Transfer Agent	Select two security positions on the same security, and choose Transfer Agent to display the Transfer Agent window for entering a transfer between the selected agents.
Position Adjustment	Select a security position, and choose Position Adjustment to display the Security Transfer window for entering a security transfer.
Unavailability Transfer	Select a position (cash or security), and choose Unavailability Transfer to make this position unavailable by creating an unavailability transfer. You can specify an unavailability reason.
	Unavailability transfers populate the position types "Balance Unavailable" and "Movements Unavailable".
	The system checks for a default trade template for the user.
	If no default template exists, then the Unavailability Transfer trade will be Open by default.
	If a default template exists, then the system will check to see if the default template is Open or Term. If the template is Term, then the system will insert the position start date plus 1D (next business date) as the end date of the trade. If the template is Open, then the trade will be Open.
Repo Sweeping	With book aggregation selected in the Security panel, you can select a position and choose Process > Repo Sweeping to open the repo trade capture screen. It automatically completes the following details based on the position you have selected in the report: security, start date, book, and nominal.
Account Sweeping >	To perform account sweeping on all selected positions.
On All Selected Positions	▶ Refer to Account Sweeping Documentation for setup details.
Account Sweeping >	To perform account sweeping on a given position cell.
On Specific Date	▶ Refer to Account Sweeping Documentation for setup details.
Pool Consolidation	To perform account sweeping on an account hierarchy.
	▶ Refer to Account Sweeping Documentation for setup details.
Financing	Select a position and choose Process > Financing to capture financing repo trades.
	For a cash position, you will capture MONEY FILL trades.





4.4 Environment Properties

The following environment properties apply to the Inventory Position report.

Environment Properties	Description
AGG_CONFIG_	True or false. Default is false.
PLACEOFSAFEKEEPING	When true, it allows computing the external position by Book / Agent / Account / PlaceOfSafekeeping.
	When false, it allows computing the external position by Book / Agent / Account.
BO_POSITION_FORCE_	True or false. Default is false.
TRANSACTION_SERIALIZABL	Inventory positions are stored in multiple tables. If you are loading large past



Environment Properties	Description
	positions, there might be changes to those tables while the report is running, therefore causing inconsistent results.
	When true, it allows preventing changes in the inventory tables between different queries by increasing the isolation level to SERIALIZABLE (instead of TRANSACTION_READ_COMMITTED by default).
	In the case of Oracle, the parameter INITRANS (default is 1) should be increased for tables (and indexes) linked to inventory tables to allow multiple SQL queries running at the same time.
	inv_cash_movement
	inv_cash_balance
	inv_sec_movement
	inv_sec_balance
	inv_cust_cash_movement
	inv_cust_cash_balance
	inv_cust_sec_movement
	inv_cust_sec_balance
	inv_cash_query
	inv_sec_query
	inv_agg
	inv_temp_config_id
	inv_product_temp
	product_temp
BO_POSITION_REPORT_	True or false. Default is true.
ACCEPT_IN_DATASERVER	When set to true, it allows accepting the inventory positions inside the Data Server to prevent too many RMI calls. Set to false to disable (accepting done in Calypso Navigator in this case).
	Accepting corresponds to selecting the inventory positions based on the Inventory Position report criteria.
BO_POSITION_REPORT_	True or false. Default is true.
FILTER_IN_DATASERVER	When set to true, it allows filtering the inventory positions inside the Data Server to prevent too many RMI calls. Set to false to disable (filtering done in Calypso Navigator in this case).
	Filtering corresponds to removing applicable zero positions (based on date range).
BO_POSITION_REPORT_ CLEAR_POSITION	True or false. Default is true.



Environment Properties	Description
	Allows reducing memory usage in Inventory Position report – Disabled in case of real-time updates.
BO_POSITION_REPORT_	True or false. Default is true.
CLEAR_DISPLAYABLE	Allows reducing memory usage in Inventory Position report – Disabled in case of real-time updates.
BO_POSITION_REPORT_	True or false. Default is true.
CLEAR_ROW_VECTOR	Allows reducing memory usage in Inventory Position report – Disabled in case of real-time updates.
BO_POSITION_REPORT_ PRELOAD_SECURITIES_IN_	If set to true, preload the securities when a Custom Filter or a SD Filter is used in the Inventory Position Report. Default is false.
DATASERVER	Minimum number of securities to activate the preloading of the product cache
BO_POSITION_REPORT_ PRELOAD_SECURITIES_MIN_ IN_DATASERVER	(default is 10). Only applies when BO_POSITION_REPORT_PRELOAD_SECURITIES_ IN_DATASERVER is true.
BO_POSITION_REPORT_ REALTIME_LOG_SIZE	Size of the real-time logs (default value is 50000). If set to 0, the logs are not limited.
BO_POSITION_LOAD_	True or false. Default is true.
PRODUCT_BY_IDS	Allows loading the products by ID in the Inventory Position report.
KEEP_OPPOSITE_XFER_FROM_	Used in the Inventory Position report.
INVENTORY_DETAIL	True or false. Set to true to display both legs of a repo when both the start and end legs are failed. Only one failed transfer is displayed otherwise.
	Default is false.
MAX_INVENTORYPOSITIONS_	Maximum number of inventory positions to be loaded.
PER_USER	Default is 500000.
	Can also be set per user using User attribute Max.InventoryPosition.
	These limits do not apply to Admin users.
PRODUCT_REPORT_CACHE_ MAX_SIZE	Max size of Secondary Market Products cache – Default is 50000.



5. Reconciling Inventory Positions

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Reconciliation > BO Position Reconciliation** to reconciling inventory positions against each other (menu action reporting.ReportWindow\$BOReconciliation).

Any combination of the following types of positions can be reconciled: Client positions, Internal positions, and External positions.

You can reconcile real-time inventory positions computed by the Inventory engine, or inventory snapshots generated by the INVENTORY_SNAPSHOT scheduled task.

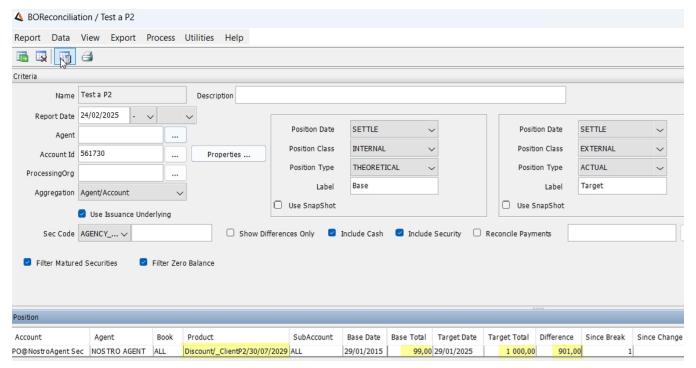
You can also run the RECONCILE_INVENTORY scheduled task to perform reconciliation on a regular basis.

5.1 Importing External Positions

Calypso allows importing MT950 messages for realized balances – They are identified as external positions and can be reconciled with internal positions.

▶ See Integrating Payment Messages and Statements for details.

5.2 Sample BO Position Reconciliation Report



» You can check / uncheck View > Show Frame > Criteria to display / hide the search criteria.



- » Specify search criteria as applicable and click to load the corresponding positions. The selection criteria are described below.
- » You can select a template and click to display the number of objects that will be loaded from the database before loading the report.
- » You can click do print the report results.

Note that for the Pivot view and the Aggregation view, the print icon is disabled.

You can use [Ctrl+P] or [Ctrl+L] to print the report, or you can export the report to Excel and print it from there.

Criteria Details

Oritoria	
	Description
Report Date	Enter a report date. Positions on or before that date will be selected.
Agent	Select an agent (the owner of a settlement account).
Processing Org	Select a processing organization (the holder of a settlement account).
	Select an aggregation level: Book/Agent/Account, Agent/Account, Agent, Book, Global, or Margin Call.
	Check to allow reconciling an internal Issuance position with an external Security position on the same security by converting the Issuance Product id to the Underlying Security id.
Position Date S	Select a position date:
	TRADE — To load a position by trade date.
	SETTLE — To load a position by settlement date.
	 AVAILABLE — Only applies to Client positions. Its purpose is to maintain the amount of cash or security available for trading in real-time, based on the client operations, The available position is computed based on the available date specified in the transfer.
Position Class S	Select a position class:
	EXTERNAL — To load external positions.
	• INTERNAL — To load internal Calypso-generated positions, which reflect the positions of the processing organizations.
	CLIENT — To load client Calypso-generated positions, which reflect the accounts of the clients.
	Client positions are calculated on transfers with a given legal entity, for which the processing org and the agent are the same.
	MARGIN_CALL — To load margin call positions. Refer to the <i>Calypso Collateral Management User Guide</i> for details.
Position Type S	Select a position type:



Criteria	Description						
	ACTUAL — To load actual positions that contain transfers that have settled.						
	THEORETICAL — To load theoretical positions that contain all transfers regardless of their status.						
	FAILED — To load failed positions that contain transfers for which the settlement has failed. Status codes corresponding to failed transfers should be set in the transferFailedStatus domain.						
	You can also define a domain transferSettledStatus that contains all settled status codes, and remove the domain transferFailedStatus. All status codes not in transferSettledStatus will be considered not settled.						
	Note that the behavior described here is the out-of-the-box behavior. You can customize the inventory engine to build positions based on any status or any date, including new types of positions.						
Label	Enter a label for identifying each position. The labels default to Base and Target. They will appear in the reconciliation results for the dates and totals columns.						
Use SnapShot	Check to load the positions from an inventory snapshot, you will be prompted to select a snapshot.						
	Inventory snapshots generated by the INVENTORY_SNAPSHOT scheduled task.						
	▶ Please refer to Calypso Scheduled Tasks documentation for details.						
	Otherwise, real-time positions are loaded.						
Show Differences Only	Check to only display positions where there is a difference.						
Include Cash	Check to display cash positions.						
Include Security	Check to display security positions.						
Reconcile Payments	Check to load actual payments. To reconcile the payments, right-click a row and choose Process > Reconcile Payments – Payments will appear in the Payment panel.						
	Payment						
	Account Book Base Date Base Amount Target Date Target Amount						
	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD Trading5 07/23/2014 -52.50 07/23/2014 -52.50						
Filter Matured Security	Check to select the securities having Maturity Date > Report Run Date. Checkbox enabled only when "Include Security" checkbox is checked.						
Filter Zero Balance	Check to filter zero positions from both sides of the reconciliation.						



5.3 Reconciliation Results

						100000		
Book		Product	Base Date	Base Total	Target	Date Targ	get Total	Difference
Trading5		USD	07/23/2014	-52.5	0 07/23/2	014	-608.0)5 -555.55
Trading2		USD	05/27/2014	0.0	0 05/27/2	014 -:	358,476.3	32 -358,476.32
		m		0.	01	- 2		31
Book	Base Date	Base Amou	nt Target I	Date Targe	t Amount	Difference	Key	Comment
Trading5	07/23/2014	-52	.50 07/23/20	014	-52.50	0.0	0 USD	
	Trading5 Trading2	Trading5 Trading2 Book Base Date	Trading5 USD USD III Book Base Date Base Amou	Trading5	Trading5 USD 07/23/2014 -52.5 Trading2 USD 05/27/2014 0.0 III Book Base Date Base Amount Target Date Target	Trading5 USD 07/23/2014 -52.50 07/23/20 Trading2 USD 05/27/2014 0.00 05/27/20 III Book Base Date Base Amount Target Date Target Amount	Trading5 USD 07/23/2014 -52.50 07/23/2014 Trading2 USD 05/27/2014 0.00 05/27/2014 -3 III Book Base Date Base Amount Target Date Target Amount Difference	Trading5 USD 07/23/2014 -52.50 07/23/2014 -608.0 Trading2 USD 05/27/2014 0.00 05/27/2014 -358,476.3 III Book Base Date Base Amount Target Date Target Amount Difference Key

[NOTE: The columns can be configured. Sort columns, subheadings and subtotals have to be explicitly specified. Choose Help > Menu Itemsfor details]

The default columns are described below.

You can click any column heading to sort the results based on that column.

You can right-click any row to invoke the functions of the report menus. Menus common to all reports are described under **Help > Menu Items**. The Process menu is described below.

5.3.1 Default Columns

The default columns are the following.

Columns	Description
Account	Position's account.
Book	Position's book.
Product	Position's currency.
<base-label> Date</base-label>	Base position's date.
<base-label> Total</base-label>	Base position's amount.
<target-label> Date</target-label>	Target position's date.
<target-label> Total</target-label>	Target position's amount.
Difference	=Target Total - Base Total.
Since Break	Number of days since the position has not been reconciled. The first time it is not reconciled, Since Break = 1.
	Note that this column will only be populated if a reconciliation run for this position has been previously saved using Process > Save Run .
Since Change	Number of days since the position has had movements. The first time it has a movement, Since Change = 1.



Columns	Description
	Note that this column will only be populated if a reconciliation run for this position has been previously saved using Process > Save Run .
Key	The key is the product id for a security position and the currency for a cash position.
Comment	You can select a comment from the drop-down list. The default choices are "Match Found" and "No Match". You can specify additional comments as applicable in the domain "ReconcileInventoryComment".
Assigned	You can enter a user name in this column.

5.3.2 Process Menu

The menu items of the Process menu are described below.

Menu Items	Description					
Show Quantity	These menu items operate as a checkbox - You can check only one at a time.					
Show Nominal	Check "Show Quantity" to display the quantity for position-based trades, or check "Show					
Show Nominal (Unfactored)	Nominal" to display the actual nominal amount, or check "Show Nominal (Unfactored)" to display the unfactored nominal amount.					
Load Run	To load an existing reconciliation. You will be prompted to select a previously saved reconciliation.					
New Run	To clear the selection criteria.					
Save Run	To save the current reconciliation results. You will be prompted to enter a reconciliation name.					
Save As New Run	To save the current reconciliation results as a new reconciliation. You will be prompted to enter a reconciliation name.					
Delete Run	To delete an existing reconciliation. You will be prompted to select a previously saved reconciliation.					
Reconcile Payments	When the "Reconcile Payments" checkbox is checked, you can right-click a position and choose Process > Reconcile Payments . The payments will be displayed in the Payment panel.					
	Payment					
	Account Book Base Date Base Amount Target Date Target Amount					
	PO@NOSTRO_AGENT_USD Trading5 07/23/2014 -52.50 07/23/2014 -52.50					
Position Detail	To bring up the Inventory Position report for a given position. You will be prompted to select a position label.					
Explain Difference	Only applies if one of the positions is a snapshot, and if there is a difference between the base and target positions.					



Menu Items	Description
	The Explain Difference report will be displayed.
	Explain Difference
	Report Data View Export Market-Data Process Utilities Help + Criteria
	Transfer_id EventType Transfer Status Trade Id Transfer Type Transfer Amount. SettleCurrency Value Date Payer.Code Payer.Role 1029 RECEIPT VERIFIED 1103 INTEREST 7,794.44 IUSD 06/05/2007 CALYPSONYC CounterParty
Generate Difference	To generate a Simple Transfer for a given position for which there is a difference.
	This only applies if the target position is of type EXTERNAL.
	The legal entity attributes DEFAULT_BOOK and DEFAULT_CTPY can be set on the PO of the selected position.
	Simple Transfer for Cash Position
	Type = Cash
	PO = PO of the BOOK
	BOOK = LE Attribute DEFAULT_BOOK
	Counterparty = LE Attribute DEFAULT_CTPY
	Direction = Deducted from the sign of the difference (negative=PAY/positive=RECEIPT)
	Principal = Absolute value of the difference
	Trade keyword TradeSource = MT950_ADJUSTMENTS
	Trade and Settlement date = Base Date in BO Reconciliation Report
	Simple Transfer for Security Position
	Type = Security
	Transfer Type = Security
	PO = PO of the BOOK
	BOOK = LE Attribute DEFAULT_BOOK
	Counterparty = LE Attribute DEFAULT_CTPY
	Direction = Deducted from the sign of the difference (negative=PAY/positive=RECEIPT)
	TradeKeyword TradeSource = BORecon_MANUAL_SEC_ADJUST
	Quantity = Absolute value of the difference (follow current logic for Principal)
	Security = Selected security
	Trade and Settlement date = Base Date in BO Reconciliation Report



5.4 Troubleshooting

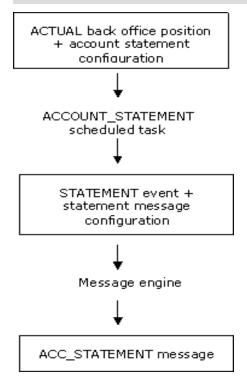
If you have the error, "Cannot find bucket RepoTrackingIn", when performing a BO Reconciliation on Security positions, you need to add RepoTrackingInventorySec to the domain "InventorySecBucketFactory".



6. Generating Account Statements

Account statement events are generated by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT based on **actual cash account positions**, and **account statement configurations**. The Message engine subscribes to account statements events and generates **account statement messages** based on **statement message configurations**.

Account Statement Generation Flow



6.1 Before you Begin

When a cash account is defined, the Statements panel will become available to let you configure Statements for this account.

The Statements panel is used to specify that the account can generate regular statements based on your configuration.

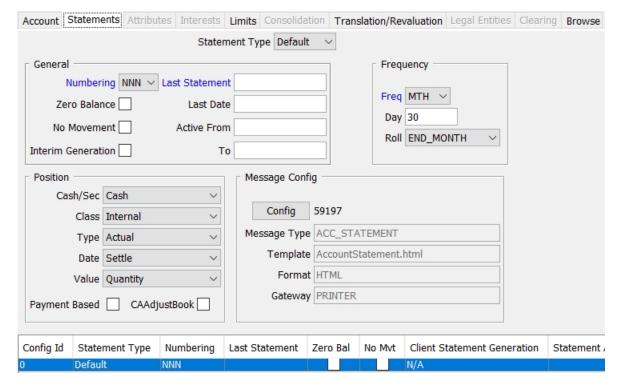
Please note that statements can be created only for accounts that have a processing organization, a currency, and a holder (legal entity and role must be specified).

The setup of the statements can be done individually account by account or globally for a range of accounts.

6.1.1 Individual Setup

► For Global Setup, choose Help for details.





- Enter the fields described below and click Add.
 You can add multiple statement configurations to generate statements for multiple positions as needed.
- » Then click Save.

Fields Details - General

Fields	Description
Statement Type	Select the statement type: Default for an outgoing statement, or Incoming for an incoming statement.
	Incoming statements are described as part of the integration process.
	▶ Refer to Calypso Integrating Payment Message and Statements documentation for details.
	You can add values via the menu Process > Statements > Add Statement Type Domain that can be used for outgoing statements only. They belong to the domain StatementType.
	► For information on Clearing Statements, please refer to Calypso Clearing Member documentation or Calypso ETD Clearing documentation.
Numbering	Enter a rule to generate statement numbers. New values can be added via the menu Process > Statements > Add Statement Numbering Domain. They belong to the domain StatementNumbering.
	The different values available are as follows:



Fields	Description
	yy or RR: last 2 digits of the year – yyyy: Century + Year
	MM: Month
	DD: Day
	DDD: Day Number
	NNN (any length): Number - Re-initializes the statement ID at the beginning of the year.
	CCC (any length): Number - Does not reinitialize the statement ID at the beginning of the year.
	ZZZ (any length): Number resets to zero at the beginning of the year.
	They can be combined (i.e. yyyyMMDD, yyyyDDD, yyyyZZZ).
Zero Balance	If this checkbox is ticked, a statement will be created even if the balance is zero and if no movement occurs in the specified period. In that case, it also means that it is a "Dormant" account. Default value = true.
No Movement	If this checkbox is ticked, a statement will be created even if no movement occurs in the specified period, whatever the balance. Default value = true.
Interim Generation	Check to allow generating multiple intraday statements (camt.052).
	Make sure that you select CHECK_FREQUENCY = false when running the scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT.
Last Statement	Displays the number of the last statement.
	Double-click on the heading to display the ld of the last statement created.
Last Date	Displays the date when the last statement was edited.
	When creating a new statement rule, the date specified will be used to calculate the original balance.
Active From/To	Enter dates if the statement rule is available only in a limited period.

Fields Details - Frequency

Fields	Description
Freq	You can select a frequency to determine when to generate / integrate account statements.
Rule	For the weekly / monthly frequency, you can select the day of the week / month, and select a date roll convention to roll the statement date as needed when it falls on a holiday.
	You can also double-click the Freq label to select a date rule instead.
Frequency Populated	Select the frequency supported by Swift. It only applies to MT535 messages and populates tag 22F::/SFRE/.



Fields Details - Position

Fields	Description
Cash/Sec	Select the position type to which the statement applies: Cash or Security
Class	Select Internal, or Client.
Туре	Select the type of position you want to report in the statement: Actual, Statement, or Theoretical.
Date	Select the position date: Settle, Trade, or Booking.
	If you select the date type "Booking", you can specify the strategy to determine the Booking date using the domain "ProcessingConfig" for the value "BookingDateManager". The setup is described below.
	If you do not specify a strategy, the default strategy is LastStatementDateStrategy.
	LastStatementDateStrategy
	Default strategy.
	Booking Date = System Date if last Booking Statement Date < System Date. Otherwise Booking Date = Last Statement Date + 1 day
	LegacyLastStatementDateStrategy
	Domain = ProcessingConfig
	Value = BookingDateManager
	Comment = com.calypso.tk.bo.bookingdate.LegacyLastStatementDateStrategy
	Booking Date = Value Date if last Booking Statement Date < Value Date. Otherwise Last Statement Date + 1 day
	AccountingStrategy
	Domain = ProcessingConfig
	Value = BookingDateManager
	Comment = com.calypso.tk.bo.bookingdate.AccountingStrategy
	Booking Date = Accounting Business Date as defined in the Legal Entity attribute/Book attribute ACC_BUSINESS_DATE, or If not set the EOD of the Book
Value	For Security accounts, select the position Value: Quantity, Nominal, Nominal (Unfactored), or From Product.
	When "From Product" is selected, the system will check the product's quote type to determine the position value:
	CleanPrice, DirtyPrice: Position Value = FAMT (nominal)
	Price, PriceC, UnitaryPrice and GrossUnitaryPrice: Position Value = UNIT (quantity)
Payment Based	If checked the Statement is based on actual settlements. Otherwise, it is based on expected transfers.

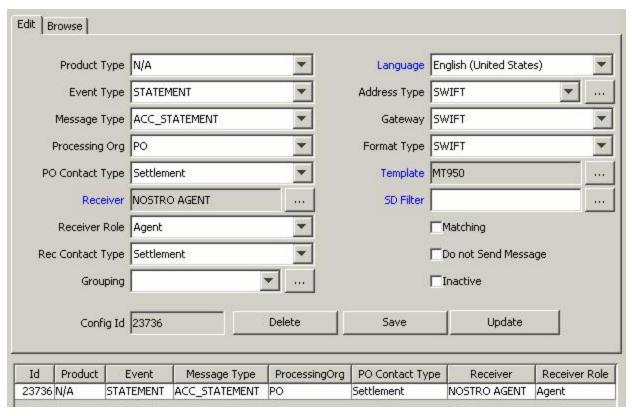


Fields	Description
CAAdjustBook	If checked the Statement only selects CAAdjustBook transfers (transfer type is CA and transfer book has a CAAdjustBook book attribute).
	Otherwise, any transfer that satisfies the other criteria is selected.
	This is used for MT566 reconciliation. Please refer to Calypso Corporate Actions documentation for details.

Field Details - Message Config

Click **Config** to bring up the Message Configuration window. You can select an existing configuration or setup a new one.

The product type should be N/A and the event type should be STATEMENT.



You can choose **Help > Message Configuration Help** for details.

» Select the STATEMENT event type and an account statement message type. Select the Agent role and select an agent or ALL. You can use a standard swift template (MT940, MT950, MT535, MT536), MX template (camt.053, camt.052) or an HTML template (AccountStatement.html).

The following account statement message types are available:

ACC_STATEMENT - Cash Statement Messages for both text and Swift Messages



- ACC_SEC_STATEMENT Security Statement Messages for text Messages
- ACC_SEC_POS_STATEMENT For Swift MT535
- ACC_SEC_TRAN_STATEMENT For Swift MT536
- » Save the message configuration.
- » When you close the Message Configuration window, you will be prompted to update the message configuration information in the statement configuration. Click **Yes**.

Call Account Statement

[NOTE: For a call account, the role should be the role defined in domain "AccountHolderRole", the message type should be ACC_STATEMENT, and the template should be "CallAccountStatement.html" - Refer to Calypso Call Account documentation for information on defining call accounts]

For interest bearing trades, the fee comment is stored in the transfer description. So if you display the transfer description in the HTML message, you will see the fee comment. If you display the transfer type, you will see the fee name.

The message keyword ACCOUNT_LEGAL_ENTITY_FULLNAME shows the account holder full name.

If you want to separate the interest cashflows from the interest rate change, you can use the RateChange iterator.

In order to have a more personal transfer description, the system provides the ability to customize the narratives.

If a DDA Xfer is generated by another product (MM or FX trade for example), instead of having the MM standard Xfer description like "PAYMENT USD CASH INTEREST" you can replace CASH by a trade keyword value or a predefined mapping value:

Define the domain "StatementKeyword" with Value = "Narratives" (to use the trade keyword Narratives as the value to display instead of Product Type).

Or define the domain "StatementMapping" with Value = <Product Type> and Comment = <value to display> (then if Value = "Cash" and Comment = "Money Market", the system will display Money Market instead of Cash).

You can set the environment property USE_AGENT_IN_XFER_DESCRIPTION to false if you want to remove agent/account in xfer description for CustomerTransfer (default is true).

To remove extra Net transfer in case of WHT tax (default is true), you can set in domain "AccountSetup":

- Value = USE TAX IN STATEMENT
- Comment = false

Account Attributes

The domain "statementAccountAttributes" may contain account attributes to be copied to statement messages as message attributes in the form "Account.<account attribute>".



For example, to copy the account attribute StatementTransmission to the statement message, add StatementTransmission to the domain "statementAccountAttributes" and add "Account.StatementTransmission" to the domain "msgAttributes". The value of account attribute StatementTransmission will be copied to message attribute "Account.StatementTransmission".

You can then define static data filters on those message attributes.

6.2 Account Statement Processing

The scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT generates statement events based on account statement configurations and cash account positions computed by the Inventory engine. The statement events are then processed by the Message engine for the actual generation of the statement document.

You can also click **Generate** in the Account window, Statements panel to generate the statement events. You will be prompted to select a date range.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Scheduled Tasks** to open the Scheduled Tasks window, and select the ACCOUNT_STATEMENT scheduled task (menu action scheduling.ScheduledTaskListWindow).

Select a trade filter, a user, a pricing environment, and a processing organization.

In the scheduled task, you can specify the agent for which you want to generate a statement, and the type of message (it must be the same as the message configuration selected in the statement configuration).

■ Task Attributes	
MESSAGETYPE	ACC_STATEMENT
ROLE	Agent
LEGAL ENTITIES	
CURRENCIES	
STATEMENT_TYPE	
FREQUENCY	
CHECK_FREQUENCY	
EXCLUDE_ACCOUNT_STATUS	
Prerequisite Check	
SD_FILTER	
Override Open Balance Date to D	
PRODUCT CACHE MAX SIZE	
THREAD COUNT	
DISABLE SECTIONS	
Save file types	
Save location	

- MESSAGETYPE Select an account statement message type for this type of message to be generated (ACC_ STATEMENT, ACC_SEC_STATEMENT, ACC_SEC_POS_STATEMENT or ACC_SEC_TRAN_STATEMENT).
- ROLE Select the Legal Entity role "Agent", the same as in the Accounts Definition window.
- LEGAL ENTITIES Select legal entities as needed or leave blank for all Agents.
- CURRENCIES Enter a currency or multiple currencies, or leave blank for all currencies.
- STATEMENT_TYPE Applies to ETD Clearing Leave blank.



- FREQUENCY Select Daily, Date Rule or Monthly.
- CHECK_FREQUENCY Select true or false to check the statement frequency according to the following logic:
 - Daily Statements Whether true or false, there is no impact on daily statements. Intraday statements will be regenerated.
 - Periodic Statements (Monthly for example) When True, the system will check that the date matches the date rule in the account definition. If it does, it will produce the expected statements.
 - When False, it will generate an inter-month statement at the date the scheduled task is executed.
 - Note that periodic statements are not regenerated on or before the last statement date See "Regenerating a Statement" below for details.
- EXCLUDE_ACCOUNT_STATUS List of account status codes for which the account statement will not be generated (from the accountStatus domain).
- Prerequisite Check Leave empty or select "SubsidiaryAccount".
- SD_FILTER Select a static data filter as needed to restrict the application scope of the scheduled task.
- Override Open Balance Date to D Select true to set the opening balance date to the valuation date. It is the Last Date from the Account Statements panel otherwise (Valuation Date 1 business day for daily statements).
- PRODUCT CACHE MAX SIZE Enter the size of the product client cache (default size is 10000 if not set).
- THREAD COUNT Enter number of threads to parallelize the process (default is 1).
- DISABLE SECTIONS Select the sections that you do not want to generate in the ETD Clearing statement.
- Save file types Select the file types that you want to generate.
- Save location Select the files location.

Processing of Late Settlements

Late settlements can be included in the next statement, provided the statement is configured as follows.

The statement config attached to the account for which we produce the statement must be in "Booking" date. The booking date will be populated on the transfers for accounts linked to such statements as follows:

Booking Date = Value Date except if Last Statement Date <= Value date, in which case this will be Last Statement Date + 1 day.

In addition, to manage cases where only SETTLED transfers are included in the statement (which is usually the case), the UpdateBookingDate workflow rule can be added on SETTLE and MATCH actions to update the Booking Date as follows:

If the Booking Date of the transfer is <= Last Statement Date the rule updates the Booking Date to Last Statement Date + 1 to include that transfer in the next day statement.

Regenerating a Statement

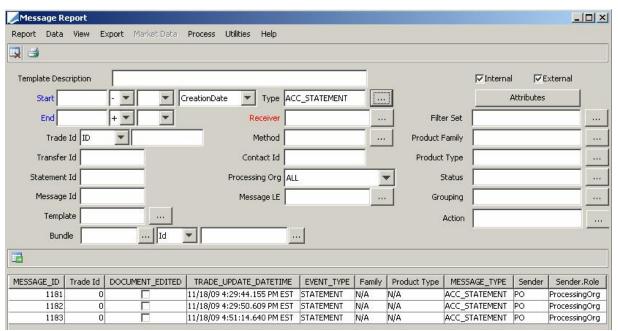


To regenerate a statement, you can regenerate it manually from the Statement panel of the Account window, or regenerate it using the scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT provided you modify the Last Statement date in the Statement panel of the Account window to a date prior to the regeneration date.

6.3 Message Report

The Message Report displays messages that have been generated by the Message engine. In particular, the message engine generates statement messages for the statements created by the ACCOUNT_STATEMENT scheduled task.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Reports > Message Report > Message Report** (menu action reporting.ReportWindow\$Message) to display the Message Report as shown below.



- » Specify search criteria as applicable (for example, Type = ACC_STATEMENT) and click Load to load the corresponding message.
- » Double-click a message to view the actual document.





This message type (MT950) is sent by an account servicing institution to an account owner. It is used to transmit detailed information about entries, whether or not caused by a Swift message, booked to the account.

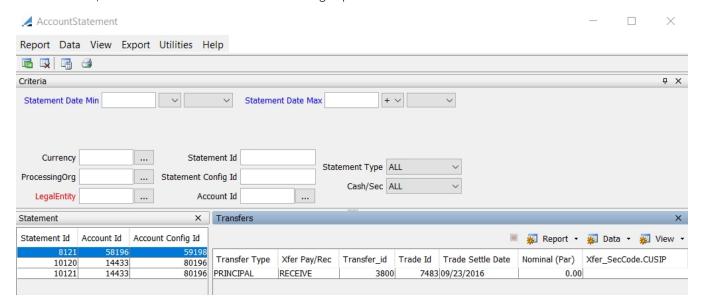
The Swift messages MT940 and MT950 are by default created with 20 lines per message. If you want to manage a different number of lines, add the property MAX_LINE_PER_SWIFT_STATEMENT and specify the value you require.

Account statement messages can be manually edited by the user via the Message report. For more details about editing message, refer to the Calypso Messages Documentation.



7. Viewing Account Statements

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Reports > Accounting Reports > Account Statement** (menu action reporting.ReportWindow\$AccountStatement) to view all statements created by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT, or via the Account Statement Config report.



- » You can check / uncheck View > Show Frame > Criteria to display / hide the search criteria.
- » Enter search criteria as needed and click 👨 to load the corresponding statements.

It also allows filtering the Statements by Closing Date. A double click on the headings **Statement Date Min** or **Statement Date Max** displayed in blue resets the date to the system date.

You can configure the columns of the report. See **Help > Menu Items** for details.

- » You can double-click a statement to display the associated transfers in the Transfers panel. Note that it only displays transfers occurring during the statement period.
- » You can right-click a statement and choose Show > Linked Messages to display the Message report for the associated statement message generated by the message engine. If you double-click the statement message in the Message report, it displays the actual statement message.





- » You can select a template and click to display the number of objects that will be loaded from the database before loading the report.
- you can click to print the report results.

Note that for the Pivot view and the Aggregation view, the print icon is disabled.

You can use [Ctrl+P] or [Ctrl+L] to print the report, or you can export the report to Excel and print it from there.



8. Integrating Payment Messages and Statements

The system allows integrating incoming MT103, pacs.008.001, MT202, pacs.009.001, MT202COV, MT204, MT205, MT205COV, MT210, MT900, MT910, camt.054 (camt054) messages and reconciling the incoming messages with Calypso transfers. The process is described below.

The system also allows integrating incoming MT940, MT942, MT950, MT970, camt.053 (camt053), camt.004 (camt004) and reconciling the incoming statement entries with Calypso transfers. The configuration is described below.

► For pacs.008.001, pacs.009.001 integration, please refer to Calypso MX Payment Messages documentation for details.

8.1 Setup Requirements

8.1.1 Environment Property

You need to set the following environment property:

SPLIT_CASH_STATEMENT = True

It splits every MT940/MT950 message into sub-statements. Each sub-statement representing individual financial transactions.

8.1.2 Processing Org Attributes

Set the following legal entity attributes on the processing organization as needed:

Id	Processing Org	Legal Entity	Role	Attribute Type	Attribute Value
10001	ALL	BANK1	ALL	CASH_MANAGEMENT	false
9523	ALL	BANK1	ALL	DEFAULT_BOOK	BANK1
9524	ALL	BANK1	ALL	DEFAULT_CPTY	CPTY_DUMMY

Fields	Description
	Set to true for advanced checks, or false otherwise.
MANAGEMENT	Advanced Checks
	When set to true, the system will perform specific prerequisite checks before processing an incoming statement MT940/MT950/camt053. These prerequisite checks are the following:
	Check if all start-balances match the previous end-balances.



Fields	Description				
	Check that all intermediate balances for an account are matching (Tag 60M/62M for a n-page statement).				
	Check that opening + movements = closing balance.				
	Check statement completeness and order (number of pages and existence of Tag 62F).				
	Check if all accounts exist in MT940 and vice-versa.				
	Check if date of end balance is not in the future.				
	Check if there is only one end-balance (and so MT940) per day.				
	When set to true, you will need to run two scheduled task to integrate and process incoming MT940/MT950/camt053: first MESSAGE_MATCHING to save the incoming MT940/MT950/camt053 globally as a BO Message into the system, then INC_CASH_STATEMENT to run the checks and process the incoming MT950/camt053. When set to true, only statements marked as Valid are processed into the system. If one at least of the checks failed, the system raises a Process Status exception type StatementIntegration and stops the process. The user will have to check into the ProcessStatus report to know what check has failed and rerun the integration. No Check				
	When set to false, the system will not perform any specific check and will process all statements MT940/MT950/camt053 as they come. In that mode, you will only need to run MESSAGE_MATCHING.				
DEFAULT_ BOOK	Default Book used by the system when creating a missing movement (Simple Transfer) from the "Match with Creation" function available in the Matching Manager.				
DEFAULT_ CPTY	Default Counterparty used by the system when creating a missing movement (Simple Transfer) from the "Match with Creation" function available in the Matching Manager.				

8.1.3 Domain Values

Make sure the following domain values are set.

Domain "incomingType"

- Value = MT103, Comment = INC_MT103
- Value = MT202, Comment = INC_MT202
- Value = MT204, Comment = INC_MT204
- Value = MT205, Comment = INC_MT205
- Value = MT210, Comment = INC_MT210
- Value = MT900, Comment = INC_MT900
- Value = MT910, Comment = INC_MT910



- Value = MT940, Comment = INC_MT940
- Value = MT942, Comment = INC_MT942
- Value = MT950, Comment = INC_MT950
- Value = CAMT053, Comment = INC_CAMT053
- Value = CAMT054, Comment = INC_CAMT054
- Value = CAMT004, Comment = INC_CAMT054

Domain "Swift.UserHeader.Service Identifier.<currency>"

Settlement platforms such as Target need to have a special logic to retrieve the GL Account. The settlement platform is the value of the Swift header's block 3 tag 103.

The domain "Swift.UserHeader.Service Identifier.<currency>" defines the list of supported service codes in Tag 103 of Swift header's block 3.

For example, create the domain "Swift.UserHeader.Service Identifier.EUR" for incoming EUR MT103/MT202 with the values:

- Value = EBA
- Value = STC
- Value = TGT

Domain "IncomingSwiftTrade"

In order for incoming amend or cancel messages to be linked to the original message that they are amending/canceling, the respective message types need to be added to the domain "IncomingSwiftTrade". If a message type is not in IncomingSwiftTrade, when receiving an AMEND message for that message type, the matching framework will not attempt to un-match the original message which the AMEND is replacing.

Value = CAMT053

Domain "MX.Templates"

Value = CAMT053

Domain "ExternalMessageField.MessageMapper"

- Value = CAMT053
- Value = CAMT054



8.1.4 Settlement Account

The account where the processing organization receives and processes

MT103/MT202/MT204/MT205/MT210/MT900/MT910/camt054 (and MT940/MT942/MT950/camt053) messages is configured as a standard SETTLE account for that specific Processing Organization, Currency and Agent.

The account must be attached to the processing org's settlement instructions.

The name of the account can be generic, for example "PO@AGENT-CCY".

Account Attributes

Set the following account attributes.

XferAgentAccount - The system stores the value of Tag 25 used by the Agent when sending intraday MT900/MT910/camt054 and T+1 MT940/MT950/camt053 in this account attribute.

Platform.<service code>

For the service codes defined in domain "Swift.UserHeader.Service Identifier.<currency>", you also need to set the account attributes "Platform.<service code>" to True to map the Tag 103 value of the block 3 of the incoming MT202/103.

For example, in domain "SwiftUserHeader.Service Identifier.EUR" we have the values EBA, STC, and TGT. So you need to create the account attributes: "Platform.EBA", "Platform.STC", and "Platform.TGT".

For camt053 / camt054 integration, it should be "Platform.<jurisdiction>".

Platform.EBA	*
Platform.STC	*
Platform.TGT	▼ True
XferAgentAccount	987654444

When multiple accounts have account attribute "Platform.TGT = true", the system needs to use the account with account attribute "Addressee11carBIC = <Receiver BIC minus ninth character>".

Example: Receiver BIC = NATXFRPPAMAR, Addressee11carBIC must be set to NATXFRPPMAR (it should not include the ninth character).

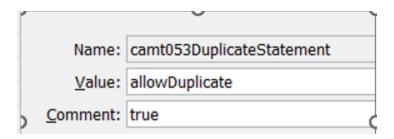
IgnoreDuplicateStatement - Applies to camt053 messages only.

In order to process incoming camt053 messages that contain multiple statements with same statement id, you need to set account attribute IgnoreDuplicateStatement = true.



Alternatively, you can use the domain name "camt053DuplicateStatement" with value allowDuplicate and comment true as shown in snapshot below:

The account attribute, if set, takes precedence over the domain value.

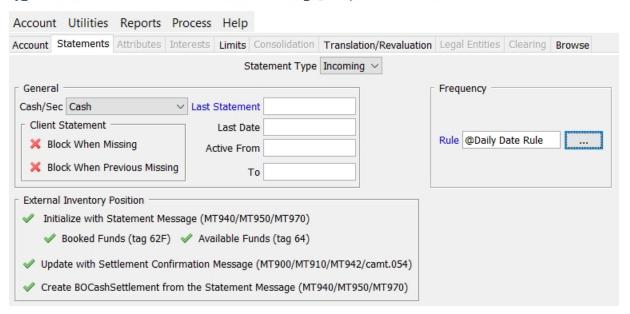


Incoming Statement Configuration

Settlement accounts are taken into account by the reconciliation process only if an incoming statement configuration is attached to the account.

To add an incoming statement configuration, select the Statements panel, and add a statement configuration of type "Incoming".

Accounts Definition - Authorization mode OFF CMF_1@CCP / 27604 - version 0



The frequency is used to determine when we expect an incoming MT940/MT950/camt053 for this account. The system does not process an incoming MT940/MT950/camt053 if the frequency does not expect such a statement for a specific date; inversely, the system raises an exception in the ProcessStatus report if a statement expected by the date rule is not received.



The incoming statement configuration also allows specifying the following options.

Options	Description					
Initialize with Statement	If not checked, there is no creation of an EXTERNAL inventory position.					
Message (MT940/MT950/MT970)	If checked, you have two options:					
(1011940/1011930/1011970)	When "Booked Funds (tag 62F)" is checked, the system uses the balance amount as confirmed in the statement MT940/MT950/camt053 or 970 tag 62F to save "on a daily basis" an EXTERNAL-BANK CONFIRMED-SETTLE DATE inventory position.					
	When "Available Funds (tag 64)" is checked, the system uses the balance amount as confirmed in the statement MT940/MT950/camt053 or 970 tag 62F to save "on a daily basis" an EXTERNAL-BANK CONFIRMED-AVAILABLE DATE inventory position.					
Update with Settlement Confirmation Message	If not checked, incoming MT900/MT910/MT942/camt054 are only used to reconcile Calypso transfers.					
(MT900/MT910/ MT942/camt.054)	If selected, the same incoming MT900/MT910/MT942/camt054 are used to reconcile Calypso transfers and to compute an EXTERNAL/BANK CONFIRMED/SETTLED DATE inventory position in real-time. Combined with the initialization mode from the statement, this allows computing in real-time into the system the balance of the account as confirmed by the bank, taking into account only movements which are confirmed (whether reconciled or not)					
Create	If checked, the system will create a specific trade on a product type = BOCashSettlement.					
BOCashSettlement from the Statement Message	If checked, a BOCashSettlement trade is created per statement:					
(MT940/MT950/MT970)	Transfers associated with that trade are aggregated by <u>value date</u> (1 transfer per value date).					
	Transfers associated with that trade are of type EXTERNAL and only create an EXTERNAL-ACTUAL-SETTLE DATE position.					
	This option must be used when you want to recompute the external balance per value date and not per booking date as confirmed in Tag 62F or 64. This is particularly useful to calculate interest bearing trades using the exact same value date balance as the bank to check the amount.					

Define the Processing Organization and Bank/Agent SWIFT Codes (LE Contact)

To be able to map an incoming message, you need to setup the related SWIFT Codes for the Processing Organization and Agent/Bank. As we reconcile outgoing SWIFT Messages, block 1 identifies the Receiver (Processing Organization) and block 2 the Sender (Bank/Agent). Thus, to be able to process the incoming messages you need to set in the LE Contact Window the SWIFT Address of the Processing Organization (to map block 1 swift address of the message receiver), and the SWIFT Address of the Agent (to map block 2 swift address of the message sender).

The LE Contact must be defined with Contact Type = ALL by default.



You can use another contact type for MT9xx and MT202 integration.

You need to add the contact type you want to use to the domain "MappingIncomingWithContact" (it applies to both the PO and the Agent):

Value = <message type>

Comment = <LE Contact type to be used to lookup the GL account>

Example:

Value = MT950

Comment = Settlement

If there is no contact with this contact type, the first contact found is used.

The logic to determine which account is impacted for a specific incoming message is the same for MT900/MT910 and MT940/MT950. We look for a unique account belonging to the processing organization which has a BIC Code = Block 1 BIC at the Agent = BIC Sender for the Account Number listed in Tag 25 and stored as XferAgentAccount account attribute for that Processing Organization's Agent.

In case environment property LOOK_PARENT_CONTACT = true, if the PO of the incoming message with proper BIC Code is a parent PO, then we look at accounts associated with children PO for which XferAgentAccount = Tag 25 of MT900/MT910 or MT940/MT950 to set the proper PO.

If the PO's agent has legal entity attribute MultipleAccountName = true, the system will look up multiple accounts (defined in "XferAgentAccount.1", "XferAgentAccount.2", ..., XferAgentAccount.9"), not just XferAgentAccount.

If the currency of the message is different from the currency of the account it will check if it matches the corresponding ISO currency.

The logic is slightly different for incoming MT103/MT202/MT204/MT205/MT210 where we only consider the specific value set in Tag 103 of the Header/Block3 and map it with the Platform attribute of the account.

For camt053/camt054 messages, the identifiers are taken from the following tags.

The Incoming Linked Message Identifier is linked to the outgoing Message Identifier.

Refer to Calypso MX Payment Messages documentation for information on setting up those identifiers.

Message Attributes	CAMT.054 Path
Busi- nessMessageIdentifier	From Business Header: field BizMsgldr
LinkedInstructionId	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/Ntry/Dtls/TxDtls/Refs/Instrld
LinkedEndToEndId	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/Ntry/Dtls/TxDtls/Refs/EndToEndId
LinkedUETR	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/NtryDtls/TxDtls/Refs/UETR

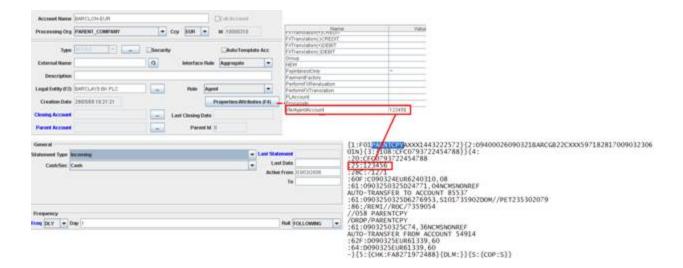


Message Attributes	CAMT.054 Path
LinkedSettlementAmount	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/Amt
LinkedSet- tlementAmountCcy	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/Amt
LinkedSettlementDate	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/NtFctn/Ntry/ValDt/Dt
	OR /Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/NtFctn/Ntry/ValDt/DtTm
Accountld	/Document/Ntfctn/Acct/Id/Othr/Id
	OR /Document/Ntfctn/Acct/Id/IBAN based on SDI attributes SDI Attributes IBAN.Agent, IBAN.Intermediary
DrCrIndicator	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/CdtDbtInd
InstructingAgentBIC	/Docu-ment/BkToCst-mrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/NtryDtls/TxDtls/RltdAgts/InstgAgt/FinInstnId/BICFI
InstructedAgentBIC	Docu- ment/BkToCst- mrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/NtryDtls/TxDtls/RltdAgts/InstdAgt/FinInstnId/BICFI
NtryStatus	Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/Sts/Cd
Money Amount	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/Amt is mapped with tag 32A (in context : MT900 & 910).
	For +/- in the below tag
	/Document/BkToCstmrDbtCdtNtfctn/Ntfctn/Ntry/CdtDbtInd
	- If the Debit then it would be -
	- If Credit then it would be +

Setup Example

An example is presented below for a standard bank account for the processing organization PARENT_COMPANY (Swift is PARNTCPY) with the agent BARCLAYS BANK PLC (BARCGB22) second block displays the Account Statement Config:

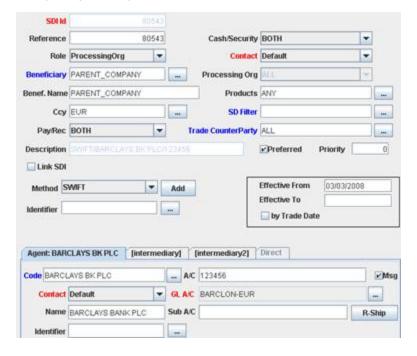




8.1.5 Settlement Instructions

Each processing organization bank account is attached to a SDI for the Role = Processing Organization and a SETTLE Method = SWIFT (for instance).

Below an example for the standard account of the processing organization PARENT_COMPANY with the agent BARCLAYS BK PLC:





8.1.6 Incoming Intraday Message Workflow

Define the incoming workflow for intraday reconciliation as shown below for incoming MT900 using **Configuration > Workflow > Workflow Configuration** from the Calypso Navigator.

All intraday messages (incoming MT103/MT202/MT204/MT205/MT210/MT900/MT910/camt054) follow the same workflow.

Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Different User	Use STP	Subtype	Product Type	Processing Org	Kick Off/ Cut Off	Filter	Prefered
NONE	NEW	UNPROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false
PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false
PROCESSED	UNMATCH	UNPROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false
UNPROCESSED	AUTOMATCH	PROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false
UNPROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false
UNPROCESSED	MANUALMATCH	PROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false
UNPROCESSED	UNMATCH	UNMATCHED	false	false	INC_MT900	ALL	ALL	false		false

8.1.7 Incoming Statement Message Workflow

Define the incoming workflow for T+1 reconciliation as shown below for incoming statements using **Configuration > Workflow > Workflow Configuration** from the Calypso Navigator.

All T+1 incoming statements (incoming MT940/MT942/MT950/MT970/camt053) follow the same workflow.

The MT942 is saved as a statement and immediately split into sub-statements as soon as it is integrated into the system. Only the sub-statements are eligible for matching with the related transfer. All pending incoming MT942 sub-statements will be shown in the matching monitor to be reconciled manually with 1 or n transfers.

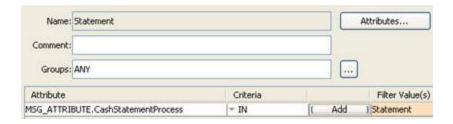
Simple Workflow

The workflow presented below can be used when processing incoming statements without prerequisite checks (scheduled task MESSAGE_MATCHING only + Processing Organization Attribute CASH_MANAGEMENT = false).

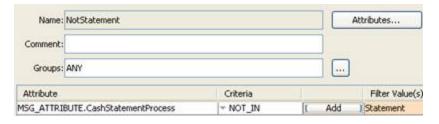
Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Different User	Use STP	Subtype	Product Type	Rules	Processing Org	Kick Off/ Cut Off	Filter
IMPORTED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	-
NONE	NEW	IMPORTED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	Statement
NONE	NEW	UNPROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	NotStatement
NOT_PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	La survey and a survey of
PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
PROCESSED	UNMATCH	UNPROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
UNPROCESSED	AUTOMATCH	PROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
UNPROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	faise	
UNPROCESSED	MANUALMATCH	PROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
UNPROCESSED	UNMATCH	UNMATCHED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro

Static Data Filter Statement

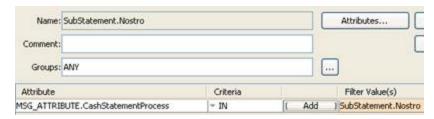




Static Data Filter NotStatement



Static Data Filter SubStatement Nostro



Advanced Check Workflow

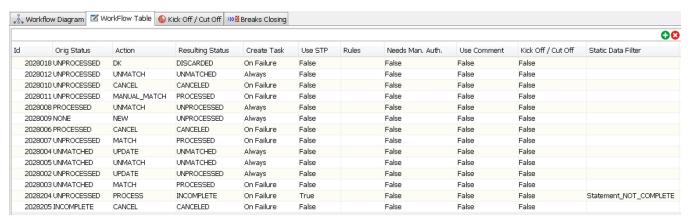
If you are working with prerequisite checks before processing the incoming statements (scheduled tasks MESSAGE_MATCHING and INC_CASH_STATEMENT + Processing Organization Attributes CASH_MANAGEMENT = true), you will need additional transitions to process the statement versus substatements created for each entry.

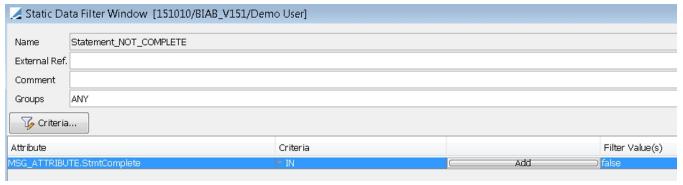
Specific transitions are needed to put the statement message into specific status depending on the result of the prerequisite checks. These actions (PROCESS/UNPROCESS) in the workflow below are applied by the scheduled task INC_CASH_STATEMENT.



Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Different User	Use STP	Subtype	Product Type	Rules	Processing Org	Kick Off/ Cut Off	Filter
IMPORTED	CANCEL.	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	
IMPORTED	PROCESS	STAT_PROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	Statement
IMPORTED	UNPROCESS	STAT_NOTPROCESS	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	Statement
NONE	NEW	IMPORTED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	Statement.
NONE	NEW	UNPROCESSED	faise	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	Not Statement
PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
PROCESSED	UNMATCH	UNPROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
STAT_NOTPROCESS	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	
STAT_NOTPROCESS	PROCESS	IMPORTED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	
STAT_PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	2445 E
UNPROCESSED	AUTOMATCH	PROCESSED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
UNPROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	Samuel Samuel
UNPROCESSED	MANUAL_MATCH	PROCESSED	faise	false	INC_MT950	ALL	1	ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro
UNPROCESSED	UNMATCH	UNMATCHED	false	false	INC_MT950	ALL		ALL	false	SubStatement Nostro

INC_CAMT053 Workflow





8.1.8 Outgoing Message Workflow

For outgoing payment/receipt messages sent by Calypso, you will need to add the following transition / workflow rule to be able to handle the matching on reference:

Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Different User	Use STP	Rules	Processing Org	Kick Off/ Cut Off
PENDING	AUTHORIZE	VERIFIED	false	true	AddTransferBusinessReference	ALL	false



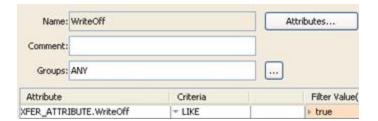
8.1.9 Transfer Workflow

The transfer workflow presented below is only an example to be used as a starting point. Clients must then adjust based on their business process, especially in terms of manual and automatic write-off.

Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Different User	Use STP	Product Type	Rules	Processing Org	Filter
CANCELED	UNMATCH	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
CANCELED	UPDATE	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	AUTOMATCH	SETTLED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	MANUALMATCH	SETTLED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	PARTIAL_SETTLE	SPLIT	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	SETTLE	SETTLED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	SPLIT	SPLIT	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	UPDATE	FAILED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
FAILED	WRITEOFF	WRITEOFF	false	true	ALL		ALL	WriteOff
HELD	AUTHORIZE	VERIFIED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
HELD	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
HELD	UPDATE	HELD	false	false	ALL		ALL	
INVALID	ASSIGN	CANCELED	false	true	ALL	ApplyDefaultSDI	ALL	
INVALID	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
INVALID	UPDATE	INVALID	false	false	ALL		ALL	
MATCHED	UNMATCH	UNMATCHED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
NONE	NEW	INVALID	false	false	ALL	CheckSDI	ALL	
NONE	NEW	PENDING	false	false	ALL	CheckCorrectSDI,PropagateTradeKeyword	ALL	
PENDING	AMEND	PENDING	false	false	ALL		ALL	
PENDING	ASSIGN	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
PENDING	AUTHORIZE	VERIFIED	false	true	ALL	CheckNetting	ALL	
PENDING	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	\Box
PENDING	EXECUTE	SPLIT	false	false	ALL	SecurityNetting	ALL	
PENDING	EXECUTE	VERIFIED	false	false	ALL	SetKnownFlag	ALL	
PENDING	SPLIT	SPLIT	false	false	ALL		ALL	
PENDING	UNSPLIT	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
PENDING	UPDATE	PENDING	false	false	ALL		ALL	
SETTLED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
SETTLED	UNMATCH	VERIFIED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
SETTLED	UPDATE	SETTLED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
SPLIT	UPDATE	SPLIT	false	false	ALL		ALL	
SUBSTITUTED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
SUBSTITUTED	UNSUBSTITUTE	VERIFIED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
UNMATCHED	UNMATCH	UNMATCHED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	AMEND	PENDING	false	false	ALL	CheckKnownFlag	ALL	
VERIFIED	ASSIGN	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	AUTOMATCH	SETTLED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	CANCEL	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	\Box
VERIFIED	FAIL	FALED	false	true	ALL	CheckToBeFailed	ALL	
VERIFIED	HOLD	HELD	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	MANUALMATCH	SETTLED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	PARTIAL_SETTLE	SPLIT	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	SETTLE	SETTLED	false	true	ALL	CheckToBeSettled	ALL	
VERIFIED	SPLIT	SPLIT	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	SUBSTITUTE	SUBSTITUTED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	UNMATCH	VERIFIED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	UNSPLIT	CANCELED	false	false	ALL		ALL	
VERIFIED	UPDATE	VERIFIED	false	false	ALL		ALL	

Static Data Filter WriteOff





This Static Data Filter allows automatically triggering the write off transfers when we are below the automatic tolerance (if set).

8.1.10 Attributes

Transfer attributes:

• CYSettleRef - Tag 21 of the MT103/MT202 sent by Calypso for reference matching with confirmation of debit sent by the correspondent bank.

Tag 20 of incoming message (when using message rule AddTransferBusinessReference), or message attribute REF_PO (if set), or Message ID otherwise.

• MatchedWith - Populated by the matching process: message id matched with the transfer.

Message attributes:

- PORef Reference of the message sent by Calypso and confirmed by the agent.
- MatchedWith Populated by the matching process; transfer id matched with the incoming message.
- AgentRef Tag20 of the incoming MT900/MT910.

The following matchable object attributes are stored to process the cutoff of the intraday matching:

- Expected Cutoff Expected date for the next cutoff. This allows integrating back value movement into the matching, even when previous cutoff/statement for that date has been received.
- Account Lastest CutOff Last statement received and processed for that account.

Matching Transfer Attributes to Swift Message Fields Tag 86 and Tag 61

Tag 86 of a MT940 - Information to Account Owner

Tag 61 of a MT940 or MT950 - Statement Line. Supplementary Details

The following domain have been added: "MatchingKeyFromXferAttr.Information_to_Account_Owner" and "MatchingKeyFromXferAttr.Statement_Line.Supplementary_Details".

They should contain the corresponding transfer attributes to be used. They must belong to the domain "XferAttributes".



The transfer attributes should also be defined as trade keywords and should be added to the domain "PropagateTradeKeyword".

Matching keys have been added for these attributes:

- Information to Account Owner
- Statement Line. Supplementary Details

The tolerance rule "Contains" should be added to the domain "MatchingContext.Field.Tolerance" and can be selected on the new matching keys.

It checks if the Incoming Matching key contains the Outgoing Matching Key or if the Outgoing Matching Key contains the Incoming Matching key.

8.1.11 Global Payments Innovation (GPI) Fields

The fields 111 (Service Type Identifier) and 121 (Unique End-to-End Transaction Reference (UETR)) can be added to header block 3 based on the following configuration.

The message types for which the fields 111 and 121 should be added are defined in the domain "SWIFT.Templates.GPI".

By default, it contains the following messages: MT103, MT202, MT202COV, MT205, MT205COV.

You also need to set the following Processing Org attribute:

SWIFT_GPI - true to populate field 111 (it is false by default).

Field 111 is populated with 001 by default or with the Comment specified for a given message in the domain "SWIFT.Templates.GPI" if any. You can also set Comment = NONE to not populate field 111 for that message.

Field 121 is populated with the UETR for outgoing messages and is set in the message attribute UETR for incoming messages.

If the agent cannot receive the UETR, set the following Agent attribute:

SWIFT ExcludeUETR = true to remove the UETR from field 121.

8.1.12 Message Setup

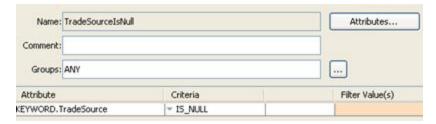
To avoid issues with reference matching when doing a Match With Creation, you need to filter the generation of messages for a Simple Transfer created from the matching manager using the Match with Creation function.

This can be done by adding a static data filter on the message setup to avoid the generation of payment messages for simple transfer, as shown below:





Static Data Filter TradeSourceIsNull

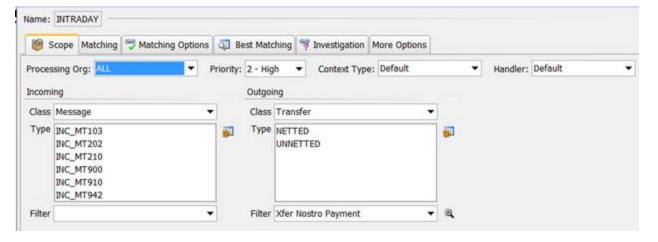


8.1.13 Intraday Matching Context Definition

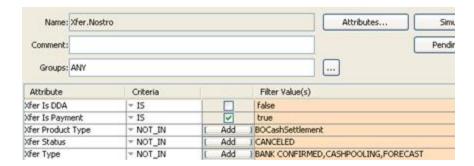
Define the matching context for intraday reconciliation using the Matching Context Definition window (menu action refdata.MatchingContextConfigurationWindow).

Intraday Matching Context - Scope

Define the Scope of the intraday matching context as shown below:

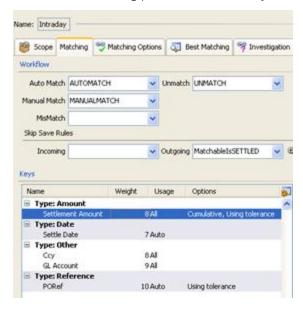






Intraday Matching Context - Matching

Define the Matching panel of the intraday matching context as shown below:



The actions are applied to both the incoming message and the outgoing transfer, hence they must be defined in the Incoming Message workflow and the Transfer workflow.



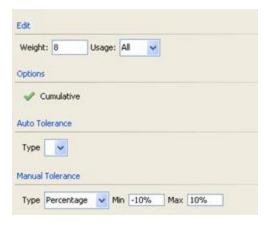
For each matching criteria selected in that panel, the user needs to define using the Usage cell if the criteria is used for All (automatic and manual matching), Automatic matching only, Manual matching only, or None.



For each matching criteria selected in that panel, the user needs to define the weight and any specific tolerance he would like to apply for that criteria.

The examples below are indicative only. You may want to use different rules/tolerances based on your business processes.

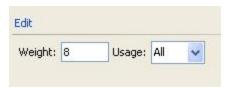
Settlement Amount (criteria must be cumulative to allow n to m matching). Tolerance can be of different Type (Percentage/Unit/UnitPerAmount and Currency. When using currency, the system allows using the LE Tolerance table to set different tolerance per currency, processing organization and correspondent/bank).



Settle Date



Ссу



GLAccount





POReference (PO reference is only used for payments)



Intraday Matching Context - Matching Options

Define the Matching Options panel of the intraday matching context as shown below:







Options	Description
Request Comment	Activate the Request Comment option when you want to make a user comment mandatory when a matching is performed manually from the matching manager.
Allow Match with Creation	Activate the Allow Match With Creation when you want to add the possibility for a user to create a missing movement into the system from an incoming message when choosing that menu in the matching manager.
	The system will create a Simple Xfer with the DEFAULT_BOOK and DEFAULT_CPTY set as attributes on the processing organization.
	Choose the Reversal Mode (when there is a difference of value date to reverse/new the flow from the matching manager).
	Choose the Auto Creation mode (the system will ask you to specify the default flow type) when you want to automatically create a missing movement from incoming messages.
Allow Partial Match	Activate the Allow Partial Match function (with Config Name = CashSettlement) when you want to allow a manual partial match. For example, Incoming Msg confirms USD 900,000.00 while you have a transfer for USD 1,000,000.00. You can manually partial match these two entries: It will settle USD 900,000.00 confirmed by the Agent and will Fail the remaining USD 100,000.00 that will remain as "item to reconcile" in the matching manager.
	Partial Match requires specific Transfer Workflow actions (PARTIAL_SETTLE) to work correctly. See workflow section for details.
	Activate the mode write off to create a specific flow for small differences going to a specific status to trigger specific postings/accounts. There again, refer to the Transfer Workflow section for additional actions required for that mode. The WriteOff Mode allows you to automatically write offs some small differences.
	The flow type is taken from domain "flowTypeWriteOff".
Allow Same Side Matching	Activate the Same Side Match function when you want to allow the user to match <i>n</i> entries within the same category. We usually only activate that options for incoming messages. The system allows Same Side Match within several incoming messages if the global amount is zero.
Allow Investigation	Activate the Allow Investigation when you want to add the possibility for a user "from the matching manager" to mark an item to reconcile as "under investigation" and add a specific comment. Next user will be able to see the comment history and to act as this mode leave the item into the list of "pending reconciliation".
	The additional mode "Allow With Creation" allows to impact your balance for that amount without

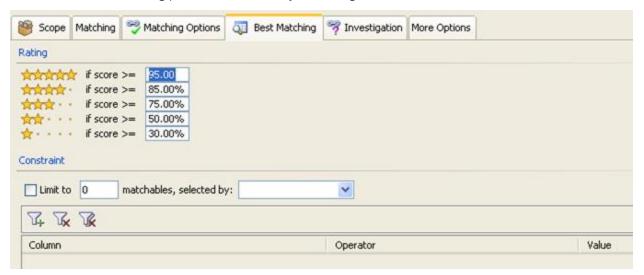


Options	Description
	having to wait for the real correction of the trade from your front desk (creation of a specific Simple Transfer into the system).
Propagation	Activate the Propagation mode if you want to propagate (when your tolerance allows it) the real settlement amount and/or real settle date on the transfer when matching an incoming message with a transfer having a different date and/or value. Specific inventory position types will reflect these changes.

The manual actions proposed by the system in the matching manager are based on tolerance and matching options defined in the matching context when selecting incoming and outgoing objects.

Intraday Matching Context - Best Matching

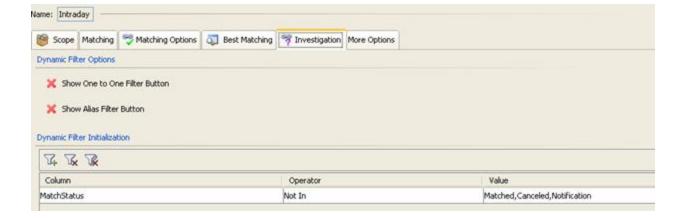
Define the Best Matching panel of the intraday matching context as shown below:



Intraday Matching Context - Investigation

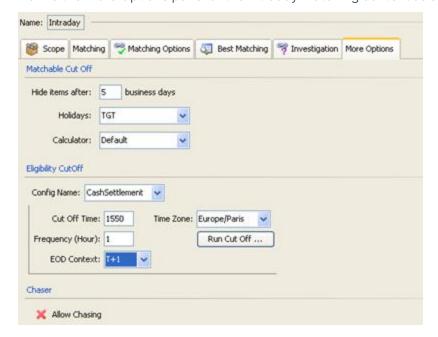
Define the Investigation panel of the intraday matching context as shown below:





Intraday Matching Context - More Options

Define the More Options panel of the intraday matching context as shown below:



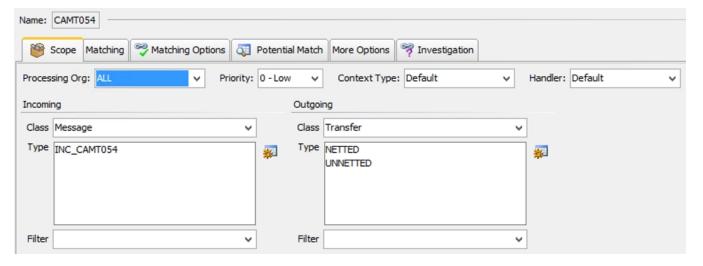
Eligibility CutOff must be set on the intraday matching context to clean automatically un-reconciled items intraday once the statement for that specific account/date has been received and processed by the system.

Options	Description
Config Name	Select CashSettlement.
CutOff Time	Select the starting cutoff time - Format is 1500 (for 3pm); 1530 (for 3.30pm),
Frequency (Hour)	Select frequency when the system must automatically rerun the cutoff from the initial cutoff time (min is 1h).

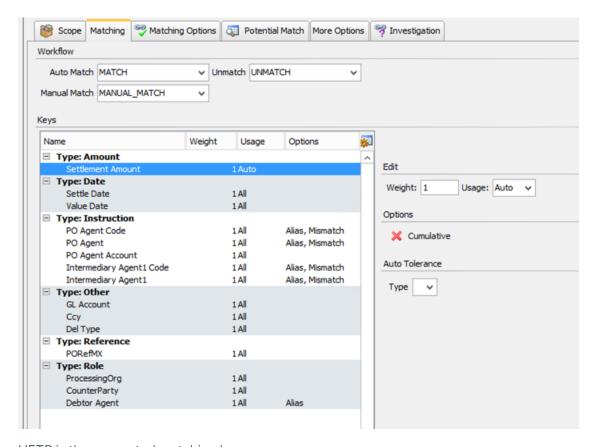


Options	Description
TimeZone	Select the reference Time Zone.
EOD Context	Select the End of Day context linked to intraday (must be the one for MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053).
Run CutOff	Possibility to run manual cutoff from that screen.

8.1.14 camt054 Mathing Context







UETR is the supported matching key.

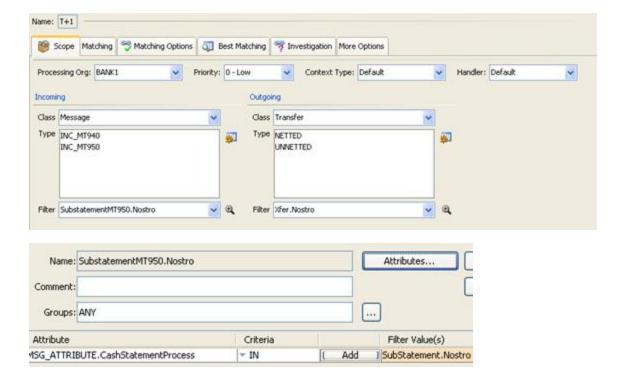
8.1.15 Statement Matching Context

To reconcile statements at T+1.

Statement Matching Context - Scope

Define the Scope of the T+1 matching context as shown below (we currently support MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053):



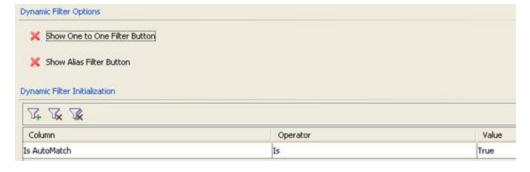


Statement Matching Context - Matching - Matching Options - Best Matching

Define these panels of the T+1 matching context with the same criteria/options as the intraday matching context.

Statement Matching Context - Investigation

Define the Investigation panel of the T+1 matching context as shown below:



Statement Matching Context - More Options

Define the More Options panel of the T+1 matching context as shown below:





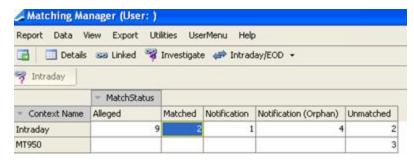
8.1.16 Matching Manager Setup

You can monitor the progress of the integration process using the Matching Monitor (menu action reporting.MatchingUILauncher Matchable) - [NOTE: There is space before Matchable].

Define the matching manager templates for Intraday and statement matching contexts.

The system provides several views from the general Summary view of intraday and statement matching items.

Click to load matchable objects.



You can adjust the search criteria as needed.

To configure the system, you need to initialize the categories with incoming and outgoing items and then select the view to drill-down to the default template. Then, you can define for each report the default template.

The **Investigate** panel provides a summary view of un-reconciled incoming sub-statements in the top-part and un-reconciled calypso transfers in the bottom-part. This is the default view used to reconcile incoming messages and outgoing transfers.

Additional views are available for additional investigation or action:

 The Linked panel provides a summary view of matched/reconciled items with the possibility to unmatch wrongly reconciled items.



The Details panel provides a simple view of a specific matching category. When selecting unmatched items
(=transfers not reconciled), the system allows to use the Best Match option and provides a list of possible
messages for a specific payment with rating and matching score.

Matching Categories

Different matching status codes are used by the system to categorize incoming messages and outgoing transfers based on their reconciliation status.

- Incoming Message Matchable Status
 - Alleged = Identifies all incoming messages waiting for reconciliation.
 - Notification (Orphan) = Identifies all incoming MT103/MT202/MT204/MT205/MT210 for which the system
 was not able to identify the account (For example, copy of a MT202 received from the counterparty). These
 messages are integrated for information purposes and can be attached to any specific transfer for
 audit/investigation.
 - Notification = Identifies all notifications when attached to a transfer (they are considered as processed).
- · Outgoing Transfer Matchable Status

Unmatched = Identifies all calypso transfer waiting for reconciliation.

- Incoming and Outgoing Matchable Status
 - Matched = Identifies all reconciled items.
 - Canceled = Identifies all items not eligible to matching anymore

All MT210 are considered notifications. The Nostro lookup is done as follows:

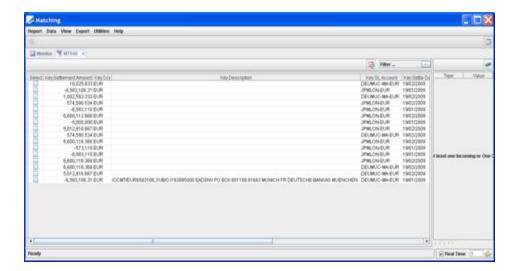
- Agent = Tag 56, or Tag 52a if Tag 56 is empty.
- Processing Org = Receiver of the Swift
- Currency = Tag 32

Investigate View Setup

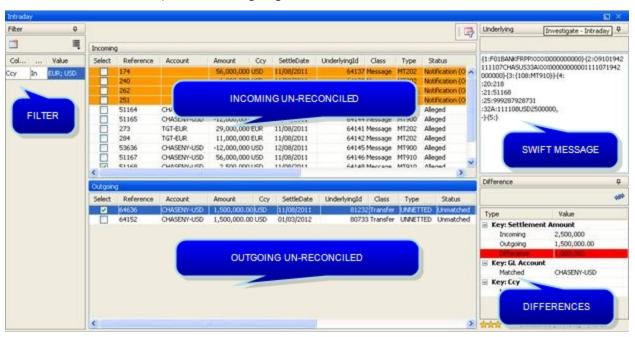
You can click **Investigate** to get the default view of all "packed" un-reconciled items. You can then, split and filter your table using the Split and Filter functions available in that panel.

Without panel split and filter all unmatched items are mixed as shown below:





To configure the default layout of that screen, press the split panel icon . This will display the "incoming" unreconciled items at the top and the "outgoing" unreconciled items at the bottom (as shown below).



Then define the filter as needed.





You can click the icon to show the filter on the Investigate panel. Please note that the Matching Manager is using a docking framework, and as such, can be configured as desired by the end-user. Thus, the view displayed here can be entirely customized by the user.

It is recommended to save your configuration as a template using **Report > Save As Template**, and make this template the default template using **Report > Set Default Template**.

Contextual Action Buttons

Based on the configuration of the Matching Context options and the elements selected as incoming and outgoing, the system will propose the possible actions (Match, Same Side Match, Partial Match, Match with Creation, Attach).

Possible actions are the following (they are proposed by the system based on configuration and items selected in the Investigate panel):

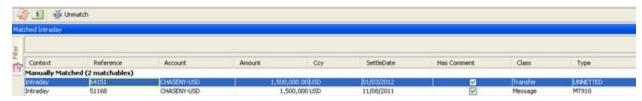
- Match
- Match With Creation
- · Partial Match
- Investigate
- Attach
- Force Match

The system allows matching m incoming message with n outgoing messages manually from the Matching Manager using tolerances.

Linked Panels

The Linked panel or Details panel of your Matching Manager allow seeing the matched items and undo the matching. The Details panel also allows doing a Best Match from unmatched transfers to propose the possible incoming message with a rating.

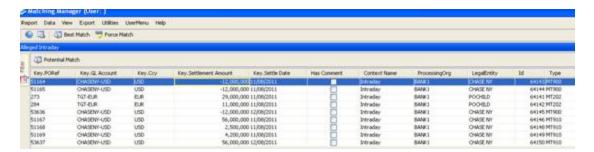
The system shows the category (Automatically Matched, Manually Matched, Manually Matched With Creation, Partially Matched) and the Matching couple (transfer/message).



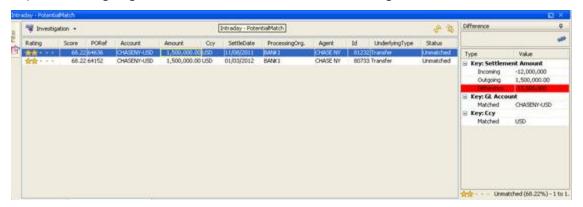
You can use the **Unmatch** button to undo a matching from that screen.

Example for the Alleged category.





From the Alleged details, the user can select a message and click **Potential Match**. The system will then present the list of possible outgoing transfers with their score for that message.



You can also bring up the details of the Unmatched category. When you click **Potential Match**, the system will present the list of possible incoming messages with their score for that transfer.

8.2 Integration and Reconciliation of Incoming Messages

In order to start the integration and reconciliation process, the following engines must be running:

- Transfer Engine
- Message Engine
- · Inventory Engine
- Matching Engine
- MatchableBuilder Engine

To import incoming payment messages, run the scheduled task MESSAGE_MATCHING.

Once imported, the incoming messages are saved to the Calypso database as a standard bo_message, then go through the matching process.



Automatic matching will be performed if applicable. For the unmatched messages, you will need to go to the Matching Manager to manually match messages and transfers (menu action reporting.MatchingUILauncher Matchable) - [NOTE: There is space before Matchable].

The system supports two modes for the integration of statements:

- No Check Mode No check on statement format and completeness (PO attribute CASH_MANAGEMENT = false). In that mode, you only need to run the MESSAGE_MATCHING scheduled task to integrate and process incoming statements. Once saved as incoming statements, the system splits the global message (identified with Msg Attribute = Statement) into sub-statements (identified with Msg Attribute = "Substatement.Nostro") and each sub-statement is then processed by the matchable builder and matching engines for reconciliation.
- Prerequisite Check Mode Check on statement format and completeness (PO attribute CASH_MANAGEMENT = true). In that mode, you need to run the MESSAGE_MATCHING scheduled task to integrate the statement and INC_CASH_STATEMENT to process the incoming statements. Once saved as incoming statement by MESSAGE_MATCHING, the INC_CASH_STATEMENT splits the global message (identified with Msg Attribute = Statement) into sub-statements (identified with Msg Attribute = "Substatement.Nostro") and each sub-statement is then processed by the matchable builder and matching engines for reconciliation. The split process, with that mode, only occurs if all prerequisite checks on statement format and completeness are validated. In that case, the system throws a valid Statement Integration process status. If one check fails, split of statement is not performed and an invalid Statement Integration process status is generated. The statement is blocked in a certain status and manual action must be taken to proceed. This mode requires additional message workflow actions as specified in workflow configuration section.

The Process Status report displays exceptions/errors blocking all or part of the statement integration and intraday cleaning process.

► See Process Status Report for details.

8.2.1 Scheduled Task MESSAGE_MATCHING

The import of the incoming message files is done through the MESSAGE_MATCHING scheduled task.

This scheduled task is used to import all incoming messages (intraday matching MT103/MT202/MT204/MT205/MT210/MT900/MT910 and statements MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053) in batch mode.

Scheduled Task Attributes

Attribute	Value
Swift Message Delimiter	
Swift File	20090325_BARC_EUR_0052.bd
InputDir	c:\temp
File Rename	▼ False
Gateway	
ExternalMessageType	



- **Swift Message Delimiter** Enter the delimiter between messages in the text file as specified in the environment property CALYPSO_SWIFT_LINE_SEPARATOR (should be blank if the property is not used).
- Swift File Specify the Swift File Name (eg.20090325_BARC_0052.txt) to integrate one specific file. To integrate all incoming MTxxx, the user has to set the value *.txt on that field. The system will then try to save as "bo_message" all .txt files that are located under the InputDir.
- InputDir Specify the Swift File Path and Directory where txt files are saved.
- File Rename Select true/false. When set to true add a timestamp to the Swift File once processed.
- Gateway/ExternalMessageType If the default implementation for processing MT940 is not satisfying, the CashStatementHandlerFactory tries to retrieve a Handler respecting the order Gateway "ExternalMessageType" as specified in these attributes.

The MESSAGE_MATCHING scheduled task does not perform any validation; it only saves the incoming message as Calypso Messages.

8.2.2 Scheduled Task INC_CASH_STATEMENT

This scheduled task is only needed for the "prerequisite checks" mode. It is only when the PO Attribute CASH_MANAGEMENT is set to true that this mode is activated. This scheduled task is only processing statements (Intraday incoming messages only need MESSAGE_MATCHING to be processed).

In that mode, once the scheduled task MESSAGE_MATCHING is reported as successful, it is necessary to run the INC_CASH_STATEMENT scheduled task to process the incoming statements.

Thus, with the prerequisite check mode activated, the statement (MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053) integration process is a two-step process:

- We first save the complete incoming statements using the MESSAGE_MATCHING.
- We then check the consistency and completeness of these statements, split the MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053 into sub-statements by entry using the INC_CASH_STATEMENT.

Then, the matching process is performed by the matchable builder and matching engines.

For corporate cash management, the INC_CASH_STATEMENT execution is a two-step process. You only need step 1 otherwise.

Step 1 - Process Incoming Statements

- Load all statement messages (initially saved by the MESSAGE_MATCHING) applying the "Statement statuses restriction" attribute for the scheduled task's Valuation Date (= Tag 62F statement date, or tag <Document><BkToCstmrStmt>/<Stmt>/<Bal>/<Tp>/<dt> for camt053).
- Group the statement messages by GL (SETTLE) Account.



The correspondence between the MT940/MT950/MT970 Tag 25 for a specific Processing Organization (Receiver BIC) + Agent (Sender BIC) and the Calypso GL Account is done using the GL Account Attribute "XferAgentAccount" where we store the value of Tag 25.

For camt053 messages, the GL account is stored in tag <Document><BkToCstmrStmt>/<Stmt>/<Acct>/<Id>.

- Check the Group consistency (Sequence Numbering/Intermediary Balances/Statement Opening Balance = Previous Statement Closing Balance, etc.).
- Create Account Statement summarizing the group information.
- Create Sub-Statement Messages (with specific types).
- Create BOCashSettlement Trade for each valid statement.
- Apply the "Valid/Invalid Statements Action" on Account Statement summarizing the group information:
 - INC_MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053 Message Workflow Valid Action is applied on complete and consistent grouped statements
 - INC_MT940/MT950/MT970/camt053 Message Workflow Invalid Action is applied on incomplete and/or inconsistent grouped statements

Step 2 - Exclude FORECAST Transfer Types

Corporate Cash Management only.

FORECAST transfer types must be excluded from the Cash Position for the Processing Organization Bank Accounts successfully processed in Step 1.

- Load all simple transfer trades with transfer type = FORECAST and related transfers type FORECAST having a Settle Date <= Scheduled Task Valuation Date for the GL Accounts in the group applying the "Forecast statuses restriction" attribute.
- Apply the "Forecast Action" set as attribute on the selected Simple Transfer trades type FORECAST and related transfers.
 - The "Forecast Action" is an action that must be added to your trade and transfer workflows (on transition VERIFIED SUBSTITUTE- SUBSTITUTED for example).
- This resulting status (SUBSTITUTED in our example) must be set in the transferCanceledStatus and ignoreTradeStatus to make the system treat them as a CANCEL and exclude transfers with that specific status from the inventory position. This also allows building specific trade and transfer reports including or excluding these forecasts.

Scheduled Task Attributes

These steps are driven by the attributes set on the INC_CASH_STATEMENT scheduled task.



Attribute	Value	
GL Account Id		
Statements statuses restriction	PENDING	
Valid Statements Action	→ AUTHORIZE	
Invalid Statements Action	→ BLOCK	
Check Statements Exhaustivity		
Forecast statuses restriction		
Forecast Action	▼ SUBSTITUTE	
Exception Report Format	▼ Excel	
Email Exception Report to	10.000000000000000000000000000000000000	

- GL Account Id Specify the Processing Organization SETTLE account for which you want to run the process. If
 left blank, the process is run for all the processing organization SETTLE accounts initially saved by the MESSAGE_
 MATCHING scheduled task.
- Statement statuses restriction Specify the statement message status to take into account for the scheduled task's Valuation Date (= Tag62F statement date).
- Valid Statements Action Specify the statement workflow action to apply on complete and consistent grouped statements.
- **Invalid Statements Action** Specify the statement workflow action to apply on incomplete and inconsistent grouped statements.
- Check Statements Exhaustivity True or false. When set to true, the system reports "missing statements" as exceptions in the exception file (e.g. a statement is expected for a specific bank account according to the incoming statement configuration date rule but the related MT940 is not received). When set to false, the system only reports exceptions for received statements, without reporting missing statements (type missing page, wrong opening balance, etc.).
- Forecast statuses restriction Only applies to Corporate Cash Management Specify the trade and transfer status to take into account to load the FORECAST trades/transfers. The system will load all Simple Transfer trades with type = FORECAST and related transfers type FORECAST which have a Settle Date <= Scheduled Task Valuation Date for that/these status(es) (eg. no restriction in the above example).

THIS IS NOT NEEDED AND MUST BE LEFT BLANK FOR STANDARD CASH MANAGEMENT

• Forecast Action - Only applies to Corporate Cash Management - Specify the trade and transfer workflow action that the system must apply on the selected FORECAST trades and transfers (e.g. SUBSTITUTE trade and transfer action will be applied on FORECAST transfers and Simple Transfer Trades with Transfer Type = FORECAST in the above example). The "Forecast Action" is a trade and transfer action that must be added to your trade and transfer workflows (e.g. VERIFIED - SUBSTITUTE - SUBSTITUTED for this type of trader/transfer using SD Filters or Trade and Xfer workflow types). Then, one must add the resulting status in the domains "transferCanceledStatus" and "ignoreTradeStatus" to make the system treat that status as a CANCEL and, as such, exclude transfers with that specific status from inventory position.



THIS IS NOT NEEDED AND MUST BE LEFT BLANK FOR STANDARD CASH MANAGEMENT



- Exception Report Format The Scheduled Task generates an Exception report which allows having a summary of all the issues encountered during the processing. Define the format of that exception file in the "Exception Report Format" attribute. Available format include: excel, html, csv, pdf.
- Email Exception Report to This exception file can be sent by email. Specify the email address or alias using the "Email Exception Report to" attribute.

Prerequisite Checks performed by the INC_CASH_STATEMENT scheduled task

The consistency checks performed by the INC_CASH_STATEMENT scheduled task are the following.

- Check if all start-balances match the previous end-balances.
- Check that all intermediate balances for an account are matching (Tag 60M/62M for a n-page statement).
- Check that opening + movements = closing balance.
- Check statement completeness and order (number of pages and existence of Tag 62F).
- Check if all accounts exist in MT940 and vice-versa.
- Check if date of end balance is not in the future.
- Check if there is only one end-balance (and so MT940) per day.



9. Process Status Report

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Process Status** to bring up the Process Status report (menu action reporting.ReportWindow\$ProcessStatus) displays exceptions/errors blocking all or part of the statement integration and intraday cleaning process.

See Integrating Payment Messages and Statements for details on the integration process.



Sample process status report

[NOTE: The columns of this picture have been configured. Sort columns, subheadings and subtotals have to be explicitly specified. See Help > Menu Items for details]

- » You can check / uncheck View > Show Frame > Criteria to display / hide the search criteria.
- » You can change the pricing details at the bottom of the window By default, the pricing environment comes from the User Defaults, and the valuation date is the current date and time.
- » Specify search criteria as applicable and click 🛅 to load the corresponding fees.
- » You can select a template and click it to display the number of objects that will be loaded from the database before loading the report.
- » You can click to print the report results.
 - Note that for the Pivot view and the Aggregation view, the print icon is disabled.
 - You can use [Ctrl+P] or [Ctrl+L] to print the report, or you can export the report to Excel and print it from there.

Process Status Report Results

The Process Status report allows checking the status of the integration of the incoming statements when working with "prerequisite checks" mode (PO Attribute CASH_MANAGAMENT = true).

Only incorrect or incomplete statements are blocked. Others are fully processed.

This report lists the following processing scopes with their status (warning/valid/invalid):

• Statement Integration - The report produces a line per PO Bank Account having an Incoming Statement Configuration. If the statement is expected and received (based on the incoming statement date rule) the status is valid, else the status is invalid and a comment (Info column) is provided to give the reason of failure. From that



"status" line the user can reach all the information regarding the account, statement config. etc. and take further action.

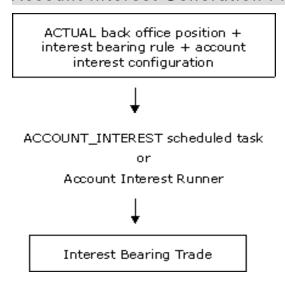
• Matching CutOff - This process status exception is created when the eligibility cutoff has run for a specific account/statement. Each time a statement (MT940/950/970) is received and processed into the system, the system removes all intraday items waiting for reconciliation for that account/expected cutoff date as only movements confirmed into the statement are now finalizing the reconciliation. When the cutoff process has run, the user can check that the Matching CutOff process status for that account has been produced to ensure the cleaning of intraday items is finished. The cutoff process is automatic based on a start time and frequency. This process is done within the MatchableBuilder engine.



10. Generating Account Interests

Account interest trades (interest bearing trades) are generated by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_INTEREST based on actual cash account positions and interest bearing rules.

Account Interest Generation Flow

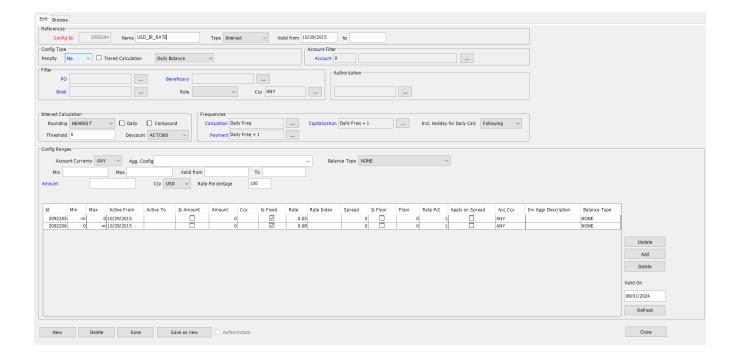


10.1 Before you Begin

10.1.1 Interest Bearing Rules

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Accounting > Interests** (menu action refdata.AccountInterestConfigWindow).





The Browse panel is selected by default. Select the Edit panel to define an interest bearing rule.

- » Enter all the necessary information. The fields are described below.
- » To define a range, enter the parameters of the interest calculation, then click **Add** to add the range. Repeat for other ranges as needed.
- » Click **Save** to save the rule.

Note that if the Authorization mode is enabled, an authorized user must approve your entry.

Fields	Description				
Config Id	Given by the system when the configuration is saved.				
Name	Set and name standard configurations to apply to groups of clients and/or accounts. Any changes to the configuration will automatically be applied to all clients and/or accounts linked to the configuration.				
Туре	Select the type of configuration: Interest or Margin. Margin configurations only apply to call accounts. See Margin Rules for details. The other types of configurations (IM, ITD, VM) apply to clearing - Please refer to Calypso Clearing documentation for details.				
Valid From / To	Enter the validity dates of the configuration.				



Config Type Vou can select No, Yes, or Both for Penalty. The penalty configuration is applied when the account balance is below a certain amount. Limits are defined in the Limits panel. (INOTE: When Processing Org attribute "ALWAYS_PAY_PENALTY_INTEREST" is False, interest penalty is not paid if an account is defined with minimum balance and balance is below the limit but positive. Default is True (interest penalty is paid)) You can check Tiered Calculation to distribute the account balance over the range. Otherwise, it is applied to the absolute range. Account Filter Pritter It is possible to link an account interest config to: A processing org (PO) One or several trading books. The account interest config will thereafter be available for client accounts that belong to one of these books. A legal entity of specified role. A list of currencies, or ANY. It is also possible to link an account interest config to one or several book attributes under the Authorization field. This restriction is only used in the Interest Manager: a user is able to load the interest bearing rules for which the user has the appropriate access permissions by book attribute. Interest Calculation Select rounding information and calculation. You can check Daily to apply the rounding to each daily amount. Rounding is applied to the final interest amount otherwise. You can enter a threshold. If the account balance is below the threshold, interest will not be computed. If you check "Compound", you need to select a compound rule to compound the interest. Interest Calculation In NOTE: When computing the interest, you need to select the retroactivity mode in order for the compounding to occur: Check the "retro Activity" checkbox in the Account Interest Runner, or set the attribute RETRO_ACTIVITY = True in the ACCOUNT_INTEREST scheduled task] You can select a daycount for Fixed Rate configurations (for Floating Rate configurations, the daycount of the Rate Index definition is used). Including PARTIAL_SETTLE entries amount in i	Fields	Description
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To add PARTIAL_SETTLE entries amount in interest calculation, you can set Account Property 'Add		
		Including PARTIAL_SETTLE entries to Position



Fields	Description				
Frequencies	Select the calculation frequency, payment frequency, capitalization frequency and Incl. Holiday for Daily Calc frequency (for Daily settlement of Interest).				
	When the calculation date is at the end of the month, the interest is calculated until the last day of the month, regardless of which day it is. If the last day of the month is a Saturday, and you want to calculate the interest until Sunday (or until the end of a holiday), you need to set the account property CHECK_END_OF_MONTH = false (it is true by default).				
	Settle Date Generation Issue for Date Rule with Relative Month				
	There are two ways to use a date rule in Interest Bearing trades: next(date) provides the next date generated by the date rule and generate(fromDate, toDate) provides all the dates generated by the date rule between the from and to dates.				
	The "generate" method is used by default for all date rules as it has a better performance. The "next" method is used for DAILY and RELATIVE using DAILY date rules.				
	You can use the "next" method for any date rule as needed by adding the date rule to the domain "dateRuleInterestUseNext".				
	Daily Settlement of Interest				
	For daily settlement of Interest Bearing trades, weekend accruals are included on Interest Bearing trades based on "Incl. Holiday for Daily Calc":				
	- Following: Weekend Accruals are included in the Interest Bearing trade settling on the previous business day				
	- Preceding: Weekend Accruals are included in the Interest Bearing trade settling on the next business day				
	- BLANKS: Weekend Accruals are included in the Interest Bearing trade settling on the previous business day (Default)				
Config	Select the account currency, inventory aggregation, and the balance type as needed.				
Ranges	Enter the minimum amount / maximum amount as needed to define the ranges.				
	Enter Active From / Active To date for the configuration. When the Active To date of the configuration is in the past, you can set account property SKIP_INTEREST_BEARING = true to stop computing interest bearing for that account.				
	You can double-click the Amount label to switch to Rate instead, in which case you can specify a fixed rate or a floating rate.				
	Select the interest currency.				
	Amount				
	Amount 260 Ccy USD ▼ Rate Percentage 100				
	» Enter the interest amount.				



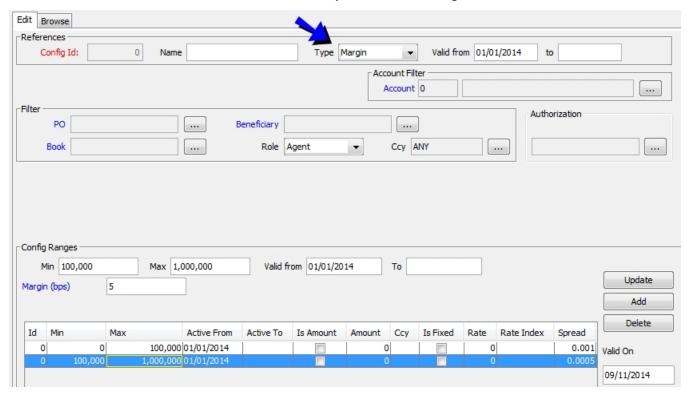
Description						
Fixed Rate						
Rate		Rate Percentage	100			
Fixed 2.45						
» Enter the interest	rate.					
Floating Rate						
Rate	Reset	Rate Percentage	100			
Float	USD ▼ L	IBOR ▼ 3M ▼	LIBO ▼			
» Define the floatin	g rate.					
You can enter a s	pread in the field next to	the currency.				
You can define a floor rate (minimum rate). Note that if you allow negative rates, you should either set a negative floor rate ("-1.2" for example), or no floor rate.						
Negative Rates						
If you set the pricing parameter ALLOW_NEGATIVERATE to true for the InterestBearing product type, the system allows calculating interest with negative rates.						
You can set the starting date to consider negative rates in the pricing parameter ALLOW_ NEGATIVERATE_DATE (provided ALLOW_NEGATIVERATE = true). The format should be MM-DD- yyyy.						
However, if the account attribute "NEVER USE NEGATIVE RATE" is set to true for a given account, the system will not allow calculating interest with negative rates even if ALLOW_NEGATIVERATE is true.						
Zero Interest						
If you set the pricing parameter EXCLUDE_ZERO_TRADE to true for the InterestBearing product type, the system does not generate trades with zero interest. They are generated otherwise.						
Reset Rate						
RESET_DAY_FOR_DA	TE_RULE in the domain "A	ccountSetup". If Commen	t = true, the reset rate is			
You can determine how missing rates are handled based on the value of account attribute IB_ MISSING_RATE:						
		s missing, entry created w	ith interest rate set to zero,			
NotCreate - If rate	e is missing, no entry crea	ated, task created alerting	missing rate.			
	Fixed Rate Rate Fixed 2.45 » Enter the interest Floating Rate Rate Float » Define the floatin You can enter a set a negative floom Negative Rates If you set the pricing puthe system allows cally you can set the startin NEGATIVERATE_DAT yyyy. However, if the accounsystem will not allow of the system does not get t	Fixed Rate Fixed 2.45 » Enter the interest rate. Floating Rate Rate Reset Float » Define the floating rate. You can enter a spread in the field next to you can define a floor rate (minimum rate) set a negative floor rate ("-1.2" for example Negative Rates If you set the pricing parameter ALLOW_NEGATHE system allows calculating interest with neg You can set the starting date to consider negative RATE_DATE (provided ALLOW_NEGATHE DATE (provided ALLOW_NEGATHE DATE) However, if the account attribute "NEVER USE system will not allow calculating interest with not allow calculating interest with not allow calculating interest with not not allow calculating interest with not not allow calculating interest with not allow calculating interest with not not not generate trades with zero Reset Rate You can determine how the reset rate is used to RESET_DAY_FOR_DATE_RULE in the domain "A used for the whole reset period. It is only used You can determine how missing rates are hand MISSING_RATE: • Create or Blank (default behavior) - If rate is task created alerting missing rate.	Rate Rate Rate Percentage Fixed 2.45 » Enter the interest rate. Floating Rate Rate Reset Rate Reset Rate Percentage Float Pour can enter a spread in the field next to the currency. You can define a floor rate (minimum rate). Note that if you allow neg set a negative floor rate ("-1.2" for example), or no floor rate. Negative Rates If you set the pricing parameter ALLOW_NEGATIVERATE to true for the Inthe system allows calculating interest with negative rates. You can set the starting date to consider negative rates in the pricing par NEGATIVERATE_DATE (provided ALLOW_NEGATIVERATE = true). The for yyyy. However, if the account attribute "NEVER USE NEGATIVE RATE" is set to system will not allow calculating interest with negative rates even if ALLOZ Zero Interest If you set the pricing parameter EXCLUDE_ZERO_TRADE to true for the Inthe system does not generate trades with zero interest. They are general Reset Rate You can determine how the reset rate is used throughout the reset period RESET_DAY_FOR_DATE_RULE in the domain "AccountSetup". If Commen used for the whole reset period. It is only used for the reset date otherwise You can determine how missing rates are handled based on the value of MISSING_RATE: • Create or Blank (default behavior) - If rate is missing, entry created we task created alerting missing rate.			

Margin Rules



For call accounts, you have the ability to add a specific Margin (in bps) onto an account (not visible by the client):

- The margin is added on top of the interest configuration set on the Account.
- It can be entered as a pre-configured margin and the line can be added to the Interest list configuration, or can be add as a Quick Entry Margin.
- A margin can only be entered if an account has a generic Interest Config (not a quick entry).
- It cannot be inherited from a Master Account (only the Interest configuration can be).



- » Define the characteristics of the margin calculation and click Add.
- » Then click Save to save the configuration.

10.1.2 Associating an Interest Bearing Rule with an Account

Once you have defined a rule, you need to associate it with the account that is receiving interest.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Accounting > Accounts**, and load your account in the Account panel.





- » Check the Interest Bearing checkbox Once checked, the Interests panel becomes available.
 - Note that for call accounts, "Interest Bearing" is mandatory and checked by default.
 - If the interest bearing rule has a capitalization frequency, the interest is capitalized, and any adjustment due to back-dated trades is capitalized as well. If you do not want to capitalize the adjustments, you can set the account attribute "CAPITALIZE ADJUSTMENTS" to false.
- » Then select the Interests panel. The interest rule can be defined for individual accounts or for master accounts.
 See below for details.
- » You can also associate an interest rule with multiple accounts using Process > Interest Bearing > Bulk Update Interest Config.

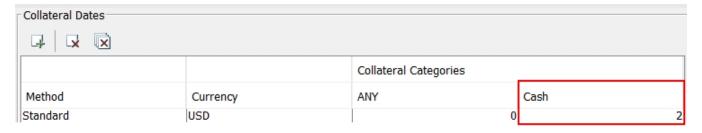
Note that this function is only available for call accounts.

It brings up the Account report: Load the call accounts that you want to update and select them. Right-click and choose **Action > Update Current Interest Config**. You will be prompted to select an interest / margin configuration.

Click **Apply** to set the selected configuration on the selected accounts.

The account can be associated with a Margin Call Contract using the account attribute MC_CONTRACT_ID.

In this case, you can use the trade workflow rule UpdateIBSettleDate to automatically set the Settle Date Confirmed field on the Interest Bearing trade. It shows the trade keyword ConfirmedSettleDate = Date action is applied + OffSet Days from associated Margin Call Contract (Cash column of the Collateral Dates in the Dates & Times tab).



If the account of the Interest Bearing trade is not associated with a Margin Call Contract or the Offset Days are not set, ConfirmedSettleDate = Settlement Date.

The Settle Date Confirmed can also be set manually on the Interest Bearing trade.

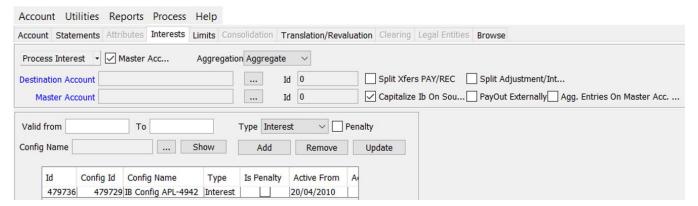
When set, this date is used as the settlement date in the associated transfers.



Master Account Setup

For the master account, check the Master Account checkbox.

Accounts Definition - Authorization mode OFF Master Acc APL-4942 / 479734 - version 1



- » Set the Aggregation to Individual to apply the interest rule to the master account's balance only, or Aggregate to apply the interest rule to the balance of all the accounts within the master account including the master account.
- » Optional Select the account where the interest will be posted from the Destination Account field (if different from the account itself).
- » Define a validity period.
- » Select the type of configuration: Interest or Margin (Margin configurations only apply to call accounts). Then click ... next to the Config Name field to select an interest rule. If the interest rule is specific to a processing organization, beneficiary, or account, it will only be available on the corresponding account.

So for example if the interest rule is specific to agent MYAGENT, you will only be able to associate this rule with an account for legal entity MYAGENT and role Agent.

You can set additional parameters: "Split Xfers PAY/REC", "Split Adjustment/Interest", "Capitalizes Ib On Source", "PayOut Externally", "Agg. Entries On Master Account".

See Additional Settings for details.

If the interest rule is defined as both interest and penalty, an interest will be computed when the balance on the account is above its overdraft limit or minimum balance requirement, and a penalty will be computed otherwise.

Limits are defined in the Limits panel.

If the interest rule is defined as interest only (Penalty = No), an interest will be computed when the balance on the account is above its overdraft limit or minimum balance requirement. In this case, you can also associate a penalty configuration if you have defined one. Check the Penalty checkbox, and add a penalty configuration to the account.

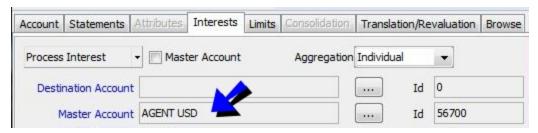
Id	Config Id	Config Name	Type	Is Penalty	Active From	Active To
0	41185	Standard Inv Account	Interest		01/01/2012	
0	55181	Penalty Config	Interest	V	01/01/2012	

» Click Add to add the rule. Then click Save.



To associate and account with a master account, clear the Master Account checkbox, and select the master account. Select the account where the interest will be posted from the Destination Account field (if different from the account itself).

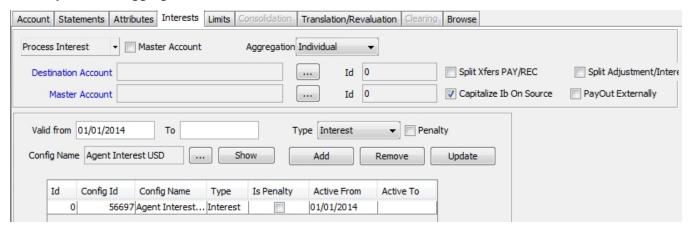
There is no need to select an interest rule – The interest rule of the master account will be applied.



- » Set the Aggregation to Individual to apply the interest rule to the individual account's balance only, Master to apply the interest rule to the master account's balance only, or Aggregate to apply the interest rule to the balance of all the accounts associated with selected the master account including the master account.
- » Click Save.

Individual Account Setup

Same as for a master account but the Master Account checkbox is unchecked, and the Master Account field is empty. The only available aggregation level is Individual.



- » Optional Select the account where the interest will be posted from the Destination Account field (if different from the account itself).
- » Define a validity period then add an interest rule as described in the Master Account Setup.
- » Click Add to add the rule. Then click Save.

Additional Settings

Additional settings can be set for generating account interest.



Accounts Definition - Authorization mode OFF Acc 1 APL-4942 / 479737 - version 1



- You can check "Split Xfers PAY/REC" to create two transfers for a given Interest Bearing trade: one that
 aggregates the PAY entries, and one that aggregates the REC entries. Otherwise all entries are aggregated into a
 single transfer.
- "Split Adjustment/Interest" When not checked, only Interest Bearing trades of type INTEREST are generated. When checked, Interest Bearing trades of type INTEREST are generated for credit balances, and Interest Bearing trades of type ADJUSTMENT are generated for debit balances.
- You can check "Capitalizes Ib On Source" to create the interest bearing trade on the source account The
 account can be transferred to an external account using the scheduled task ACC_TRANSFER_INTEREST. It can be
 transferred to:
 - The destination account if specified.
 - The account associated with the external counterparty if "PayOut Externally" is checked. The external
 counterparty is selected in the attributes of the scheduled task ACC_TRANSFER_INTEREST.

The transfer of interest is triggered by the scheduled task ACC_TRANSFER_INTEREST, or manually at the account level when you choose **Process Interest > Pay Interest**.

► See Transferring Interest for details.

If "Capitalizes Ib On Source" is not checked, the interest bearing trade is created directly on the external account:

- The destination account if specified.
- The account associated with the legal entity of the source account for role CounterParty if "PayOut Externally" is checked.

For example, the source account is defined for legal entity AGENT1 with role Agent. If "PayOut Externally" is checked, the system will look for an account defined for legal entity AGENT1 with role CounterParty.

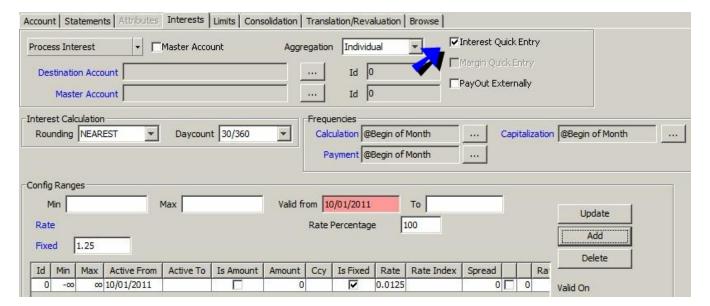
- You can check "PayOut Externally" to transfer the interest to an external counterparty See "Capitalizes Ib On Source" for details.
- You can check "Agg. Entries On Master Account" to aggregate all entries from Master and Child accounts into a unique Interest Bearing trade on the Master account. This is only applicable if the field Aggregation = Aggregate.

Call Accounts

When you associate an interest bearing rule with a call account, additional functions are available.

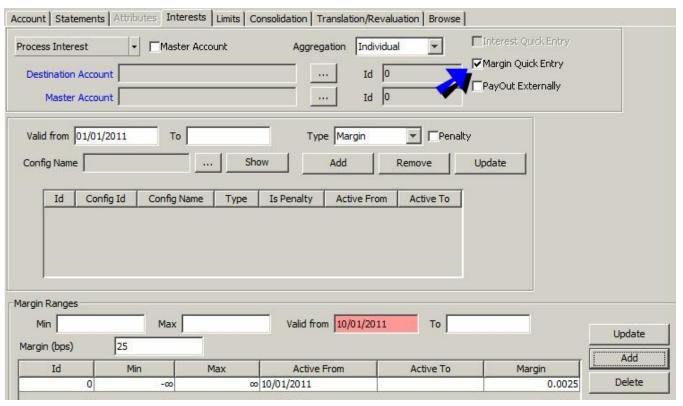
You can check "Interest Quick Entry" to define the interest configuration on-the-fly.





- » Define the characteristics of the interest calculation and click Add.
- » When you save the account, the interest configuration is saved as well.

You can check "Margin Quick Entry" to define the margin configuration on-the-fly.





- » Define the characteristics of the margin calculation and click Add.
- » When you save the account, the interest configuration is saved as well.

10.1.3 Access Permission and Authorization

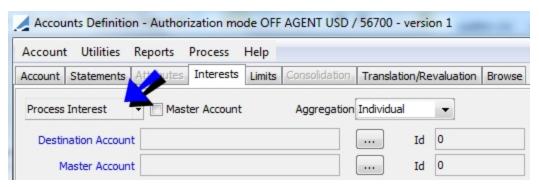
The access permissions relating to account interest generation are: AddModifyAccountInterest and RemoveAccountInterest.

In order for Authorization mode to apply to account interest configs, you need to add "AccountInterestConfig" to the domain "classAuthMode".

10.2 Generating Account Interest

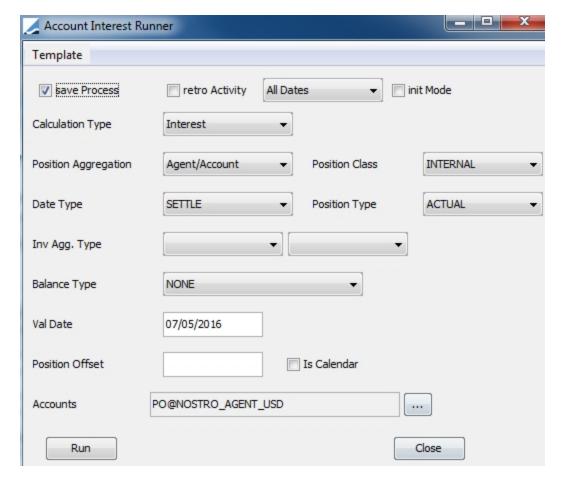
You can process interest computation from the Interests panel in the Accounts window by clicking the **Process Interest** button, or you can run the ACCOUNT_INTEREST scheduled task.

10.2.1 Process Interest on the Fly



» When you click Process Interest, the Account Interest Runner dialog appears.





Check "save Process" to generate the interest bearing trades, select the proper position criteria, and click **Run**. You can save the information as a template.

For information on "retro Activity" and "init Mode", please refer to the ACCOUNT_INTEREST scheduled task below.

10.2.2 ACCOUNT_INTEREST Scheduled Task

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Scheduled Tasks** (menu action scheduling.ScheduledTaskListWindow), and configure a task of type ACCOUNT_INTEREST.

Interest bearing trades are generated based on the inventory position computed by the Inventory engine on accounts associated with an interest bearing rule.

Select a trade filter, a user, a pricing environment, and a processing organization.

In the scheduled task, you can specify the agent for which you want to generate account interest, and the inventory position to select.



Task Attributes	
CHECK CONFIG ONLY	
SAVE PROCESS	
CALCULATION TYPE	
ACCOUNT ID	
LEGAL_ENTITY	
SD_FILTER	
FileName	
POSITION AGGREGATION	
POSITION CLASS	
DATE TYPE	
POSITION TYPE	
INV_AGG_TYPE	
INV_AGG_VALUE	
RETRO_ACTIVITY	
RETRO_ACTIVITY_TYPE	
INITIALIZATION_MODE	
OFFSET BALANCE DAYS	
OFFSET IS CALENDAR	
EXCEPTION ON ZERO BALANCE	
PUBLISH EXCEPTIONS	
THREAD COUNT	

Set the following attributes as needed.

- CHECK CONFIG ONLY Set to true to check that all the selected accounts have a valid config from the valDate to the valDate + "To Days" (default is 1 month). The expired config is displayed in the file given as attribute. This produces a report which lists all the interest matrices that are attached to live accounts and that have expired or are due to expire in the coming month (or number of days defined in the "To Days" of the Scheduled Task). If attribute set to false, ACCOUNT_INTEREST exceptions will be generated instead.
- SAVE PROCESS If False, the scheduled task will simulate the Interest bearing process and generate a report to be checked by the users. If True, it will also save the Interest Bearing Trade.
- CALCULATION TYPE Refer to the type defined on the matrix; choose Interest, Claim, etc. Interest in this example.
- ACCOUNT ID You can enter one particular account if you want to launch the process on one specific account only.
- LEGAL_ENTITY You can enter one particular Client name if you want to launch the process for one particular Client only.
- SD FILTER Define an SD Filter if you want to restrict the process to one given Processing Organization or Book.
- FileName Set the name and the directory of the report displaying the interest trades.
- POSITION AGGREGATION Define the type of position aggregation that will be used as the basis of interest calculation: "Agent/Account" or "Book/Agent/Account".
- POSITION CLASS Client: To calculate interest on client accounts, Internal: To calculate interest on nostro accounts, or External: To calculate interest on incoming positions for reconciliation purposes.



- DATE TYPE Trade: To calculate interest based on trade date positions, Settle: To calculate interest based on settle date positions (real settle date), or Value: To calculate interest based on value date (theoretical settle date) => this Would be the most commonly used for interest calculations.
- POSITION TYPE Actual: For interest calculations, Theoretical: Should not be used (it is available for flexibility purposes in case one client wants to use it), or Failed: For claim calculation.
- INV_AGG_TYPE Select an inventory aggregation type as applicable.
- INV_AGG_VALUE Select an inventory aggregation value as applicable, or "_ANY_".
- RETRO_ACTIVITY True: The process will work in retro-activity mode, or False: The process will not apply any retro-activity rules.

In retro-activity mode, the system generates adjustments for backdated movements (if any) between their value date and their real settle date. To manage the adjustments, the system creates a new position ACTUAL in value date.

Note that the retro-activity mode is required to compute interest compounding.

• RETRO_ACTIVITY_TYPE - Used in case the retro-activity is set - The default is "All Dates": We use one year in the past or retro-activity date rule set on the account.

You can also select:

- Current month: Since the beginning of the month.
- Previous month: Since the beginning of the previous month.
- Current year: Since the beginning of the year.
- Previous year: Since the beginning of the previous year.
- INITIALIZATION MODE Set to True: Normally you set this the first time you calculate interest in the system. This will allow the system to create trades of interest without generating adjustments.
- OFFSET BALANCE DAYS By default, the interest is calculated on the balance on the valuation date You can enter a number of days to calculate the interest on the balance on the valuation date minus the number of days.
- OFFSET IS CALENDAR To specify if the offset of the balance is calendar or business days.
- EXCEPTION ON ZERO BALANCE When there is an error due to a missing configuration, by default we publish an exception only when the balance is not zero. You can set this attribute to true to generate an exception on zero balances as well.
- PUBLISH EXCEPTIONS If set to false, we do not create a task when there is an error of configuration / missing quote. You can set to true to create a task in such a case.
- THREAD COUNT Enter the number of threads for multi-thread processing by account. Default is 1 (no multi-thread processing).

Once the scheduled task is defined, save it and run it.

[NOTE: It is recommended to run the process with the Inventory engine off]



The scheduled task retrieves all SETTLE accounts with the "Interest Bearing" checkbox checked, and the positions corresponding to the selected attributes.

The position is stored each day and retrieves the corresponding interest bearing rule to compute the interest amount. The scheduled task creates interest bearing trades.

Book Selection

If environment property IB_USE_BOOK_POSITION = true (default), the book associated with the cash position, if any, is selected.

Otherwise:

- The book specified in the account attribute "FUNDING BOOK" is selected in priority.
- If not set, the book specified in the legal entity attribute "FUNDING BOOK" of the account's processing org is selected.
- If no book is associated with the cash position, the User Defaults book of the user generating the trades is selected.

Viewing Interest Bearing Trades

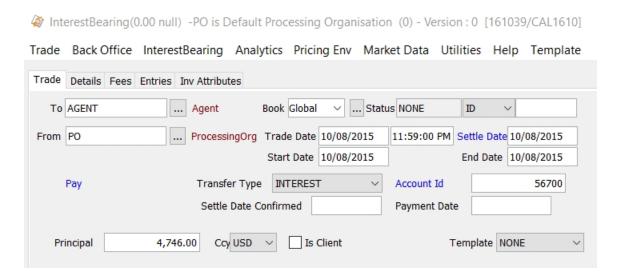
From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Accounting Operations > Interest Bearing > Trade > Open** to view the interest bearing trades.

It opens the trade selector.



- » Click **Show Trades** to view all interest bearing trades.
- » Double-click a trade to view its details.





You can select the Entries panel to view the calculation details.



You can click Pay Interest to transfer the interest to another account.

► See Transferring Interest for details.

[NOTE: To view interest bearing trades in the Trade Browser, you need to add 1 day to the valuation date because the trades are created as of today at 11:59:00 PM]

10.2.3 Interest Bearing Trades Pricing

Agent Accounts

Pricer measures are shown from the perspective of the Processing Org: positive when the PO receives interest from the Agent, and negative when the PO pays interest to the agent.



Client Accounts

Pricer measures are shown based on the environment property PO_VIEW_OF_CLIENT_IB.

If PO_VIEW_OF_CLIENT_IB = false (default), pricer measures are shown from the perspective of the Client: positive when the Client receives interest from the PO and negative when the Client pays interest to the PO.

If PO_VIEW_OF_CLIENT_IB = true, pricer measures are shown from the perspective of the Processing Org: positive when the Client pays interest to the PO and negative when the PO receives interest from the PO.

10.3 Transferring Interest

You can transfer the interest to another account by choosing **Process Interest > Pay Interest** in the Interests panel of the Account window, or navigate to **Configuration > Scheduled Tasks** (menu action scheduling.ScheduledTaskListWindow), and configure a task of type ACC_TRANSFER_INTEREST. It will generate a customer transfer.

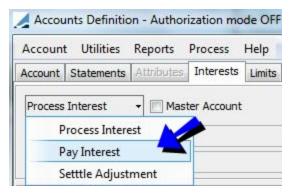
If you set the transfer workflow rule ApplyActionLinkedXfer on the transitions VERIFIED – SETTLE – SETTLED and SETTLED – UNSETTLE – VERIFIED, both the interest payment and the interest transfer will be settled at the same time.

Only positive interest amounts are transferred by default but the account can be setup to also receive interest by setting the account attribute "PayInterestOnly=False".

The following trade keywords are populated:

- INTEREST_TRANSFER_FROM (on Customer Transfer trades)
- INTEREST_TRANSFER_TO (on Interest Bearing trades)
- TradeSource (on Customer Transfer trades)

10.3.1 Pay Interest On-the-fly



When you select **Process Interest > Pay Interest**, it brings up the Account Interest Payment Runner dialog.





- » Select the destination legal entity role and legal entity. This will determine the SDIs to be used, and therefore the destination account.
- » Select the source account.
- » Enter an application date and click Apply.

10.3.2 ACC_TRANSFER_INTEREST Scheduled Task

Select a trade filter, a user, a pricing environment, and a processing organization.



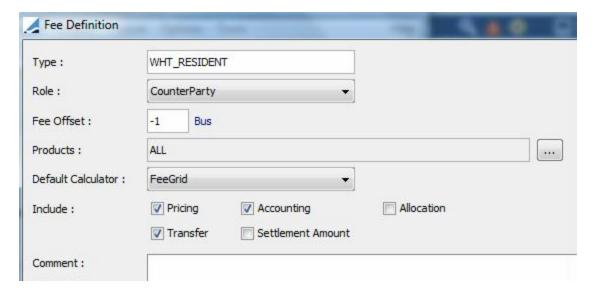
- » Set the following attributes:
 - LEGAL_ENTITY ROLE Role of the legal entity to which the interest is transferred. In order to choose the
 correct SDI, you must assign a new role to the legal entity (External for example). So this legal entity will
 have a SDI for the role Agent and a SDI for the role External (which will contain the external account).
 - ACCOUNT_ID Id given by the system, not the account name. Source account.
 - LEGAL_ENTITY Name of the Legal Entity to which the interest is transferred.
 - CHECK_PREVIOUS_DAYS When set to true and the valuation date is not the payment date, the system
 amends /creates the interest bearing trade if the payment date is a holiday. When set to false, the interest
 bearing trade is amended / created only if the valuation date is the payment date.
 - EXCLUDE_TRADE_STATUS You can enter a list of comma-separated status codes to exclude the trades in corresponding status.
- » Once the scheduled task is defined, save it and run it.

10.4 Withholding Tax

To activate the Withholding Tax in Calypso, set the environment property WITHHOLDINGTAX to true.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Fees**, **Haircuts**, **& Margin Calls > Fee Definition** to define the withholding tax fees. You can define as many fees as needed (a resident WHT fee, a non resident WHT fee, and an XTRA WHT fee to handle the cases where no DTT treaty is signed).



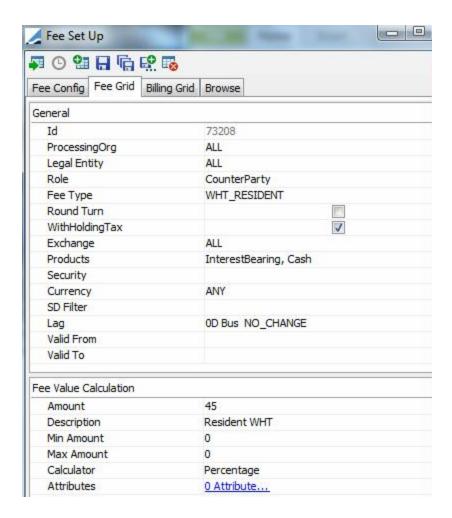


» You can click **Help** for complete setup details.

Then from the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Fees, Haircuts, & Margin Calls > Fee Set Up** to define the related grids in the Fee Grid panel. Be sure the grid is flagged as <u>WithholdingTax</u> and defined with <u>Role = ALL</u>. Thus the grid may be eligible for both Loan and Deposit trades (where client role is counterparty), and Interest Bearing trades (where client role is the Account Holder role).

Note that if the Authorization mode is enabled, an authorized user must approve your entry.

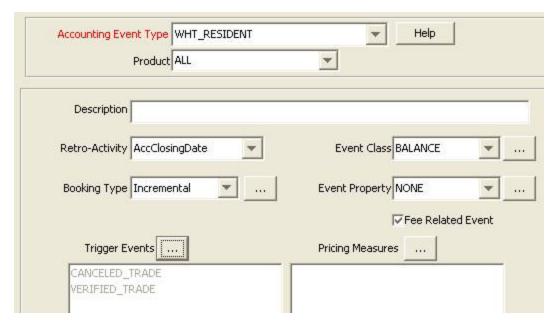




Then define the related accounting events.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Accounting > Events** and define an event with event name equals to the fee type:





Make sure to check "Fee Related Event".

Withholding Tax transfers are created by the Scheduled Task ACCOUNT_INTEREST.

As soon as Withholding Tax applies to an Interest Bearing Trade, the system generates an additional transfer type <WITHHOLDINGTAX FeeName>. In terms of messages, the WITHHOLDINGTAX related transfer should move to SETTLED when the related INTEREST transfer is moved to SETTLED. Then it impacts:

- The account balance and is taken into account into the Asset/Liability and Reclassification Accounting process
- The account statement

10.5 Rate Change

Rate Change is currently only supported on call accounts.

10.5.1 RATE_CHANGE Transfer

To be able to report rate changes in customer statements, the system creates a transfer of type "RATE_CHANGE", attached to the interest bearing trade(s), based on its value date. If needed, please add it to the domain "flowType".

RATE_CHANGE transfers are created by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_INTEREST.

The system creates a RATE_CHANGE transfer type with a specific Xfer Description as stated below.

Example 1: INTEREST and withholding tax



Settlements									
Transfer_id	Xfer Description	Xfer PaysRec	Transfer Type	Product Type	Transfer Amount	Value Date	SettleCurrency	GL Account	Transfer Status
76007 RATE CH	HANGE TO 5%BP	RECEIVE	RATE_CHANGE	InterestBearing	0.00	01/02/2008	USD	60075	VERIFIED
76018 WITHHO	LDINGTAX2 USD 136.11 (DR)	RECEIVE	WITHHOLDINGTAX2	InterestBearing	136.11	03/03/2008	USD	60075	VERIFIED
76019 GROSS	INTEREST CAPITALISED USD 680.56 (CR)	PAY	INTEREST	InterestBearing	(680.56)	03/03/2008	USD	60075	VERIFIED

Example 2: INTEREST without withholding tax

-	Settlements								
- [Transfer_id Xfer Pay/Rec	Xfer Description	Transfer Type	Product Type	Transfer Amount	Value Date	SettleCurrency	Transfer Status	GL Account
- 1	77063 PAY	INTEREST CAPITALISED	NONE	NONE	(164.384)	03/03/2008	EUR	SETTLED	60426

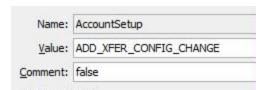
The new rate is used in interest calculation (new adjustment) from its value date.

A RATE_CHANGE transfer can also be generated by the system if the floating rate index used in the configuration is changing in the Quote Set. This Rate Index has to be defined as a Base Rate and its attribute GenerateRateChange must be set to True.

[NOTE: It must only be used in case of an annually or monthly reviewed rate (i.e. Base Rate or equivalent) in order not to produce a daily RATE_CHANGE]

By default, a RATE_CHANGE transfer is generated for Interest Bearing Trades with zero amount.

If you do not want to generate those transfers, you can set the Comment to "false" in the domain "AccountSetup" for the value "ADD_XFER_CONFIG_CHANGE".



10.5.2 Backdated Rate Change

Back dated RATE_CHANGE transfers are also created by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_INTEREST, provided the RETROACTIVITY attribute is set to True.

In such a case, the system creates a RATE_CHANGE transfer with Value Date = Initial Date of Rate Change and Settle Date = Today (entered date of the rate change), provided you have set the property XFER_BV_REAL_SETTLE_DATE to true.

That RATE_CHANGE transfer is attached to the Interest Bearing trade of the initial period where it should have been confirmed and will be reported on the current period statement, based on its SETTLE DATE, provided it is in a SETTLED status.



10.5.3 Rate Change Message

When generating a RATE_CHANGE transfer (on the current Interest Bearing trade), two Xfer Attributes are populated:

- RateChangeName: set to "FixedRate" or to the name of the floating rate +(spread+margin)
- RateChangeValue: All In rate at the related value date

This transfer can trigger a message based on message type "RATE_CHANGE_ADVICE".

Sample message setup:



The Static Data Filter RATE_CHANGE filters on the Xfer Type = RATE_CHANGE.

The following template keywords can be used:

- |TRANSFER_VALUEDATE | is the date at which the rate is changing
- TRANSFER_SETTLEMENTCCY is the currency of the customer account
- CALL_ACCOUNT_TYPE
- CALL_ACCOUNT_SUBTYPE
- ACCOUNT_NAME
- |ACCOUNT_ACTUALBALANCE|
- TRANSFER_RateChangeValue
- TRANSFER_RateChangeName

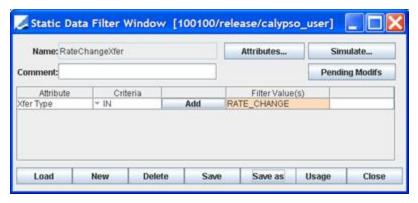
10.5.4 Rate Change Workflow

The RATE_CHANGE transfer should have its own workflow to go directly to SETTLED and be part of the statement for that period without creating any specific task in the Task Station.



This transfer being created for "technical reasons", the end-user should not see that transfer into their task station, and it should SETTLE automatically to make it appear as soon as created in the statements. For that reason, we advise to add the following transfer workflow subtype for RATE_CHANGE transfers

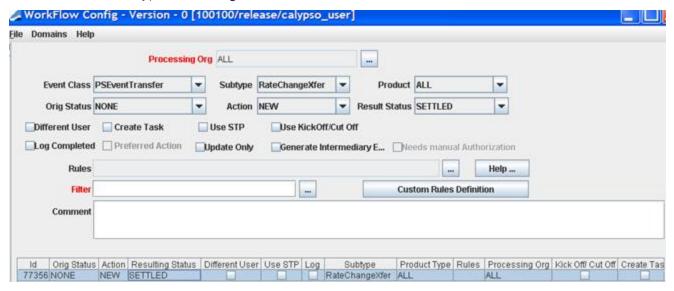
First, define the following SD Filter:



Then, add the value RateChangeXfer to the domain "XferWorkflowType".



Then from the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Workflow > Workflow**, and add the following transfer workflow for the Subtype **RateChangeXfer**:



RATE_CHANGE transfers will automatically go to a SETTLED status and will be reversed and NEW (using the Transfer Engine param XFER_USE_REVERSE = true).



[NOTE: If you want to generate a Rate Change message, then the RATE_CHANGE workflow must have a temporary status like VERIFIED to only reach the SETTLED status on value date (with a KickOff config) to avoid the multi-generation of a message in case of floating rate]

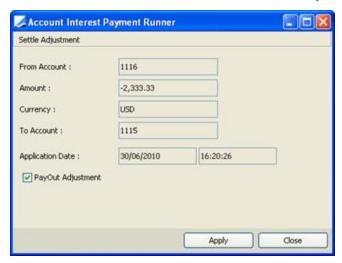
10.6 Settlement of Interest Bearing Adjustments

The early settlement of Interest Bearing trades can be done at Interest Bearing trade level or at the Account level as shown bellow. It creates a Transfer on current Interest Bearing trade of the account with today's date and with an amount equal to the sum of all adjustment entries initially planned at Interest Bearing Settle date.



Click Settle Adjustments - It brings up the Account Interest Payment Runner dialog.

You can also choose **Process Interest > Settle Adjustment** from the Interests panel of the Account window.



The window used to generate this transfer has also an additional checkbox "PayOut Adjustment" enabled if the interest must be transferred to another account. If checked, it creates the related transfer to transfer the interest which includes the calculated adjustment and related withholding tax.

Additionally, the accounting event **ADJUSTMENT** can be used to take into account any ADJUSTMENT amount early settled between start and end date of the Interest Bearing trade.



10.7 Chasing Interest Bearing Trades in Bulk

You can send chasers in bulk for interest bearing trades using an action with workflow rule IBBulkChaser and message template "SubsidiaryICInterestAdviceBulk.html" (based on message keyword TRADE_BROWSER_TEMPLATE that displays a Trade Browser report for the template defined in domain "BulkIBChaserTemplate").

Domain BulkIBChaserTemplate

It must contain a Trade Browser template that contains the Interest Bearing trades for which you want to generate a chaser.

InterestBearing Trade Workflow

Add action BULK_CHASE with trade workflow rule IBBulkChaser.

Example: VERIFIED - BULK_ACTION - TO_BE_AGREED

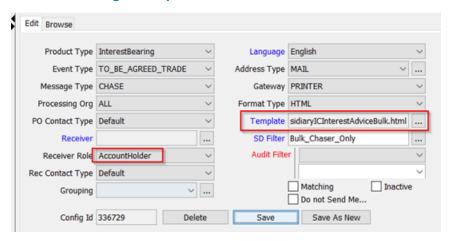
The workflow rule prevents the generation of the bulk message if:

- A Trade Browser template is not defined in domain "BulkIBChaserTemplate"
- No Interest Bearing trade is returned by the template

The action should be applied to a single Interest Bearing trade, and it will generate a chaser for all trades returned by the specified template.

It is recommended to add the action BULK_CHASE to the domain "TradeActionNotAuthorizedInMultiSelection" so that you can only apply it to 1 trade, otherwise you may generate duplicate chaser messages.

Chaser Message Setup



Product Type = InterestBearing

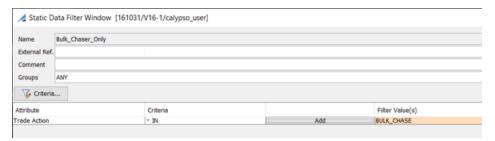
Event Type = <result status of BULK_ACTION>_TRADE - Example: TO_BE_AGREED_TRADE

Message Type = CHASE



Template = SubsidiarylCInterestAdviceBulk.html

Static data filter:



When you apply the action BULK_CHASE to an interest bearing trade, the chaser is generated.

InterestBearing Payment Advice

Dear Brian de Palma,

We are pleased to advice, for value date, , that you will .

INTERESTS DETAILS

ı	Trade Id	Product Description	Bundle Name	Trade Date	Account Id	<u>Trade Settle Date</u>
	2200179510	InterestBearing(2 756,10 USD)		févr. 02, 2020 05:59 AM	95206	01/03/2020
	2200179508	InterestBearing(3 333,35 USD)		févr. 02, 2020 05:59 AM	262738	28/02/2020

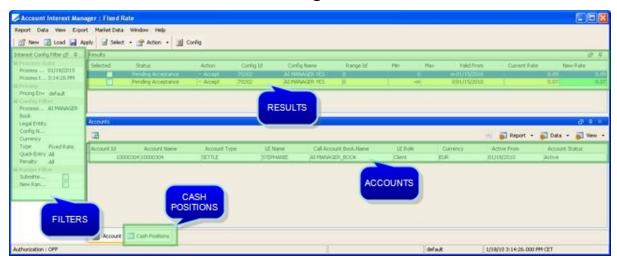


11. Interest Manager

The interest manager is used to update account interest ranges (interest rates, spread, or amounts) from interest bearing rules. This window does not allow a user to create a new interest bearing rule or range.

▶ See Generating Account Interest for information on creating interest bearing rules.

11.1 Account Interest Manager Tour



- The Filters area allows setting search criteria to load interest bearing rules.
- The Results area shows the ranges of the interest bearing rules that correspond to the selected criteria.
- The Accounts area shows the accounts that use the selected interest bearing rules.
- The Cash Positions panel displays the inventory position on all accounts that are using the selected interest bearing rules.

11.2 Interest Config Filters

This panel is used to narrow the list of interest bearing rules to be loaded.

Process Date

Fields	Description
Process Date	Defaulted to today. This date is used to set the effective from/to dates to the account interest ranges.

Pricing



Fields	Description
Pricing Env	Select a pricing environment to load rate values for floating rates.

Config Filters

Fields	Description
Processing Org	If set, the system will load the Interest Bearing Rule defined for this particular PO.
Book	If set, the system will load the Interest Bearing Rule defined for this particular book(s).
Legal Entity	If set, the system will load the Interest Bearing Rule defined for this specific legal entity (i.e account holder)
Currency	If set, the system will load the Interest Bearing rule defined for this currency.
Туре	Amount, Fixed or Floating. If set, the system will only load the ranges defined with this type of rate/amount.
Quick Entry	If set, the system will only load the quick entry configurations. These configurations are defined with an account id not null.
Penalty	If set, the system will use the penalty flag as load criteria.

Range Filters

Fields	Description
New ranges	To only load the ranges for which the rate still needs to be set.
Submitted ranges	To only load the ranges for which the new rate needs to be authorized/accepted.

11.3 Results Panel

All the interest ranges that match the criteria entered by the user are loaded in this panel.

The user will be able to specify the new rate, new spread, or new amount in the corresponding columns.



The range is automatically flagged as "Selected" as soon as a user changes the applicable rate/spread or amount. Then, all changes are submitted once the user click **Apply**.

The status is updated from New to PendingAcceptance and the changes need to be accepted or rejected to be effective.



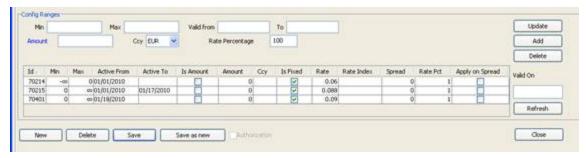
Another user can load all submitted ranges, decide to accept/reject the changes, and click on **Apply** to save the results.



Once accepted, the interest bearing rule is updated, taking the new rate and effective date into account.

Old range is updated with ActiveTo date = Process Date – 1 day.

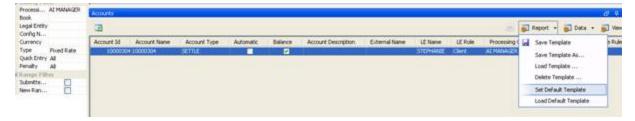
New range is created with ActiveFrom date = Process Date.



11.4 Accounts Panel

This panel is used to display the list of accounts that are using the selected interest bearing rules.

It is possible to configure several templates and set default templates, using the Report Menu of the panel.



11.5 Cash Position panel

This panel is used to display the inventory position on all accounts that are using the selected interest bearing rules. It is possible to configure several templates and set default templates, using the Report Menu of the panel.





11.6 Access Permissions

SubmitAccountInterestUpdate: give the right to a user to submit changes.

ValidateAccountInterestUpdate): give the right to a user to validate changes.



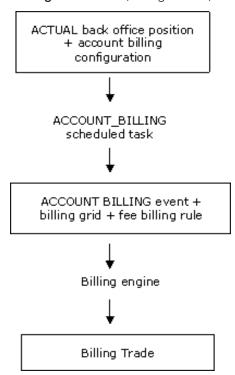
12. Generating Account Fees

The Cash Management activity requires invoicing of Nostro / Client accounts:

- Management Fees relating to account transactions
- Management Fees on account positions

Account Fees Flow

Account billing events are generated by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_BILLING based on actual **account positions** and **account billing configurations**. The Billing engine subscribes to account billing events to generate **account management fees** (billing trades) based on **billing grids** and **fee billing rules**.



Viewing Billing Trades

➤ You can view billing trades using **Reports > Fees & Settlement > Billing Fee Report** from the Calypso Navigator - Help is available from that window.

Before you Begin

An account can generate fees if the account has the "Billing" checkbox checked.





Sample account definition

The ACCOUNT_BILLING scheduled task will only process accounts for which the Billing checkbox is checked.

You can set a default book for billing trades in the legal entity attribute "FUNDING BOOK" of the legal entity that pays / receives the fee (broker, counterparty, agent, etc.).

Billing Trade Workflow

Billing trades follow the standard trade workflow. However, make sure that the AMEND action is available, as new billing fees will be added to the same trade during the billing period, and the billing trade will therefore be amended. Also, it is recommended to move the billing trade to a status that can no longer be amended at the end of he billing period.

Authorizing Billing Grids

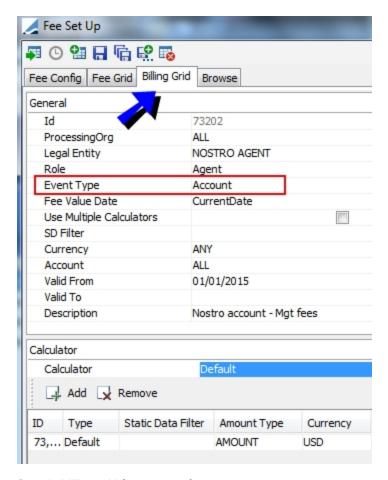
In order for the Authorization mode to apply to billing grids, you need to add "BillingGrid" to the domain "classAuthMode".

12.1 Defining a Billing Grid

The billing grid allows automating the fee calculation for accounts.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Fees**, **Haircuts & Margin Calls > Fee Set Up** (menu action refdata.FeeSetUpWindow), and select the Billing Grid panel.





Sample billing grid for account fee

» Enter the fee application criteria as needed and select the event type for which the fee will be generated: Account (account management) or MaintenanceTrade (account transaction)

Enter the validity dates of the grid - They apply to the selected "Fee Value Date" of the related object.

The "Fee Value Date" determines which date on the billing event should be used to select the Billing Grid, the Billing Rule, and to set the value date on the billing trade.

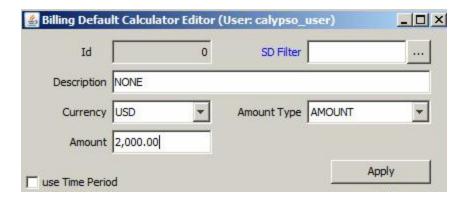
By default, it can be set to the following values: CurrentDate (Today), or CustomDate (if the Fee Value Date of the billing event has been customized) – You can add more types of dates to the domain "billingAccount.feeValueDates".

Fill in the Description field to describe the grid. This field is mandatory.

You can check "Use Multiple Calculators" to generate a fee for each applicable calculator. Otherwise, a fee is generated only for the first applicable calculator.

- » Select a calculator (Default or FeeConfig), and click Add to define the calculator.
 - For the Default calculator, the fee will be computed based on the amount defined here.



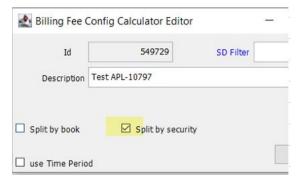


Enter a description and an amount. The amount can be signed: "-" means the PO pays the fees, "+" means the PO receives the fee.

You can check "use Time Period" to select a date rule to generate the fee.

Then click Apply.

- For the FeeConfig calculator, the fee will be computed based on the fee defined in the Fee Config panel.
 - See <u>Defining Account Fees</u> for details on defining invoice fees.



You can check the "Split by book" checkbox to allocate the fees to the original books, and click Apply.

You can check the "Split by security" checkbox to allocate the fees based on the security which is split by each security, and click **Apply**.

» Save the billing grid.

Note that if the Authorization mode is enabled, an authorized user must approve your entry.

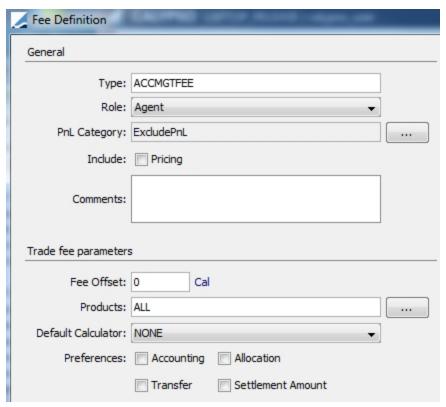
12.2 Defining Account Fees

The Fee Config panel of the Fee Set Up window allows defining fees for the FeeConfig calculator in the context of billing fees. When the FeeConfig calculator is set on the Billing Grid, the fee config is used to compute the fee.



12.2.1 Fee Definition

Define the fee using Configuration > Fees, Haircuts, & Margin Calls > Fee Definition (menu action trading.FeeDefinitionWindow).

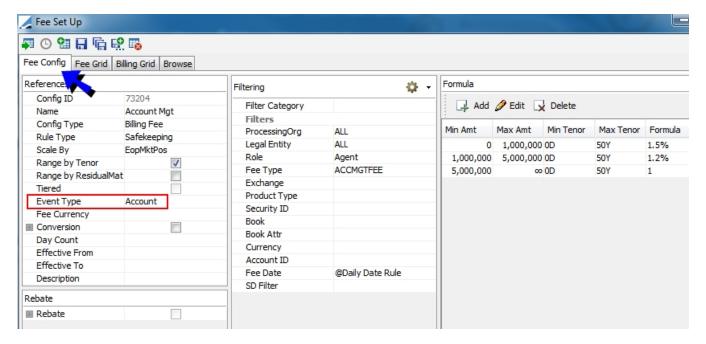


Make sure that you set the proper role. It should be Agent or Client.

12.2.2 Fee Definition

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Fees**, **Haircuts**, & **Margin Calls > Fee Set Up** (menu action refdata.FeeSetUpWindow) to open the Fee Configuration window.





Sample account fee config

- » Enter a configuration name and set the fee parameters as needed. They are described below.
- » Then click Add to add an entry to the fee. It brings up the Formula Definition dialog. It is described below.
- » Click I to save the configuration. The configuration will be used when the FeeConfig calculator is set on a Billing Grid, based on the selected filters.

Note that if the Authorization mode is enabled, an authorized user must approve your entry.

You can also click 🕶 to bring up the Browse panel for loading existing configurations.

References

These parameters are used to compute the fee.

Fields	Description	
Config ID	ID of the configuration given by the system upon saving.	
Name	Enter a configuration name.	
Config Type	Select "Billing Fee" to generate invoice fees.	



Fields	Description	
Rule Type	Select the reference amount unit:	
	Maintenance - (Number of transactions, Trade notional)	
	Safekeeping - (Market position)	
	CashSafekeeping - (Cash market position)	
	[NOTE: These rules only apply to account management fees generated by the ACCOUNT_BILLING scheduled task on inventory positions]	
Scale By	Select the reference amount of the fee:	
	For Maintenance, you can select Count, Notional, or ConvNotional (Trade Notional converted to the fee currency)	
	For Safekeeping, you can select Average position (AvgMktPos), or End of Period position (EopMktPos).	
Range by Tenor	Check to set the fee range by tenor, or clear to set the fee range by number of days.	
Range by ResidualMat	Check to set the fee range by residual maturity, or clear to set the fee range by product.	
Tiered	Only applies to Maintenance fees.	
	Check to indicate that the reference amount is distributed over the range, rather than applied to the absolute range.	
	For example, you have the following range:	
	• 0 to 1,000 - Fee rate is 10%	
	• 1,000 to 5,000 - Fee rate is 5%	
	• 5,000 and up - Fee rate is 2%	
	The reference amount is 7,000.	
	For the non-tiered method, the fee rate is 2% (5,000 and up range).	
	• For the tiered method, the fee rate is 10% for the first 1,000 - Then 5% for the next 4,000 - Then 2% for the remaining 2,000.	
Event Type	Select the event type:	
	For Maintenance, you can select Account or MaintenanceTrade (transactions on the account).	
	For Safekeeping, you can only select Account.	
	[NOTE: MaintenanceTrade events are only generated in the context of the Clearing module - They rely on trade keywords specified in the Clearing module - Refer to Calypso Clearing documentation for details]	



Fields	Description	
Fee currency	You can select a fee currency, or leave empty for ANY.	
Conversion	Check if you want to convert the fee using the FX rate at the end of the billing cycle. It is converted using the fee date FX rate otherwise.	
	For computing the converted fee at the end of the billing cycle, you need to run the scheduled task EOD_REBATE_FEE.	
	▶ See <u>Conversion Process</u> for details.	
	Select the pricing environment for loading the FX rates. If not set, the pricing environment defined in the Billing engine will be used.	
Day Count	Select a daycount as needed.	
Effective From	Enter the effective start date of the configuration.	
Effective To	Enter the effective end date of the configuration (optional).	
Description	Enter a free form description as needed.	

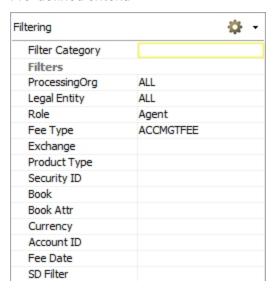
Rebate

Not applicable for account fees.

Filtering

These parameters are used to determine the conditions of application of the fee. You can use pre-defined filtering criteria, or a filter template.

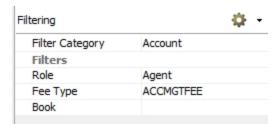
Pre-defined criteria:





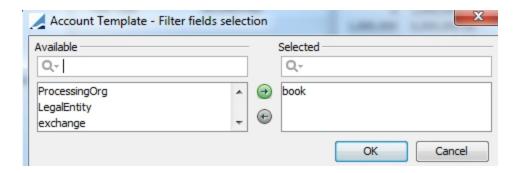
Fields	Description	
Processing Org	Select a processing organization as needed, or ALL.	
Legal Entity	Select a legal entity of specified role, or ALL.	
Role	Select a role.	
Fee Type	Enter the fee type - The fee type must be defined in the Fee Definition window.	
Exchange	Select one or multiple exchanges (legal entity of role MarketPlace), or leave empty for ALL.	
Product Type	Select one or multiple product types, or leave empty for ALL. Product groups are identified as "G. <group name="">" and are created using Configuration > Product > Group.</group>	
Security ID	Enter one or multiple product IDs (separated by commas), or leave empty for ALL.	
Book	Select one or multiple books, or leave empty for ALL.	
Book Attr	Select one or multiple book attribute / attribute value, or leave empty for ALL.	
Currency	Select one or multiple currencies, or leave empty for ALL.	
Account ID	Only applies to account management fees.	
Fee Date	Only applies to account management fees.	
Calc Period End Date	It is a Date Rule only applies to Rule Type: Safekeeping and CashSafekeeping. When populated, the amount is computed from the previous date before the current value date.	
SD Filter	Select a static data filter as needed, or leave empty.	

Filter template:



- » To add a new filter template, choose > Filter category > Add. You will be prompted to enter a filter category name. Enter a name and click OK.
- » Then choose Filter fields template. You will be prompted to select a filter category previously created, and to select the filter criteria you want to use.

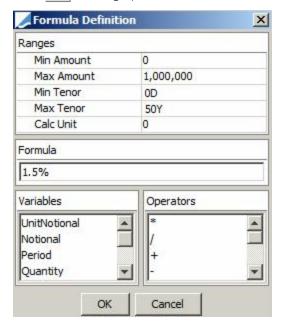




Fields	Description
Filter Category	Select a filter template previously created.
Role	Select a role.
Fee Type	Enter the fee type - The fee type must be defined in the Fee Definition window.
Filter Template Criteria	Select the values for the filter criteria defined in the filter template.
	In this example, the filter template contains the filter criteria Book.

Formula Definition

Click **Add** to bring up the Formula Definition dialog.



Sample formula

» Enter the parameters to define the ranges of the fee. They are described below.

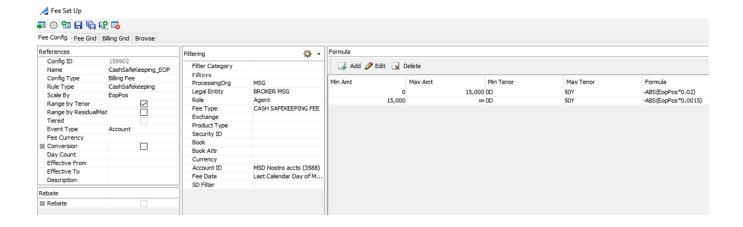


- » You can type in the formula, or double-click variables and operators to add them to the formula. Only the displayed variables and operators can be used in the formula.
- » Click **ok** when you are done.

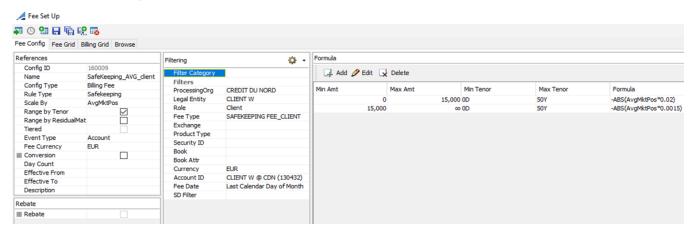
Fields	Description
Min Amount	Enter the minimum and maximum amounts of the range. It refers to the reference amount defined by the Rule Type and Scale By parameters: Count, Notional, AvgMktPos, or EopMktPos.
Max	No value is considered as 0 for the minimum amount, and infinite for the maximum amount.
Amount	The minimum amount is inclusive.
	The maximum amount is non inclusive.
Min Tenor Max Tenor	You can also select a minimum tenor and a maximum tenor to scale the fee rates by product maturity ("Range by ResidualMat" is not checked), or by residual maturity ("Range by ResidualMat" is checked).
Min Days Max Days	[NOTE: For products without maturity date, the fee rates are scaled by settlement date instead]
,	The minimum tenor is inclusive.
	The maximum tenor is non inclusive.
	If "Range by Tenor" is not checked, you can enter a number of days instead of selecting a tenor.
Calc Unit	Enter a calculation unit when defining a fee expressed as an amount per unit.
	For example 2 per million of notional: Calc Unit = 1000000 and Formula = 2*UnitNotional.
Variables	You can use the following variables in the formula depending on the selected reference amount: Quantity, Price, ContractSize, FaceValue, UnitNotional, Notional, ConvNotional (Trade Notional converted to fee currency), Markup, Count, AvgMktPos, EopMktPos, CumulPos.
	AvgMktPos only takes business days into account.
	The Markup allows setting a markup percentage per legal entity. You can define the legal entity attribute "Client Markup" and set a markup percentage on the attribute. For example, Client Markup = 120 for 120%. The Markup variable in the formula will be multiplied by 120%.
	The CumulPos is the cumulated balance from the business days of calculation period start date until current value date, quoted at current value date.
Operators	You can use the following operators in the formula: Subtract(-), Multiply (*), Add (+), Divide (/), Absolute Value, Max, Min, Round, Round Up, Round Down.
	[NOTE: If the fee is always paid, the formula should be defined as an absolute value]

Sample Fee Config for Cash Position





Sample Fee Config for Client Position

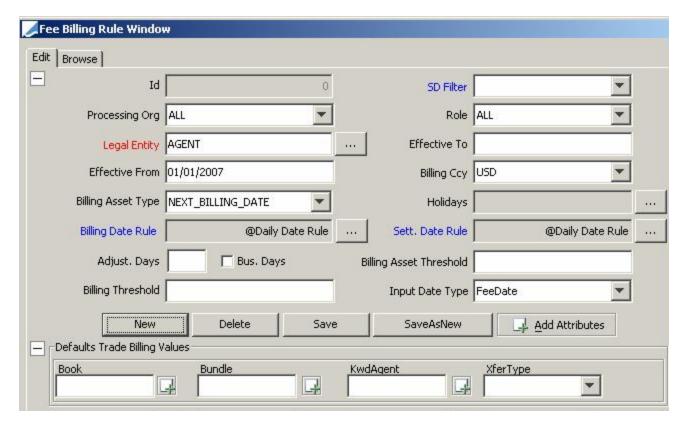


12.3 Defining a Fee Billing Rule

The billing rule allows defining the billing frequency, and a billing threshold if needed.

Define the Billing rules using **Configuration > Fees, Haircuts & Margin Calls > Fee Billing Rule** from the Calypso Navigator (menu action refdata.FeeBillingRuleWindow).





Sample billing rule for account fee

- » Enter the following fields:
 - Select a legal entity, or double-click the Legal Entity label to set the legal entity to ALL.
 - Select the same role as in the billing grid.
 - Select the billing currency or ANY.
 - Select the billing date rule to determine the billing frequency.
 - Select the settlement date rule to determine the settlement frequency of the fee.
 - Select the transfer type of the billing trade as needed. If not set, the transfer type is set to INTEREST. Note
 that transfer types are defined in domain "flowType".

[NOTE: If the attribute EntryType is set, and the Default Transfer Type is not set, the transfer type defaults to the EntryType]

» You also need to define the following attributes - This only applies if you have selected the FeeConfig calculator in the Billing Grid.



- BillingOnly Set to True so that it is only used for billing trades.
- EntryType Set to the fee type ,"ACCMGTFEE" for example.
- XferByBook Set to True to create a transfer by book.
- BillingFeeFullPeriod Set to True to have a single billing fee.
- MatchSecurity Set to True to create a new billing trade when the Security Id is different. This is applicable
 only when 'split by security' is selected.
- » Save the billing rule.

12.4 Generating Account Fees

The Billing engine is used to generate the billing fees.

12.4.1 Billing Engine Configuration

The Billing engine is configured in the Engine Manager of Web Admin: event subscription and engine parameters.

You may need to add this engine if it is not available for configuration: Create a new engine called BillingEngine, with class name com.calypso.engine.billing.BillingEngine.

The Billing engine can subscribe to the following events: PSEventAccountBilling and PSEventMaintenanceTrade – This type of event is generated by the ACCOUNT_BILLING scheduled task for accounts that have the Billing checkbox checked.

The behavior of the Billing engine may be modified with the following engine parameters.

If a parameter is not available for setup, you can register it in the domain "engineParam".

Parameters	Description
BILLING_NOAMEND_	True or false. Default is true.
	When set to false, no exception is generated when the AMEND action is not available on the workflow of the existing Billing trade.



Parameters	Description
IGNORE_ACTION	Comma-separated list of trade actions to be ignored by the engine.
MAX_BATCH_EVENT	Maximum number of persistent events loaded at one time by an engine in batch mode. The engine will load events in MAX_BATCH_EVENT chunks until all events are processed. Persistent events received after MAX_QUEUE_SIZE is reached will be processed in batch mode.
	Allows controlling engine memory usage, therefore improving the performance.
MAX_QUEUE_SIZE	Maximum number of events buffered on an engine event queue.
	When this number is exceeded, real time events are discarded and the engine restarts based on the restart timer (TIMEOUT_RESTART), in order to process the unprocessed persistent events using batch mode. This parameter can be useful for controlling the engine's memory usage. If not set, the default value for this parameter is no limit on queue size. Allows controlling engine memory usage, therefore improving the performance.
PricingEnv	Pricing environment used by the engine. If not set, the default Pricing Environment of the
	user running the engine will be used.
TIMEOUT_RESTART	Number of seconds to wait before an engine restarts after MAX_QUEUE_SIZE has been reached. The default value is 3600 seconds (1 hour).

12.4.2 Starting the Billing Engine

The Billing engine can be started from the Engine Manager in Web Admin.

▶ Please refer to Calypso Web Admin documentation for complete details.

12.4.3 Generating Account Billing Events and Billing Fees

Account billing events and trade maintenance events are generated by the scheduled task ACCOUNT_BILLING.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Scheduled Tasks** (menu action scheduling.ScheduledTaskListWindow), and select the type ACCOUNT_BILLING.

Select a trade filter, a user, a pricing environment, and a processing organization.



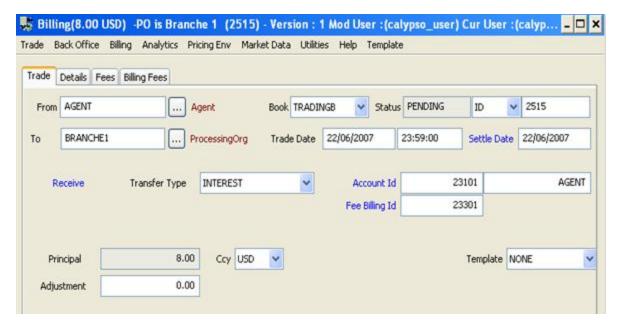
☐ Task Attributes	
ACCOUNT NAME	CLIENT W @ CDN
LEGAL_ENTITY	CLIENT W
SD_FILTER	
CHECK FEE CONFIG	True
PROCESS	Account
One Account per Event	True
Include Automatic Account	
Inventory Type	Cash
Balance Type	Balance

- » Enter the attributes below as applicable:
 - ACCOUNT NAME Enter the account name to reduce the scope of the Scheduled Task or leave blank.
 - LEGAL_ENTITY Enter the Legal Entity short name to reduce the scope of the Scheduled Task or leave blank.
 - SD_FILTER Select a specific SD Filter to reduce the scope of the Scheduled Task. Note that this SD Filter currently works only if you specify data directly related to the account definition.
 - CHECK FEE CONFIG Select true to check if you have specified fee configuration for account fees, or false otherwise.
 - PROCESS Only applies if CHECK FEE CONFIG is true Select Account to generate account billing events,
 or Maintenance Trade to generate trade maintenance events.
 - Inventory Type Select Cash or Security.
 For Cash, the fee should have Rule Type = CashSafekeeping.
 - Balance Type Enter the balance type as needed.
- » Save and run the scheduled task.

[IMPORTANT NOTE: The Billing engine should be running in order for the billing fees to be generated]

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Accounting Operations > Billing > Trade > Open** to view billing trades. It opens the trade selector. Click **Show Trades** to view all billing trades. Double-click a trade to view its details.





You can view the details of the fees in the Billing Fees panel.

12.4.4 Conversion Process

Conversion entries are generated using the scheduled task EOD_REBATE_FEE.

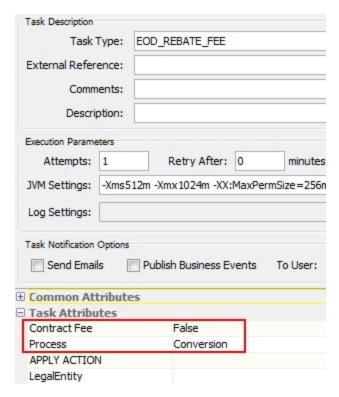
The conversion process converts the fee using the FX rate at the end of the billing cycle.

The scheduled task EOD_REBATE_FEE must be run daily. It retrieves the billing trades for which the end date falls on the scheduled task valuation date.

The system creates new billing entries of type REBATE to book the difference between the billing fee amount originally computed and the billing fee amount computed at the end of the period, once the actual FX rate is known. There is one REBATE billing entry per trading book.

You can set the book attribute "Rebate Book" on the book of the original billing trade to book the rebate fee in the rebate book. If this book attribute is not set, the rebate fee is booked in the same book as the original billing trade.





Sample EOD_REBATE_FEE scheduled task setup

You need to set the following attributes:

- Contract Fee = False.
- Process = Conversion
- APPLY ACTION It is possible to specify the action to be applied in the scheduled task. For example, the billing trade could stay in PENDING status during the billing period and move to VERIFIED status once the rebate is computed, if any. This could be achieved by setting the action to AUTHORIZE for example.
- LegalEntity You can enter a legal entity ID as needed.



13. Cash Sweeping

Treasurers, as part of their daily activity, need to optimize their liquidities by managing many accounts in different banks, while minimizing fees (like overdrafts and commissions) and moving excess amounts to accounts which offer the best conditions.

Banks can also provide similar facilities to their clients and offer automatic DDA (Direct) transfers depending on predefined rules. Those transfers can be done automatically through the scheduled task TARGET_BALANCE (cash sweeping on account basis) or through the scheduled task ACC_BOOK_SWEEPING (cash sweeping on book basis).

Both activities are managed through the Account Sweeping Configuration window and the scheduled tasks which provide:

- The ability to automatically move cash from one/several account(s) or book(s) to another
- A completely automated process via a scheduled task
- The ability to partially automate the process (i.e. a scheduled task/report which allows modifying account sweeping choices)

This process is based on the Inventory position. The result is the generation of:

- Transfer Agent trades (for Nostro Sweep)
- Simple Transfer trades (for Client Account Sweep)
- Customer Transfer trades (Call Accounts)

13.1 Setup

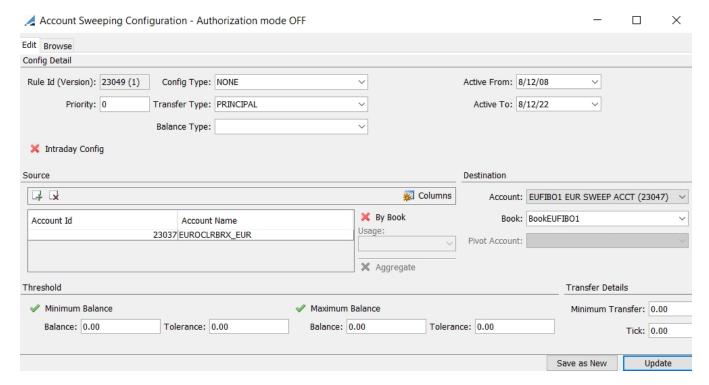
13.1.1 Domain Values

Add value ACCOUNT_SWEEPING to domain "flowType".

13.1.2 Account Sweeping Configuration

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Configuration > Accounting > Sweeping** (menu action refdata.AccountSweepingConfigWindow), or from the Account window choose **Utilities > Sweeping**.





In the Config Detail section:

- » You can select a config type Config types are defined in domain "AccountSweepingRuleType".
 For Active Sweeping configs (triggered manually from the Inventory Position), set Config Type = Internal.
 For Passive Sweeping configs (triggered by the incoming statement MT940), set Config Type = External.
- » Use the Priority field to manage "cascades" of sweepings. The lowest priority is 0.
- » Use the Active From/To fields to indicate that the rule is available between these dates. It allows you to manage changes in the rules and to enter new rules in advance.
- » The Balance Type is only available for "By Book" with Usage = Target Balance. It allows sweeping custom balances between a source account and its sweeping sub-account.
 - ► See Custom Position Type for information on setting custom balances.
 - ▶ See Inter PO Sweeping below for more details.
- » Select the transfer type ACCOUNT_SWEEPING Transfer types are defined in domain "flowType".

Intraday Config

You can check "Intraday Config" to define a kickoff time and a cutoff time in a given timezone.





» Select a timezone, enter a kick-off time, and a cut-off time as needed.

The configuration will only be applicable within the Kick Off / Cut Off period.

If multiple configurations apply to the same account, the Kick Off Time / Cut Off Time must be exclusive, and expressed in the same timezone. For example:

- Account A swept to Account B Kick Off Time = 00:01AM / Cut Off Time = 04:00PM TimeZone = Europe/London
- Account A swept to Account C Kick Off Time = 04:01PM / Cut Off Time = 00:00AM TimeZone = Europe/London

[NOTE: The PO must be the same for the source account and the destination account, except for Inter PO Sweeping, see below]

Source Section

» Click I to select the accounts to be transferred. You can configure the columns of the display as needed.

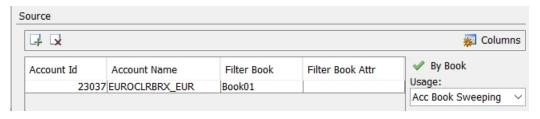
Note that you cannot add an account which is part of another sweeping rule.

You can double-click an account to open the Account Definition window.

If you select multiple accounts, you can check Aggregate to generate one sweep transfer for all the selected accounts. Otherwise, one sweep transfer is generated for each account.

If you check "By Book", you can select a book and book attributes to sweep only the related cash. When "By Book" is checked, you can also select the Usage:

- "Target Balance" To use the TARGET_BALANCE scheduled task to process the sweeping (see TARGET_BALANCE scheduled task below). It generates simple transfer trades on the source book and the destination book rather than transfer agent trades.
- "Acc Book Sweeping" To use the ACC_BOOK_SWEEPING scheduled task to process the sweeping



Destination Section

» Click in next to the Account field and select a Settle Account using the Account Browser. It will be the destination account of the sweeping transfer.



This Account cannot be part of the Source Account(s) if the rule is related to single Account(s) e.g. single sweeping account or rule to "Apply to each account" (checkbox). Click the heading (displayed in blue) to reset the field.

- » Select a book as needed for the transfer trades.
 - The destination book is used only if its legal entity is the same as the Account Processing Org. But it is not used if its legal entity is a child of the Account Processing Org.
 - You can set book attribute CheckParentForSweeping = true on the destination book In this case, the book legal entity can be a child of the Account Processing Org.
- » Select a pivot account as needed This only applies if the sweeping rule is related to a group of accounts. The pivot account must be one of the selected accounts.

Threshold Section

- » Enter the maximum and minimum limits and amounts you wish to achieve. You need to specify at least a minimum balance or a maximum balance.
- » Enter the rounding base of the transfer amount in the Tick field so that:
 - Rounded transfer amount = ceil(transfer amount / tick) * tick
 - (ceil rounds the decimal value to the next upper integer)
 - Note that the tick cannot be signed.
 - Example If you want to round to the next 50 dollars, set tick = 50. 243 will be rounded to 250.
- » Enter the minimum transfer amount. This amount cannot be signed.

When a Sweeping rule is set up for a group of accounts, the following scenarios may apply:

- If "Aggregate" is checked, the process applies the rule to the aggregated position of all the accounts:
 - If a Pivot account is selected, the transfer is generated with this account, regardless of the balance of each account.
 - If no Pivot account is selected, the transfer is generated with the account which has the most "interesting" amount: greatest creditor balance in case of maximum to apply or greatest debtor balance in case of minimum to apply.
- If "Aggregate" is not checked, the process applies the rule to each account individually:
 - If a Pivot account is selected, several transfers can be generated between all the accounts composing the group. The final transfer is generated between the Pivot account and the Destination account.
 - If no Pivot account is selected, all the transfers are generated with the Destination account.

Intra PO Sweeping

The PO is the same but the accounts and books are different.



The recommended setup to perform Intra PO Sweeping is "By Book" with Usage = Target Balance.

It performs sweeping between the source account / source book and destination account / destination book using two simple transfer trades on the source book and the destination book.

The TargetAccountId and RelatedAccountId trade keywords are populated and allow selecting specific SDIs.

Inter PO Sweeping

The POs, accounts and books are different.

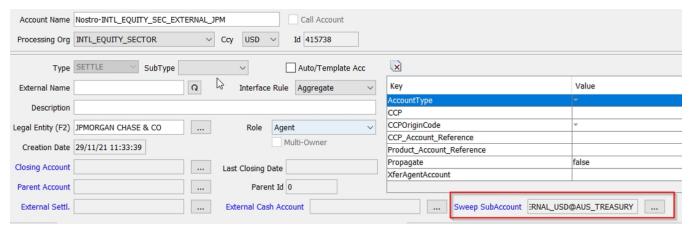
The recommended setup to perform Inter PO Sweeping is "By Book" with Usage = Target Balance, and Balance Type = <custom balance>.

It performs sweeping between the source account / source book and destination account / destination book using two simple transfer trades on the source book and the destination book.

The TargetAccountId and RelatedAccountId trade keywords are populated and allow selecting specific SDIs.

If the domain "ProcessingConfig" contains Value = Sweeping.SweepSubAccount.IsActive and Comment = true, a transfer is generated for the custom balance between the source account and its sweeping sub account.

The sub account must be defined with PO = Destination PO, Legal Entity = Source PO, Role = Client and must be set on the source account in the field Sweep SubAccount:



You also need to set INVENTORY_POSITION_CUSTODY_MODE = true so that the ClientAccount trade keyword can be set to the sweeping sub account on the Simple Transfer trade of the destination book, in order to generate a transfer on the sweeping sub account for the custom balance.

13.1.3 Access Permission and Authorization

The access permissions relating to account sweeping are: AddModifyAccountSweeping and RemoveAccountSweeping. For further details on access permissions, please refer to the *Calypso Security User Guide*.



In order for Authorization mode to apply to sweeping configs, you need to add "AccountSweepingConfig" to the domain "classAuthMode".

13.2 Account Sweeping Process

13.2.1 Account Sweeping by Account

The scheduled task TARGET_BALANCE creates a series of Transfer Agent trades to rearrange money across a set of nostro accounts. The Scheduled Tasks window is accessed using **Configuration > Scheduled Tasks** from the Calypso Navigator (menu action scheduling.ScheduledTaskListWindow).

It can also be used for sweeping configurations by book with usage "Target Balance" to create two Simple Transfer trades: one for the source book / source account and one for the destination book / destination account.

The Account Sweeping rules will be applied by this Scheduled Task which will do the following:

- Retrieve the available Sweeping Account rules and order them by priority from the highest to the lowest
- Retrieve the balances of all accounts concerned
- Priority by priority and starting by the highest, calculate the amounts to apply
- Create trades Transfer Agent or Simple Transfer
- When an account is concerned with transfers coming from sweeping rules that have highest priority, these transfers are taken into account in the calculated balance, before applying the sweeping rule.

Select a trade filter, a user, a pricing environment, and a processing organization.

☐ Task Attributes	
Config Type	NONE
Retroactivity	true
Position Source	Inventory Position
Position Type	ACTUAL
Position Class	INTERNAL
Position Date	SETTLE
Context Position Filter	
Legal Entity	
Lock Accounts	
By Book	

Specify the following attributes as applicable:

- Config Type Select a sweeping config type as needed, or NONE.
- Retroactivity Select true or false. Setting this field to true means that in case of back valued transfers, the sweeping process will generate Trade transfers related to the back valued amounts and dates, instead of the process date.
- Position Source Select "Inventory Position" for account sweeping.
- Position Type Select the type of position to retrieve the balances: ACTUAL, THEORETICAL, FAILED.
- Position Class Select in the list the Position Class: INTERNAL, EXTERNAL, CLIENT.
- Position Date Select the type of position in the list: TRADE, SETTLE, VALUE, AVAILABLE.



- Context Position Filter Only applies to context position sweeping.
- Legal Entity Enter the name of the Legal Entity or leave it blank for all Agents. The process will retrieve the sweeping rules that have accounts with this legal entity only.
- Lock Accounts True or false.

If "Lock Accounts" = true, the accounts used in the scheduled task cannot be used in manual sweeping. If another process is already using those accounts, the scheduled task cannot use them, and an exception task is generated for those accounts.

If "Lock Accounts" = false, there is no check for locked accounts.

• By Book - Only applies for sweeping configurations by book with usage "Target Balance". Select True for such configurations.

In this case, it creates two Simple transfers: One trade for the source book / source account and one trade for the destination book / destination account.

The transfer amount is calculated as follows:

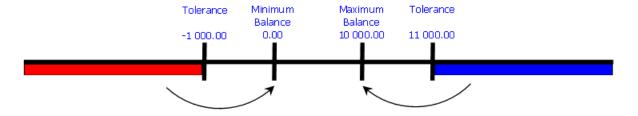
- If a tolerance amount is set-up, no transfer is generated when the balance is between the Minimum Balance or Maximum Balance and its Tolerance amount.
- If the Balance is greater than the Maximum Balance + Tolerance, then

Transfer Amount = Maximum Balance – ABS(Balance)

• If the Balance is less than the Minimum Balance + Tolerance, then

Transfer Amount = Minimum Balance – ABS(Balance)

• The amounts are rounded to the nearest taking into account the Minimum and the Tick.



This process is based on the Inventory position. The result is the generation of:

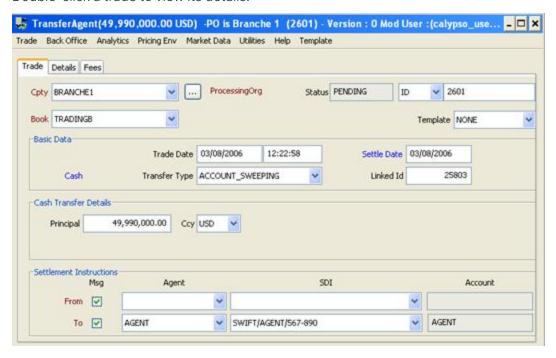
- Transfer agent trades for Nostro Sweep
- Simple transfer trades for Client Account Sweep
- Customer transfer trades for Call Accounts



From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Accounting Operations > Transfer Agent > Trade > Open** to view the Transfer Agent trade.

It opens the trade selector.

- » Click **Show Trades** to view all transfer agent trades.
- » Double-click a trade to view its details.



The transfer type is ACCOUNT_SWEEPING and the linked Id is the Account Sweeping Configuration.

13.2.2 Context Position Sweeping

Sweeping context positions is only supported for sweeping configurations by account.

The scheduled task TARGET_BALANCE allows sweeping context positions using the following attributes:

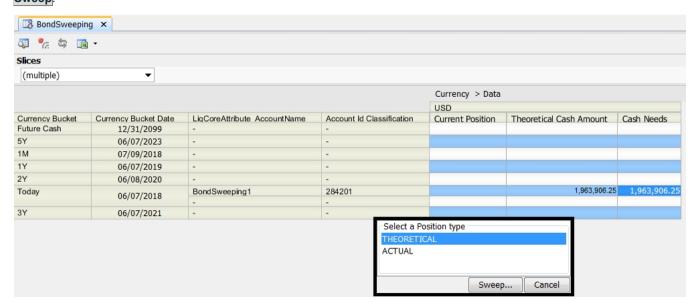


- Position Source Select "Context Position" for context position sweeping.
- Context Position Filter Enter the name of a context position filter.



It generates Transfer Agent trades between the accounts defined in the sweeping configuration. The transfer type is ACCOUNT_SWEEPING and the linked Id is the Account Sweeping Configuration.

Additionally, context position sweeping can be done via the Calypso Workstation from a Cash Ladder report. Up to two accounts may be selected. Right-click on the row to choose between Actual and Theoretical sweeping, then click **Sweep**.

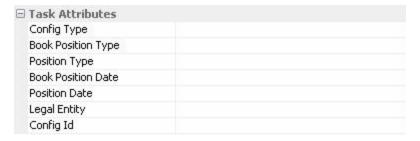


13.2.3 Account Sweeping by Book

The scheduled task ACC_BOOK_SWEEPING will select all sweeping configurations flagged "By Book" and process them in two steps:

- The system will first create Transfer Agent trades to put all account/book positions to 0, using the trading book of the position.
- Then the system will maintain the min/max defined on the sweeping configuration using the destination book.

Select a trade filter, a user, a pricing environment, and a processing organization.



Specify the following attributes as applicable:



- Config Type Select a sweeping config type as needed.
- Book Position Type Select the position type (ACTUAL or THEORETICAL for example) that needs to be set to 0.
- Position Type –Select the position type (ACTUAL or THEORETICAL for example) to be used to maintain the min/max amounts.
- Book Position Date Select the position date (TRADE or SETTLE for example) to be used to put the book/account balance to 0.
- Position Date Select the position date (TRADE or SETTLE for example) to be used to maintain the min/max amounts.
- Legal Entity Enter the name of the Legal Entity or leave it blank for all Agents. The process will retrieve the sweeping rules that have accounts with this legal entity only.
- Config Id you can select a config id to run the scheduled task for a single config.

It is possible to define a specific trade workflow (or workflow transition) for the transfer agent trades created from the account sweeping process using a static data filter based on the attribute "KEYWORD.TradeSource" IN AccountSweeping.

13.3 Active Sweeping vs. Passive Sweeping

Active Sweeping configs (triggered manually from the Inventory Position) have to be defined using the Config Type = Internal.

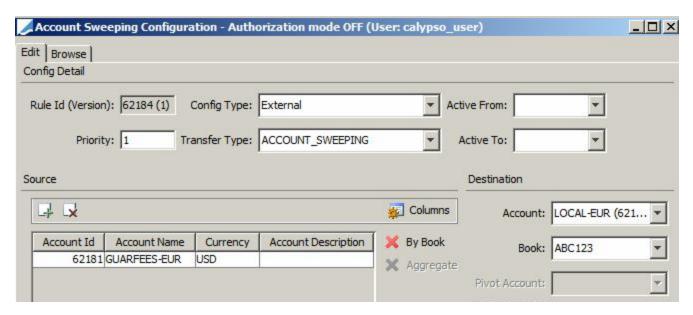
Passive Sweeping configs (triggered by the incoming statement MT940) have to be defined using the Config Type = External.

An example is presented below. Please note that when the same account belongs to two account sweeping configs (one active/one passive), you must set a higher priority for Config Type = External.

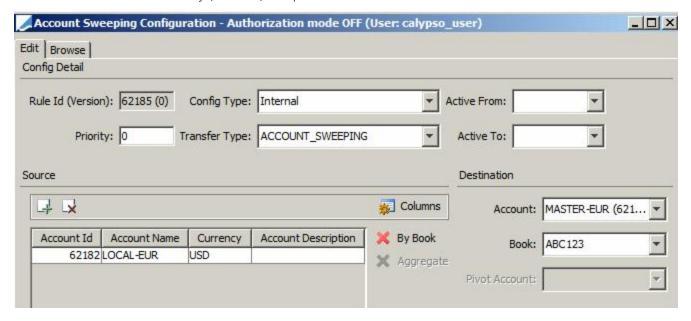
Example with the following scenario:

GUARFEES-EUR account is passively (External) swept to LOCAL-EUR account - Since LOCAL-EUR account is
involved in another sweeping config, the priority set on the External sweeping config is higher than the one
defined as Internal.



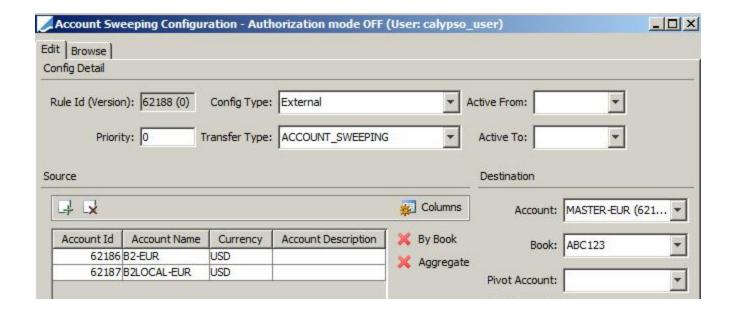


• LOCAL-EUR account is actively (Internal) swept to MASTER-EUR account.



B2-EUR account and B2LOCAL-EUR account are passively swept (External) to MASTER-EUR account

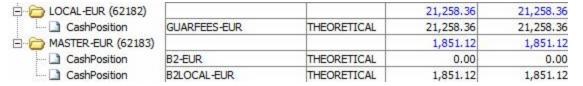




You can perform manual sweeping from the Inventory Position report.

Configure the columns as follows:

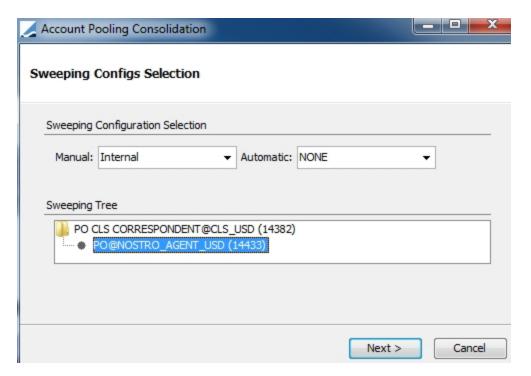
- Add the columns "Sweeping Hierarchy.1" and "Sweeping Hierarchy.2" to the display.
- Add those columns to the sort columns and to the grouping columns.
- Display the results by Aggregation (View > Set Table > Aggregation).
- · Set subtotals by Dates.



To sweep an aggregation node, select the node's subtotal, right-click and choose **Process > Pool Consolidation**.

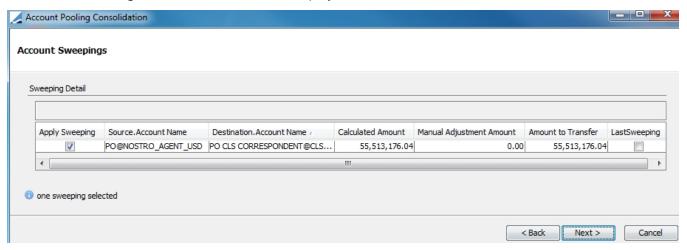
You will be prompted to select an account sweeping configuration:





» Select a configuration and click Next.

The Account Pooling Consolidation window is displayed.



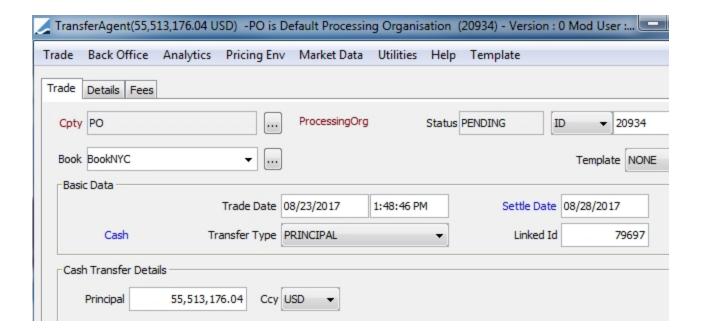
Check "Apply Sweeping" for the account sweepings you want to process.

You can check "LastSweeping" to prevent the creation of additional sweeping trades for the same accounts and the same date, including from the scheduled task TARGET_BALANCE. It sets the trade keyword LastSweeping=true on the sweeping trades.

Click **Next** to process the account sweeping.

You can view the sweeping trades from the Trade Browser.







14. Settle Accounts Dormant Process

The scheduled task ACCOUNT_DORMANT moves an account to the Dormant status if there is no activity (except interest capitalization) for the last year (or using the "From Days" field) based on the "last movement date". It can also be used to re-activate a dormant account.

To activate the dormant process for settle accounts, you need to add the transfer workflow rule SetAccountMvtDate on the "SETTLE" transition in the transfer workflow. It sets the "last movement date" each time an account is debited / credited as the Last Calendar Day of the month of the settle date of the transfer when the movement is settled.

The "last movement date" is displayed in the Account window.

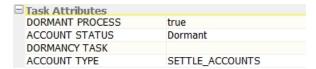


A user can amend this date provided the user has the access permission UpdateAccountDormantDates.

You also need to set the account attribute DORMANT_ELIGIBLE = true on the settle accounts for which you want to apply the dormant process.

When attribute DORMANT PROCESS = true, the system checks the CLIENT-ACTUAL-SETTLE position for which Agent Id = Account PO Id. If the position is short, the account is ignored from the dormant process and its status does not change.

Scheduled task attributes:



- DORMANT PROCESS true or false. Select true to run the Dormant process, and false to run the re-activation process.
- ACCOUNT STATUS Resulting status of the process (Dormant if DORMANT PROCESS is true, or Active if DORMANT PROCESS is false).
- DORMANCY TASK true or false. Select true to run the Dormant process in Authorization mode. It will create an authorization task.

You can use **Process > Dormant Process > Accept Dormancy** to accept the authorization task, if any, or **Process > Dormant Process > Reject Dormancy** to reject it.



• ACCOUNT TYPE - Select SETTLE_ACCOUNTS.

You can use **Process > Dormant Process > Re-Activate** to re-activate a dormant account.

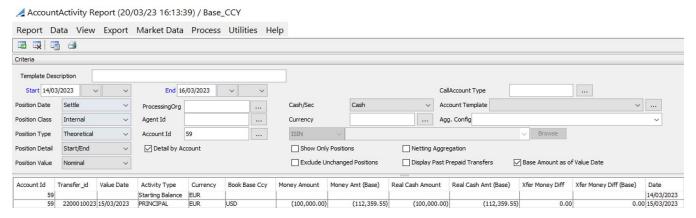


15. Viewing Account Activity

The Account Activity report shows the activity that occurs on a given client / nostro account including:

- The balances Positions computed by the inventory engine
- All the transfers on behalf of a given client or against a given nostro account
- The interest computed on the balances

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Reports > Nostro/Custodian Positions > Account Activity**.



Partial picture of Account Activity report

- » You can change the pricing details at the bottom of the window By default, the pricing environment comes from the User Defaults, and the valuation date is the current date and time.
- » You can check / uncheck View > Show Frame > Criteria to display / hide the search criteria.
- » Enter selection criteria and click 🛅 .

You need to select the position criteria: Position Date, Position Class, and Position Type.

Select the Position Detail:

- Start/End Displays the start and end balances, and the activity between the start and end dates.
- Daily Displays daily balances and activity.
- Monthly Display the start and end balances, monthly balances, and the activity between the start and end dates.

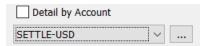
You can select multiple processing organizations and accounts, and check "Detail by Account" to show the opening /closing balances and movements by account.

You can select a custom aggregation config as needed, and you can specify the individual criteria.

[NOTE: You can only select a custom aggregation config if you have configured the Inventory engine to compute custom positions – Refer to Calypso Inventory Engine documentation for details]



Under the "Detail by Account" checkbox, you can select an Account Selector template as needed. When selected, the underlying accounts are loaded.



You can click ... next to the drop down list to define Account Selector templates. It opens the Account Selector Templates window where you can manage the templates.

- » You can select a template and click to display the number of objects that will be loaded from the database before loading the report.
- you can click do print the report results.

Note that for the Pivot view and the Aggregation view, the print icon is disabled.

You can use [Ctrl+P] or [Ctrl+L] to print the report, or you can export the report to Excel and print it from there.

» You can select the checkbox "Base Amount as of Value Date" as needed.

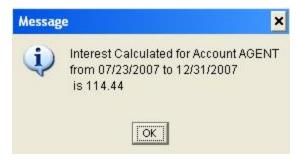
When checked, the following transfer fields are calculated based on the exchange rate for the Transfer Value Date.

- Money Amt (Base)
- Real Cash Amt (Base)
- Xfer Money Diff (base)

When unchecked, the transfer fields are calculated based on the exchange rate of the valuation date set in the report.

Activity Results

You can select a balance row and choose **Process > Project Interest** to compute the interest between the date of the selected balance and a To Date. You will be prompted to select a To Date.



The Interest Amount is the projected amount for a given balance.

The Real Interest Amount is based on the Interest Bearing trades that have been generated for a given balance. The columns Real Interest Amount and Total Real Interest Amount are calculated only when a single account is selected for performance purposes.



The Available Balance is the Balance + Overdraft Limit on the Account.



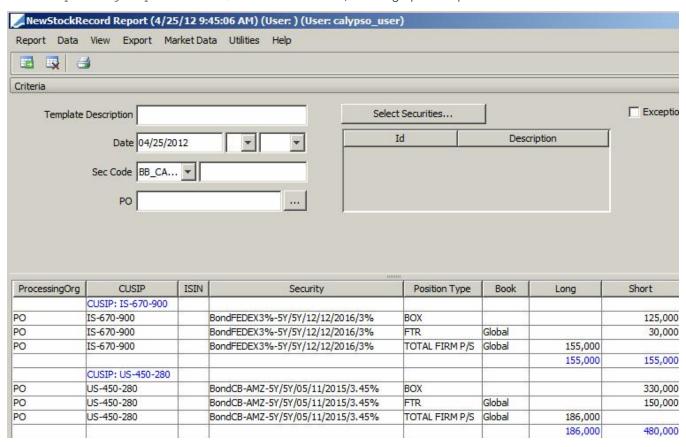
16. Stock Record Report

The Stock Record report shows Long and Short positions in each CUSIP, based on the inventory positions computed by the inventory engine. Long positions represent ownership or 'source' of securities, and Short positions represent location or 'use' of securities. The sum of the Long positions in a given CUSIP should always exactly equal the sum of the Short positions in that CUSIP.

Stock Record positions can arise from ANY securities activity, including (but not limited to) all of the following: Purchases and Sales, Repos and Reverse Repos, Securities Lending vs Cash, Securities Lending 'Free', Securities Lending vs Collateral, Buy/Sellbacks, Pledges, Free Deliveries of securities, etc.

Stock Record positions are settlement date positions - All trades/transactions with a 'value date' greater than the current business date will be ignored.

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Reports > Nostro / Custodian Positions > Stock Record Report** (menu action reporting.ReportWindow\$NewStockRecord) to bring up the report.



- » You can check / uncheck View > Show Frame > Criteria to display / hide the search criteria.
- You can change the pricing details at the bottom of the window By default, the pricing environment comes from the User Defaults, and the valuation date is the current date and time.
- » Enter search criteria as needed and click 🛅 .



By default, the report loads the full version, including every CUSIP in which a non-zero position exists.

You can check "Exception Report" to load only those CUSIPS where there is a "break" (the total of the LONG positions does not equal the total of the SHORT positions).

- » You can select a template and click to display the number of objects that will be loaded from the database before loading the report.
- » You can click do print the report results.

Note that for the Pivot view and the Aggregation view, the print icon is disabled.

You can use [Ctrl+P] or [Ctrl+L] to print the report, or you can export the report to Excel and print it from there.

Each Stock Record position can be categorized as being one of the following types.

FIRM P/S Position

This represents a Firm Position resulting from P/S trades. Firm P/S positions may be either Long or Short. They are computed by the inventory engine: THEORETICAL positions.

Firm securities (i.e. those owned by your firm) are fungible and shown by book.

FAIL Position

This represents a position of transfers in Failed status.

It is identified by FTD (failed to deliver) and FTR (failed to receive).

COLLATERAL Position

A collateral position is represented by individual financing trades (Repo, Reverse Repo, etc.), as well as margin call positions computed by the inventory engine.

Note that for netted GCF Repo positions, the book is set to GCF - Original GCF Repo trade positions (i.e. against the GCF Generic CUSIPS) are EXCLUDED from the Stock Record.

BOX Position

Position at a Depository ('Agent') Account computed by the inventory engine: ACTUAL positions.

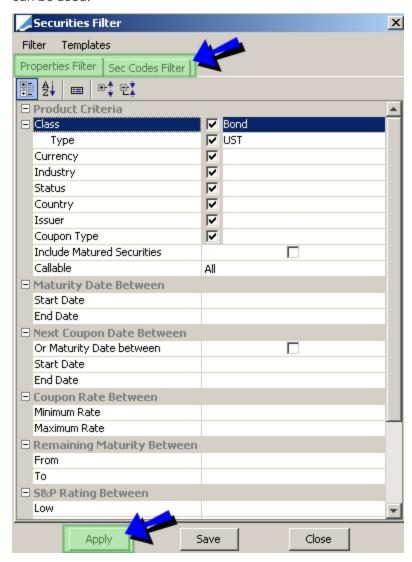
See Inventory Position for information on computing inventory positions using the inventory engine.



17. Securities Filter

The Securities Filter allows defining search criteria to filter bonds.

You can save the filter, it will be saved as a Bond Report template that can be used anywhere a Bond Report template can be used.



- » Enter search criteria in the Properties Filter panel and Sec Codes Filter panel as applicable. Then click **Apply** to apply the search criteria and load the corresponding bonds.
- you can click Save to save the filter as a Bond Report template. You will be prompted to enter a filter name.
 The Template menu allows loading / saving bond report templates.



18. Capturing Simple Transfer Trades

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Accounting Operations > Simple Transfer** configure transfer agent trades as shown below for a Cash transfer (menu action trading.TradeWindow\$SimpleTransfer).

Simple Transfers allow users to exchange cash or security between two entities. These entities can be internal (two Processing Organizations, two clients), or external (one Processing Organization versus an external counterparty, or one Client versus an external entity).



18.1 Capturing Simple Transfers

When you open a Simple Agent worksheet, the Trade panel is selected by default.

18.1.1 Entering Trade Details

- » You can select a template from the Template field to populate the worksheet with default values. Then modify the fields as applicable.
 - ► See Simple Transfer Menu for information on saving templates.

Or you can enter the trade fields directly. They are described below.

» Proceed to the other panels as applicable.

18.1.2 Saving a Trade

» Hit F5 to save the trade, or choose **Trade > Save**.

You can also hit F3 to save the current trade as a new trade, or choose Trade > Save As New.

A description appears in the title bar of the trade worksheet, a trade id assigned to the trade, and the status of the trade modifies according to the workflow configuration.



18.1.3 Fields Details

Fields	Description
То	Click to select a legal entity of specified role – This is the receiver of the transfer.
	The default role appears next to the To field. It is specified using Utilities > Set Default Role . However, you can change it as applicable. Double-click the role to change it.
From	Click to select a legal entity of specified role – This is the sender of the transfer.
	The default role appears next to the From field. You can change it as applicable. Double-click the role to change it.
Book	Trading book to which the trade belongs. Defaults to the book selected in the User Defaults. You can modify as applicable.
	The processing org of the book identifies the processing org of the trade.
Status	Current status of the trade. The status is automatically assigned by the system based on the workflow configuration.
	The status changes over the lifetime of the trade according to the workflow configuration and the actions performed on the trade.
Id	Unique identification number of the trade. The trade id is automatically assigned by the
Ext Ref	system when the trade is saved.
Int Ref	You can load an existing trade by typing the trade id into this field, and pressing [Enter].
	You can also display the internal reference of external reference. The default trade reference to be displayed can be selected in the User Defaults.
	The internal reference and external reference can be set in the Details panel of the trade.
Trade Date	Enter the trade date and time. It defaults to today.
Settle Date	The settle date defaults to the spot date (number of spot days specified in the currency defaults applied to the trade date).
	You can modify the settle date as applicable.
	Double-click the Settle Date label to adjust the settle date if the trade date is modified.
Pay/Receive	Direction of the trade from the perspective of the From legal entity. Double-click the Pay label to change to Receive as applicable.
Cash/Security	Type of simple transfer. Double-click the Cash label to change to Security as applicable.
	The rest of the fields will be different based on the Cash or Security.
Transfer Type	Select the type of transfer.
	Note that for a Security transfer, the transfer type must be set to SECURITY.
	You can limit the list of transfer types by adding the transfer types you want to display to the domain "SimpleTransfer.subtype".
Linked Id	Enter a trade id to which you want to link the simple transfer as applicable.



Fields	Description
Template	You can select a template from the Template field to populate the worksheet with default values. Then modify the fields as applicable.

Cash

Fields	Description
Principal	Enter the amount of cash to be transferred.
Currency	Select the currency of the cash amount.

Security

Fields	Description
Security	You first need to select a security. Click to select the security.
	The security currency will be displayed next to the SecCode field.
Quantity	Enter the number of securities to be transferred, and the nominal will be computed accordingly. Or enter the nominal.
Nominal	Enter the amount of nominal to be transferred, and the quantity will be computed accordingly. Or enter the quantity.
Price	Enter the clean Price of the security. The other fields will be computed accordingly.
Accrual	
Dirty Price	
SecCode	Defaults to the security code specified in the User Defaults. You can select another product code as applicable.
DAP	Check the DAP checkbox if you want to associate an amount with the security transfer.
	In that, case you can enter the following additional fields.
	Dirty Price 100.80765
	DAP Cash Amount 2,000 Q USD FX
	» Enter the DAP Cash Amount and select a settlement currency as needed. It defaults to the bond's currency.
	» If the currency is different from the bond's currency, you can enter the FX rate.
	The transfer will be DAP only if the SDI handles DAP transfers for the selected settlement currency (DAP_CCY attribute must be set to a comma-separated list of currencies, or ANY).
Returned Security	Purpose of the transfer used in combination with the Pay/Receive direction for confirmations.
Pledged Security	Check the Returned Security checkbox OR the Pledged Security checkbox.
	 Pay Pledged Security — pledging out a security.



Fields	Description
	Receive Pledged Security — taking in a pledged security.
	Pay Returned Security — giving back a security originally pledged to us.
	Receive Returned Security —taking back a security originally pledged out.

18.2 Simple Transfer Menu

The menu items of the Simple Transfer menu are described below.

Menu Items	Description
Price (F4)	To price the trade.
Solve (F9)	The Solve function is not implemented by default. However, you can create a custom Solver. Refer to the <i>Calypso Developer's Guide</i> for details.
Configure Results	To configure the pricer measures for the Results panel. You will be prompted to select pricer measures.
Save Result Config	To save the pricer measures configuration.
Save As Template	To save the trade as a template. You are prompted to enter a template name and specify whether the template is private or public. Other users will not be able to use private templates.
Delete Template	To delete a template. You will be prompted to select a template.
	Only the user who created a template (whether it is public or private) can delete it.
	You can also delete templates using Utilities > Maintenance > Monitoring > Clean-up > Clean-up Database - Products panel.
	▶ Please refer to Calypso Main Entry Utilities documentation for details.
Custom Product Data	To open a custom data window provided product custom data are specified, and a custom data window is implemented for this type of product.
	▶ Please refer to the <i>Calypso Developer's Guide</i> for information on handling product custom data.



19. Capturing Transfer Agent Trades

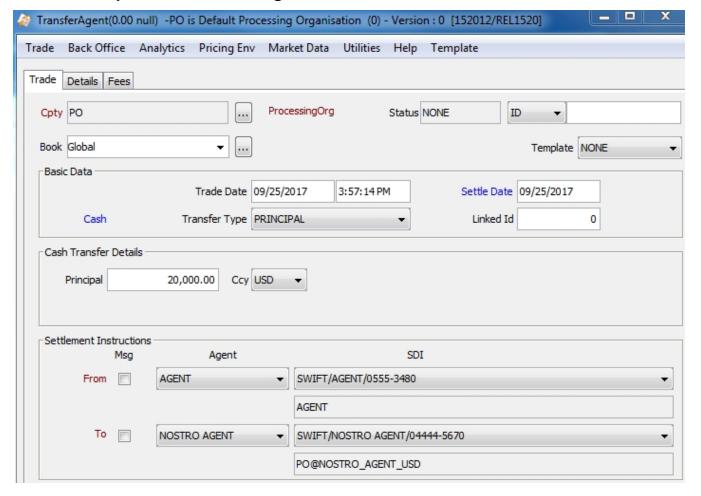
From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to **Processing > Accounting Operations > Transfer Agent** to configure transfer agent trades as shown below for a Cash transfer (menu action trading.TradeTransferAgentWindow).

A Transfer Agent trade is used to transfer Security or Cash from one Agent's account to another. It is always carried out from the perspective of the Processing Organization.





19.1 Sample Transfer Agent Trade



- » Select the Processing Organization in the Cpty field and the book.
- » Select the Transfer Type.
- » Enter the Principal amount and the currency.
- » Select the From and To agents. The corresponding SDIs will be displayed, along with the debited account (From) and the credited account (To).

For SECURITY Transfer Agent trades, you can use a specific SDI for the external side.

You need to add the role POExternalParty to the PO.

On the PO SDI, set the SDI attribute POSdiExternalReference.

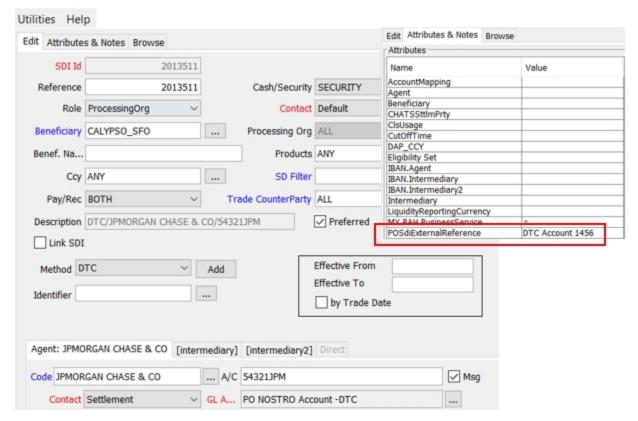
When SDI attribute POSdiExternalReference is set on the PO SDI, the system looks for an SDI with role POExternalParty for the same PO and the same value of SDI attribute POSdiExternalReference for the external side SDI.

Example:



PO SDI

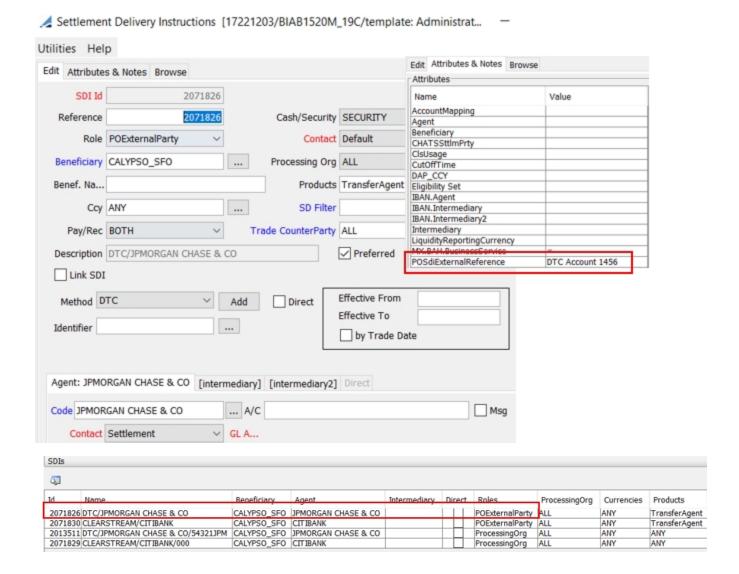
Settlement Delivery Instructions [17221203/BIAB1520M_19C/template: Administrator]



As POSdiExternalReference is set, the system looks for an SDI with role POExternalParty for the same PO and the same value of SDI attribute POSdiExternalReference.

POExternalParty SDI





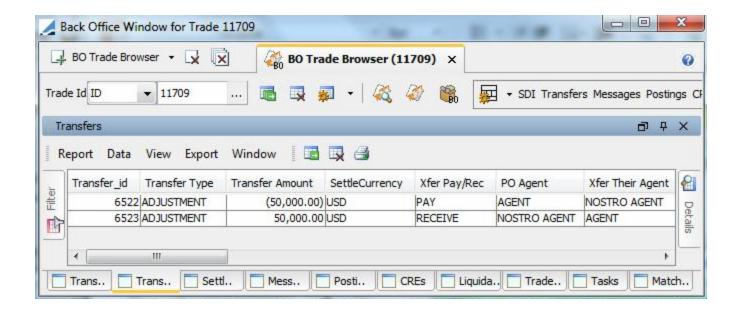
19.1.1 BO Browser

Once the Transfer Agent trade is entered and saved, you can view the transfers in the BO Browser by clicking **Back**Office in the Details panel. You can also choose **Back Office > BO Browser**.

Select the Transfers panel to view the transfers.

[NOTE: The Transfer engine should be running]





19.1.2 Trade Details

Fields	Description
Cpty	Displays the trading counterparty. The counterparty is a legal entity. The default role appears next to the Cpty field. The default role is specified using Utilities > Set Default Role . However, you can change it as applicable. Double-click the role to change it.
	You can select a legal entity of specified role from the Cpty field provided you have setup favorite counterparties. You can also type in a character to display the favorite counterparties that start with that character. Favorite counterparties are specified using Utilities > Configure Favorite Counterparties. You can also double-click the Cpty label.
	Otherwise, click to select a counterparty of specified role from the Legal Entity Chooser. You can also type [Ctrl-F] to invoke the Legal Entity Chooser.
Status	Current status of the trade. The status is automatically assigned by the system based on the workflow configuration.
	The status changes over the lifetime of the trade according to the workflow configuration and the actions performed on the trade.
ld Ext Ref	Unique identification number of the trade. The trade id is automatically assigned by the system when the trade is saved.
Int Ref	You can load a specific trade by entering the trade id in this field and pressing [Enter].
	You can also load a specific trade by the external or internal reference. Select Ext Ref or Int Ref, respectively, from the drop-down menu. Enter the reference in the adjacent field and press [Enter] to load the trade.
Book	Trading book to which the trade belongs. Defaults to the book selected in the User Defaults.



Fields	Description
	You can modify as applicable.
	You can also select a book provided you have setup favorite books. Favorite books are specified using Utilities > Configure Favorite Books .
	The processing org of the book identifies the processing org of the trade.
Template	You can select a template from the Template field to populate the worksheet with default values. Then modify the fields as applicable.
Cash / Security	Double-click the Cash label to change to Security as applicable.
	The fields are different for a cash transfer and for a security transfer. See Cash Transfer Details and Security Transfer Details below.
Trade Date	Enter the trade date and time. It defaults to today.
Settle Date	The settle date defaults to the spot date (number of spot days specified in the currency defaults applied to the trade date).
	You can modify the settle date as applicable.
	Double-click the Settle Date label to adjust the settle date if the trade date is modified.
Transfer Type	For a cash transfer, you can select the transfer type.
	For a security transfer, it is set to SECURITY.
	You can limit the list of transfer types by adding the transfer types you want to display to the domain "TransferAgent.subtype".
Linked Id	Enter a trade id to which you want to link the agent transfer as applicable.

Cash Transfer Details

Principal	Enter the cash amount you want to transfer.
Ссу	Select the currency of the cash amount.

Security Transfer Details

Security	Click to select the security.
Nominal	Enter the nominal of transferred security, and the quantity will be computed accordingly. Or enter the quantity.
SecCode	Defaults to the product code selected in the user defaults. You can select another product code as applicable. Product Codes are defined using Static Data > Reference Data > Product Code from the Calypso Navigator.
Quantity	Enter the quantity of transferred security, and the nominal will be computed accordingly. Or enter the nominal.



DAP	Check the DAP checkbox if you want to associate a cash amount with the security transfer.
	In that, case you can enter the following additional fields.
	✓ DAP Same side delivery Cash Amount 200.00 USD ∨
	» Enter the Cash Amount and select a settlement currency as needed. It defaults to the security's currency.
	» Check "Same side delivery" to deliver the cash amount in the same direction as the security (Example: PAY Sec / PAY Cash).
	The transfer will be DAP only if the SDI handles DAP transfers for the selected settlement currency (DAP_CCY attribute must be set to a comma-separated list of currencies, or ANY).

Settlement Instructions

From To	Select the From and To agents. The corresponding SDIs will be displayed, along with the debited account (From) and the credited account (To). You can modify the SDIs as applicable.
	You can check the From or To "Msg" checkbox to send a message to the agent provided the corresponding message setup is configured.
	If From or To "Msg" checkbox is checked, a payment message can be generated for Role = Addressee, provided the corresponding message setup is configured.

19.1.3 Payment Message

The message template MT103XferAgent allows producing MT103 messages with tag 53B (Sender's Correspondent) when "Msg" is checked in the SDIs.

You can use the message templates "Payment.selector" or "PaymentCOV.selector" otherwise.

▶ Please refer to Calypso Settlements documentation for details.

19.2 Template Menu

The menu items of the Template menu are described below.

Menu Items	Description
Save As Template	To save the trade as a template. You are prompted to enter a template name and specify whether the template is private or public. Other users will not be able to use private templates.
Delete Template	To delete a template. You will be prompted to select a template.
	Only the user who created a template (whether it is public or private) can delete it.
	You can also delete templates using Utilities > Maintenance > monitoring > Clean-up > Clean-up Database , Products panel.



Menu Items	Description
	▶ Please refer to Calypso Main Entry Utilities documentation for details.