

Nasdaq Calypso

Client Custody

Version 18

Revision 8.0 April 2025 Approved



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Document History

Revision	Published	Summary of Changes
1.0	February 2024	First revision for version 18
2.0	April 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release – Added multiple outcomes for MT564 generation, and generation of MT564 reminders
3.0	May 2024	Updates version 18 monthly release – Added static data filters for MT564 generation and AUTO_CANCEL action to CA_NOTIFICATION workflow.
4.0	July 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release – Added domain value messageAllowedTemplates.REMIND for MT564 message generation
5.0	September 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release – Added integration of MT103 and MT202 messages.
6.0	November 2024	Updates for version 18 monthly release – Added CheckLegalAgreement workflow rule.
7.0	February 2025	Updates for version 18 monthly release – Updated Use of Account Attribute Client and Custody Book.
8.0	April 2025	Updates for version 18 monthly release – Added Foreign Currency Funding (MT200 and MT210 integration)

This document describes the setup requirements for managing Client Custody.



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Configuration

1.1 Initial Setup

1.1.1 Environment properties

Please set the following environment properties:

MIRROR WORKFLOW=false

USE_CALL_ACCOUNT=false

CUSTODY_CONTEXT=false

1.1.2 Domain Values

Enable Client Account Management

The following values in domain "ProcessingConfig" enable the creation of specific trade transfer rules for the client account when the trade key ClientAccount is filled.

ETDClearing.ClearingAccountTransferGeneration=true

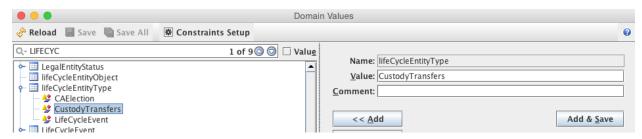
Custody.lsActive=true

ETDClearing.SecurityTransferGeneration=false

Enable Lifecycle Transfer Management

This property enables the settlement chain of the transfer to be completed. It applies the settlement from none custody transfer (PO acts in its name) to custody transfer (PO acts in the name of the client), from there to the client account itself.

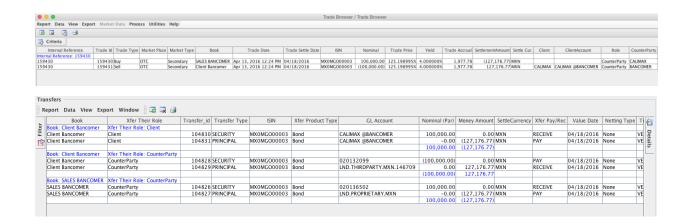
It is an option for the lifecycleEngine that needs to be up to grant the synchronicity of the transfers.



Description

CALIMAX sells to Bancomer \$100,000 MX0MG000003





Transfer Chain

- PRINCIPAL settles PRINCIPAL only
- INTEREST settles INTEREST only
- SECLENDING_FEE settles SECLENDING_FEE only
- SECURITY settles SECURITY and any other transfers that is not part of the previous list (PRINCIPAL, INTEREST and SECLENDING_FEE)

Actions Maintained

- SETTLE
- PARTIAL_SETTLE
- SPLIT

Parent/Child

- The Transfers coming from book with attribute Custody Book set to true are always children of the other transfer
- The client transfer is always a child of the Settlement movement

From previous screen:

Xfer 104826 is the parent of 104828 that is the parent of 102830 such as:

Actions (SETTLE, SPLIT...) on 104826 will be applied also on 104828

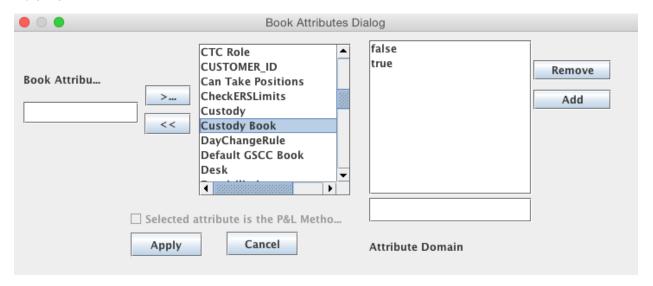
Actions (SETTLE, SPLIT...) on 104828 will be applied also on 104830



1.1.3 Custody Book

All client trades must be captured with a book having book attribute Custody Book = true.

This attribute is mandatory to identify a trade from client perspective with no settlement or financial risk from the PO's view.

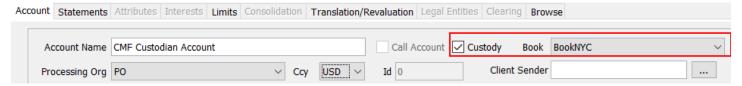


The system allows one book or multiple books per Processing Org depending on environment property ALLOW_MULTIPLE_CUSTODY_BOOK.

If ALLOW_MULTIPLE_CUSTODY_BOOK = false, only one book is authorized per PO. The book is linked to the client by the PO defined on the client account, provided Custody Book = true.

If ALLOW_MULTIPLE_CUSTODY_BOOK= true, it is possible to define a book per client account.

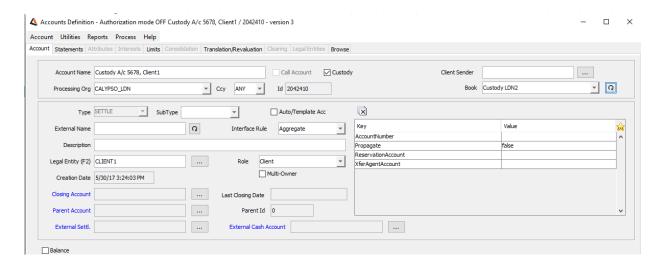
On the Account window, check the "Custody" checkbox to select a book from the Book field. It only shows books where book attribute Custody Book = true.



When "Custody" checkbox is selected and ALLOW_MULTIPLE_CUSTODY_BOOK= true, a 'Dispatch' button indicated by round arrow Ω is added for the custody book selection:

- If the client already has an account for particular PO, the existing custody book is selected.
- If new client, the window will select custody book with the least number of client accounts linked to it, from the list of all custody books of the PO.





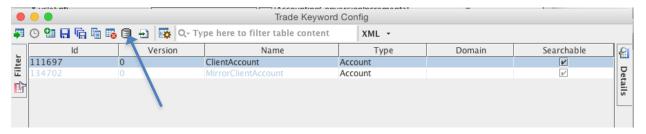
Client Account Trade attributes 1.1.4

From the Calypso Navigator, navigate to Configuration > System > Keywords & Attributes > Trade Keyword (menu action core.keyword.TradeKeywordConfigWindow).

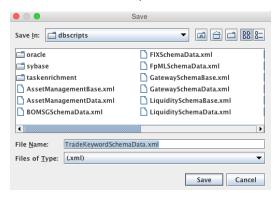
ClientAccount is the client account at the PO on a client trade. Book must be type custody.

MirrorClientAccount is the client account at the PO on a PO trade. Mirror Book must be type custody.

CashSettlement indicates if the client exchanges cash with this trade or expect a FOP delivery.

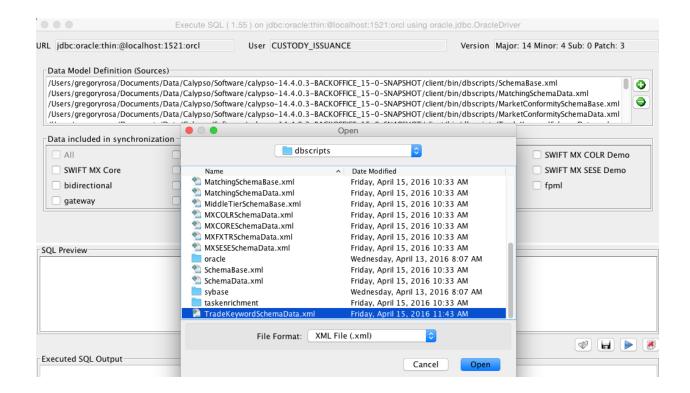


After the creation of the previous entries, the DB needs to be changed. Click on the DB icon to generate an xml file for the Execute SQL process

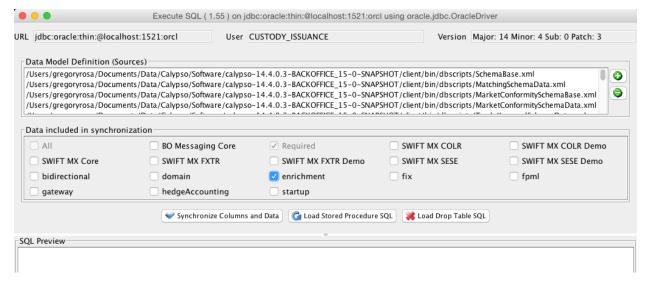


Ensure the file is selected under the Data Model Definition





Select the enrichment option to synchronize the keyword change with the DB.



Some SQL statements will be created to alter/create Trade_Keyword_Accel table.

SQL Preview

ALTER TABLE TRADE_KEYWORD_ACCEL ADD clientaccount2022604 numeric NULL

ALTER TABLE TRADE_KEYWORD_ACCEL ADD mirrorclientaccount2022605 numeric NULL



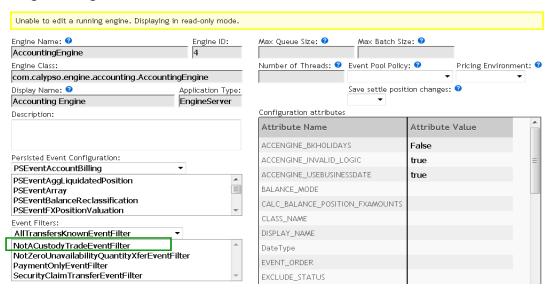
1.1.5 Accounting Engine Filter

The following engine filter is available: NotACustodyTradeEventFilter



It acknowledges the PSEventTrade with a book type custody. Its main usage is for the accounting engine if no accounting from the client perspective is required.

Engine Configuration



1.2 Workflow Rules

On PSEventTrade

CheckClientAccount: To break STP if book is custody and ClientAccount is empty

CheckMirrorClientAccount: To break STP if Mirror book is custody and MirrorClientAccount is empty

CheckCustodyBook: To break STP if ClientAccount is set and the Book is not type Custody

CheckLegalAgreement: To break STP is there is no legal agreement signed with the owner of the ClientAccount. When this rule is used on an action, the Transition Comment must be set to SIGNED.



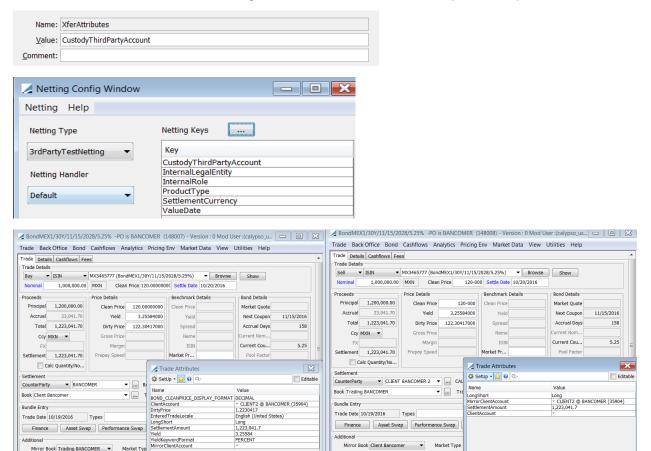
1.3 Netting Configuration

It is required to be able to net (group) transfers based on the Product, the Value Date and the proprietary & thirdparty accounts to be debited/credited. Other netting keys may be added based on the user requirements.

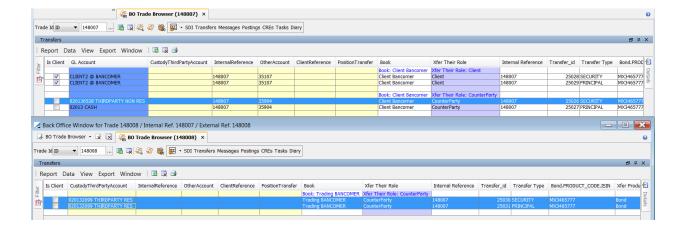
Indeed one single message, triggered by the proprietary transfer, is going to be sent to Indeval to instruct the debit of the proprietary account (case of buy by an internal client)

This kind of Netting is only applied in case of Internal Custody.

The Xfer Attribute on which the netting rule must be created is CustodyThirdPartyAccount.







1.4 Trade Open Quantity Report

The open trades can be shown using the following menu: reporting.ReportWindow\$TradeOpenQuantity

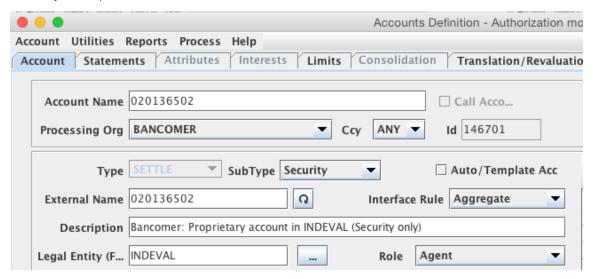


Process Management

2.1 Accounts

- Security accounts, 3 required:
 - One for PO own activity
 - One for resident client custody
 - One for Non resident client custody
- One Cash account: Shared by all activities
- One 'Vostro' technical account for the system to match client entries
- One Client Account

Security Principal Account

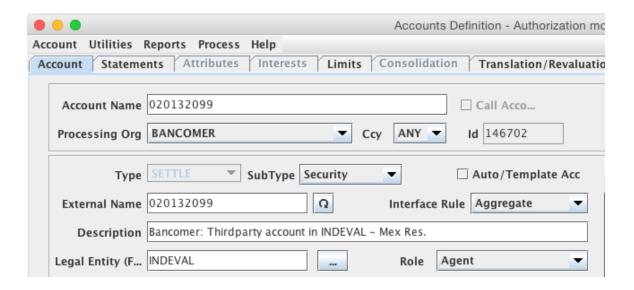


Security Third Party Account

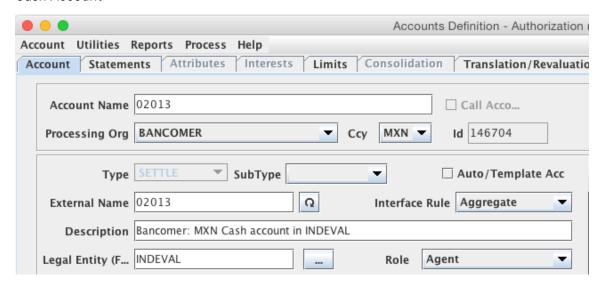
They are two third-party accounts:

- One for resident
- One for none-resident



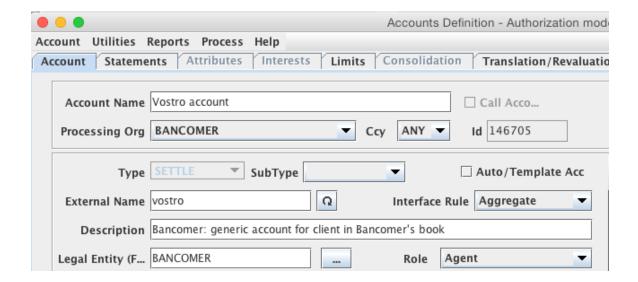


Cash Account



Vostro Account



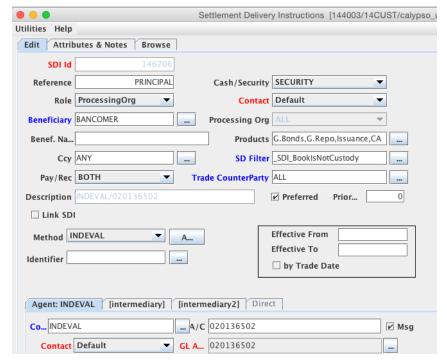


2.2 SDIs

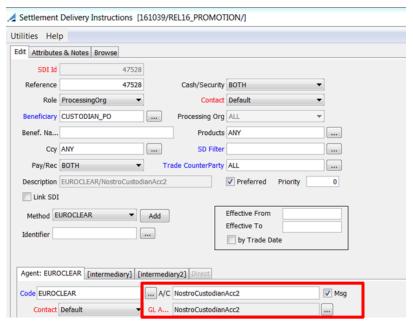
- PO: Security and Cash
- Client: With role client (when custody is Bancomer) and CounterParty either for:
 - Matching Broker deal for settlement
 - Purely external is Client did not keep its security at Bancomer
- SD Filters are used to separate and allocate SDI.

Security Principal SDI





When SDI Cash/Security = BOTH and GL Account TYPE = SECURITY, you can associate cash Nostro accounts with the security Nostro account directly from the SDI window:



Click on **Cash Accounts Definitions** to associate the cash accounts:



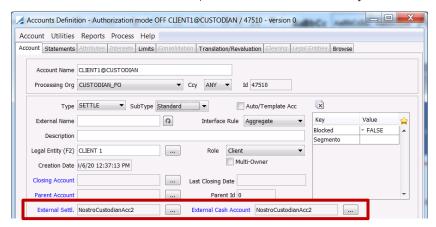


Currency – To select the cash currency.

Cash A/C - To enter the cash account.

Cash GL A/C - To select the cash GL account.

NOTE: When using the logic based on the **External Settlement Account** and **External Cash Account** along with the MultiCCY Cash Accounts SDIs, the same Nostro Security Account must be configured on both fields:



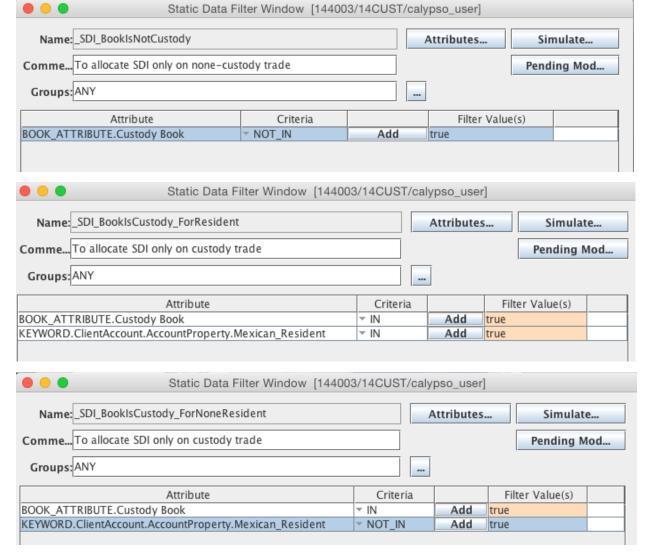
Security Third-Party SDI



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Utilities Help				
Edit Attri	butes & Notes Browse			
SDI Id	146707			
Reference	THIRD-MEX		Cash/Securit	y SECURITY 🔻
Role	ProcessingOrg v		Contac	t Default ▼
Beneficiary	BANCOMER		Processing Or	g ALL ▼
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Ссу	ANY		SD Filte	r DI_BookIsCustody_ForResident
Pay/Rec	ВОТН ▼	Trac	de CounterPart	y ALL
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Edit Attrib SDI Id Reference	THIRD-N-MEX ProcessingOrg ▼		Cash/Security	SECURITY Default
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Static Data Filters



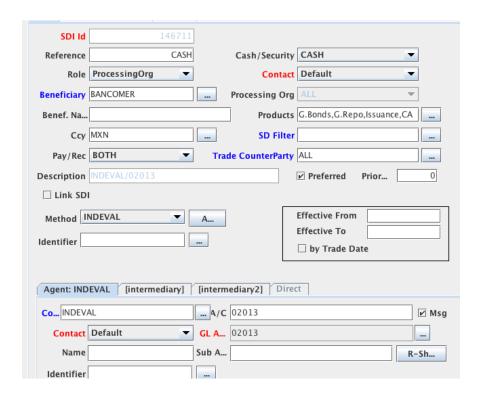
Attribute "Custody Book" on the book determines if the deal is client or house.

Client Accounts are flagged in this example as Resident or not.

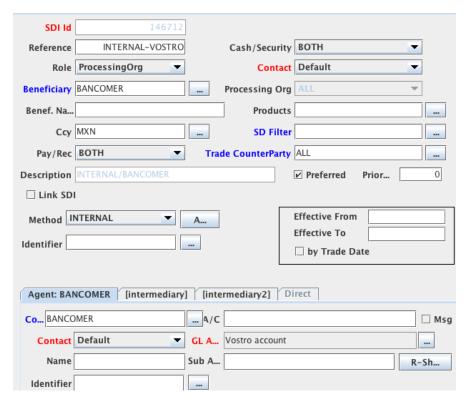
Cash SDI

(Not needed if you setup the Security SDI with Cash/Security = BOTH)





Vostro SDI





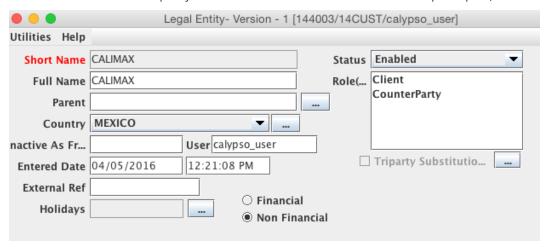
2.3 Client Onboarding

Example - Calimax has a client account @Bancomer. This account is marked as resident:

2.3.1 Legal Entity

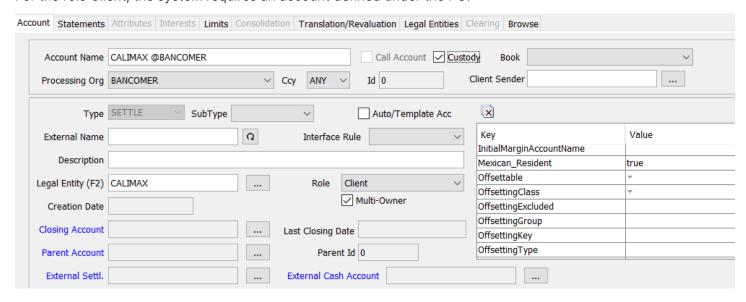
A client is defined as a legal entity with the role Client and CounterParty.

- The role client is used under the specific transfer rules when PO acts as custodian
- The role counterparty is used on trade when the PO acts as principal (mirror of the custodian entry)



2.3.2 Client Account

For the role Client, the system requires an account defined under the PO.

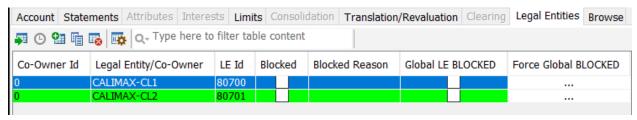


You can check "Custody" to:



- Define a book per client account See Custody Book for details.
- Generate client statements See Swift MT535 Messages

You can check "Multi-Owner" and define the owners in the Legal Entities panel.



Only legal entities with role Client can be selected.

You can block the owner of a multi-owner account by clicking the Force Global BLOCKED column. You will be prompted to confirm. It will set the legal entity attribute BLOCKED=true and block the owner. A blocked owner cannot be selected in a custody trade.

This account will carry the holdings (assets) from the client perspective (VOSTRO, "your account in my book").

From the custody perspective an external account (within the CSD or the local custodian of the custodian) is also required. It can be defaulted from regular SDI assignment or known by the Client account and such as defaulted by this one.

In such case (Client account knows the external account to settle on), there are two possibilities:

- The external account is individual (the client owns the account) Used for registration, US settlement, etc.
- The external account is omnibus, but the client account is only attached to a specific market and account (Mexican custody for local resident).

These fields are set to facilitate this configuration and the SDI assignment:

- External Settlement Account is viewed from Client Account perspective: It restricts the client account to one external account (individual or not). When set, only PO SDIs with this External Settlement Account are available
- Client is viewed from individual account; so the account is available and owned only by one client. It did not restrict SDI, but those are available only if the Client is set part of the trade.

See Omnibus vs. Individual for details.

An account is identified as a client account as the LE role is client or if it is a Call Account.

The Currency can be restricted if required. In this example, it is set to "ANY" as the SDI will restrict the currency the client can settle. Balance flag is un-checked; ledgers are not supported on client account under custody.

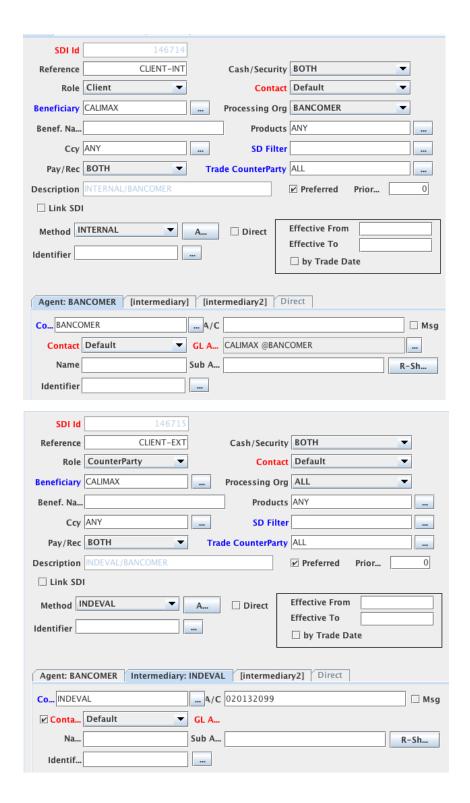
This Account can be available only through SDI.

2.3.3 SDIs

Two SDIs are required:



- Role client: to SETTLE the client account on the client trade
- Role CounterParty: For trade Principal (see capture example) to generate SWIFT





2.3.4 Omnibus vs. Individual

The Nostro is held for a pool of clients: Omnibus

The Nostro is held by one client only: Individual

Omnibus accounts (PO SDI) are defaulted regularly (removing individual accounts from SDI selection).

For individual account, the system must limit the PO SDI to the one the client held. This selection is required for PO SDI on transfer rule with role counterparty and role client.

Use of External Settlement Account

The field can be filled only:

• If the account is defined as Client:

Type is SETTLE

LE.Role=Client or LE.Role in domain AccountHolderRole

With an 'external' settle account:

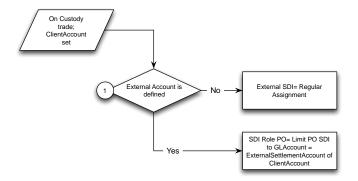
Type is SETTLE

LE.Role is not Client neither in domain AccountHolderRole

When set, any PO SDI (role is ProcessingOrg) defaulted MUST have only their GLAccount = to the External Settlement Account.

Therefore for Custody trade only (Book attribute 'Custody Book'=true).

- When ClientAccount trade keyword is set with a valid account id
- The PO SDI are only the one with GLAccount = External Settlement Account
- Otherwise normal SDI list is returned.



Account field External Settlement Account (Trade Keyword ClientAccount) is not null and contains a Calypso Account ID.

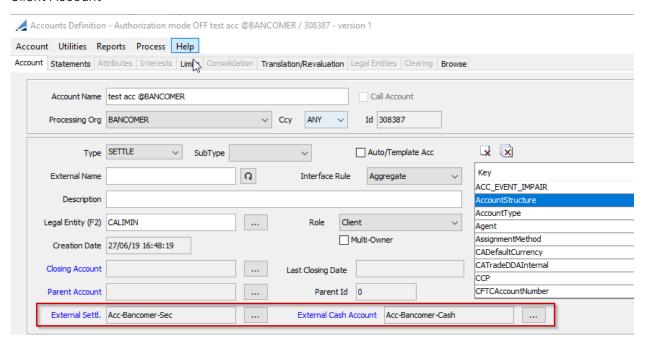


The intention here is to limit the external settlement account to the one defined on the account of the client. It can be used for example for mandatory external segregation:

- Local v. Foreigners
- Equity v. Bonds
- .../...

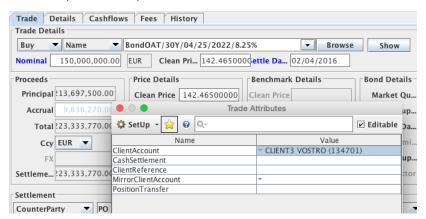
But also for individual account mapping if 1:1 mapping is required (1 client account=1 external account).

Client Account

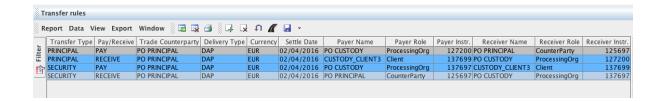


This client account is attached to only one external account: Acc-Bancomer-Cash.

Trade Capture example







Note the custody is security driven. In theory Cash account is strictly attached to the security. As Calypso behaves in a more functional way, the cash account set for DAP activity depends on the CASH SDI available.

In our case we assume the Cash account and Security account are the same.

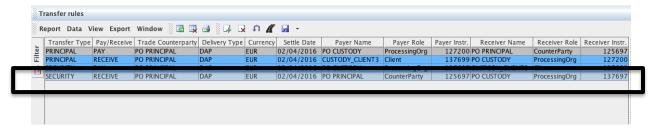
Application cases

The usage of External Settlement Account is limited to the SECURITY "NOSTRO" (indeed VOSTRO most of the time) held by the PO for the Client. In other words, it is restricting SDI selection only for:

- Book is custody (and only custody)
- Transfer type=SECURITY
- Transfer is not Client (DDA) the role of the external party is different from the ClientAccount LE.Role

External Settlement Account is kept as the account id under the client account property. In that respect it is shown as an account name from GUI but kept as an id.

From previous example only the following transfer rule is impacted



External Cash Account

External Cash Account works exactly the same as External Settlement Account. The difference is on transfer type. In the case of External Cash Account, the restricted SDIs are those under a transfer type that is not SECURITY

Cases of application:

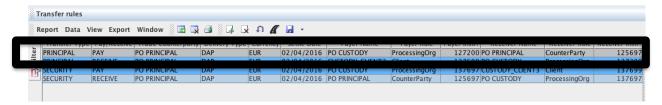
- Book is custody (and only custody)
- Transfer type is not SECURITY
- Transfer is not Client (DDA) the role of the external party is different from the ClientAccount LE.Role

All conditions must be accepted.



The value of External Cash Account is as per External Settlement Account: the account id but displayed as the account name.

As per previous example transfer rule impacted if External Cash Account is defined.



The process can be summarized as:

Only for book that is custody (Attribute Book Custody=true)

For ClientAccount

- If External Settlement Account is not null then PO SDI are restricted to this value (POSDI.GLAccount = External Settlement Account) on SECURITY transfers
- If External Cash Account is not null then PO SDI are restricted to this value (POSDI.GLAccount = External Cash Account) on NONE SECURITY transfers

Use of Account Attribute Client

The intention here is to limit the usage of an external account to only one client. The client being identified as the LE under the account that is set on the trade keyword 'ClientAccount'.

The usage of an external account is limited to only one client by restricting the list of PO SDIs having G/L account with LE = value of the 'Client' attribute:

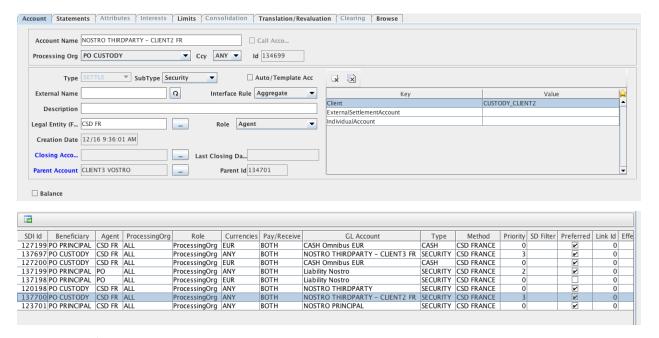
- empty
- or equal to LE owning the account in the tradeKeyword 'ClientAccount'.

Note that this account key can also be used on a Client Account definition with the value of the Agent to be used in the SDIs.

This value can be used in conjunction with the External Settlement Account (strict individual account) or without (client account can use other external account).

As mentioned, the filling of External Settlement Account on ClientAccount and Client on external account has to be consistent. If the combination is not mandatory, when enabled the Client has to be set properly.

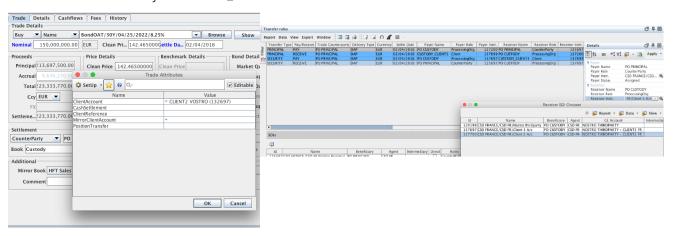




The usage of SDI id 137700 is limited to trade with a ClientAccount having LE=CUSTODY_CLIENT2

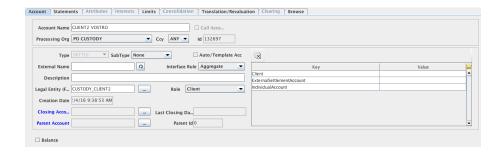
Trade example with the previous setup

ClientAccount is held by CUSTODY_CLIENT2

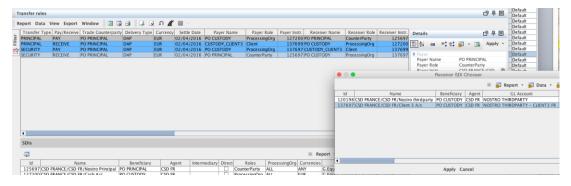


SDI on the external account is available





Any other LE



The SDI is no more available as restricted to only CUSTODY_CLIENT2 LE.

2.4 Tax Position – Book and Liquidation

A technical book represents the client's asset at the PO. Only one Custody Book can exist per PO. It gets identified by the attribute Custody Book =True.

An additional position type: CLIENT is added, it is maintained by:

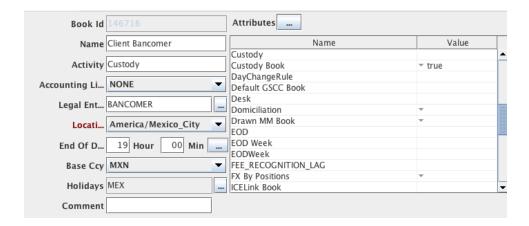
- Client Account (Liquidation Attributes)
- For only trades under a custody book: TradeFilter= '_NotCustodyTrade'

Regular positions (for the PO activities) gets a filter to exclude client trades:

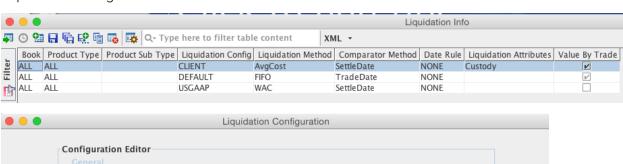
TradeFilter= '_NotCustodyTrade'

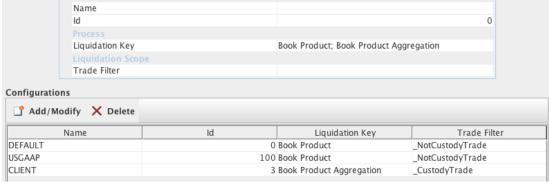
Custody Book

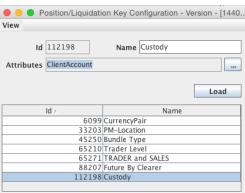




Liquidation Configuration

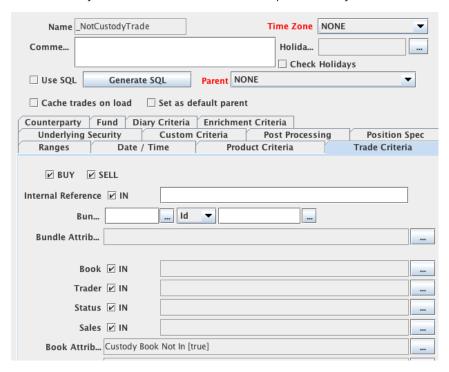




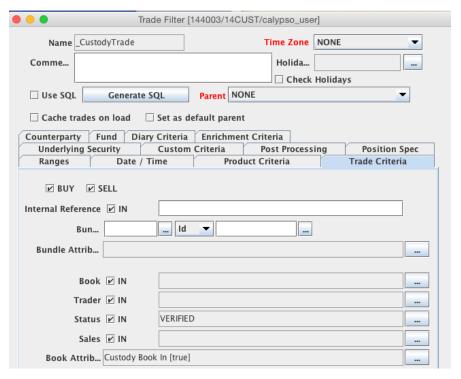




'_NotCustodyTrade' filter exclude from PO position any client trades and grant a clear separation of holdings.



'_CustodyTrade' filter gets only client trades. Status is set to VERIFIED in this example so the tax is calculated and applied only if the trade is fully VERIFIED.





2.5 Trade Capture and Lifecycle

2.5.1 Type of trades

Client trades types:

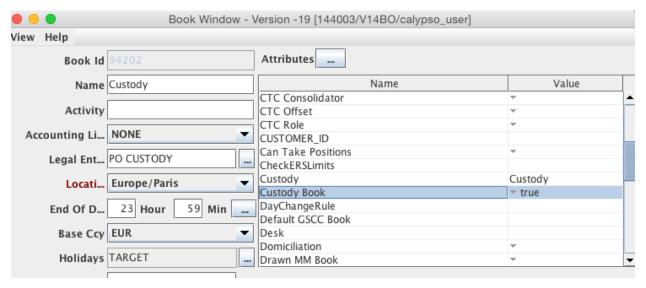
#	Туре	Mirror	Number of trades
1	Client faces a Counterparty not in Account with PO	No	1
2	Client faces a Counterparty in account with PO	No	1 per client
2'	Client faces a Counterparty in account with PO	Yes	1 per client
3	Client faces the PO	Yes	2: 1 for client / 1 for PO
4	Client faces a PO	No	2: 1 for client / 1 for PO

The custody mirroring is authorized only within the same PO. If the PO acting as Principal is different from the one acting as Custodian, the mirroring is disabled, unless the two POs are related by a Parent.

Book classification is used to identify the type of trade. The attribute Custody Book on the book, when set to true, mark the trade as part of custody, therefore:

Type of trade	Trading Book	Mirror Book	Type of Trade
1	Is Custody	Any	Is custody process The trade is client
2	Is not Custody	Is not Custody	Is not Custody process Regular principal activities
3	Is not Custody	Is Custody	Principal leg of a transaction facing a client of one PO





For one PO (legal entity of the book) only one book can exist with the flag custody book set to 'true'. A control to prevent the saving of another one is required.

The trade and the mirror trade are submitted to the MIRROR_WORKFLOW environment property.

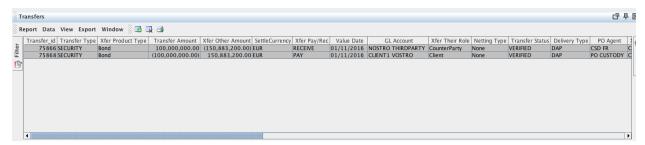
Transfer generation:

The system generates 3 transfers for each flow:

- 2 External transfers:
 - PO 'Sales activity' to CounterParty (CTP being the client using Bancomer as its agent)
 - Client to PO 'Sales activity', with Client represented by the PO 'Custody'
- 1 Internal transfer:
 - PO Custody to Client representing holdings held by the PO in name of the client (Client trade keyword)

When a transfer workflow action is added to the domain CustodyTransferSimpleAction and the action is applied to a "parent" transfer, the action is also applied to the corresponding mirror transfers. If the action is applied to the mirror transfers directly, it is not applied back to the "parent" transfer.

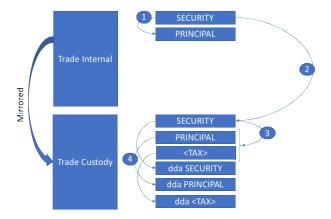
If the transfer workflow action is not in the domain, it is not applied to the corresponding mirror transfers.





The "client" leg is used for internal treatment, mainly vostro inventory management. The settlement, such as swift generation, is done through the "counterparty" one. Therefore any status of the "counterparty" one needs to be applied on the client one.

The settlement of the SECURITY on the NOSTRO settles the SECURITY VOSTRO (including partial settlement).



- 1 Action on Security transfer is applied to Principal transfer
- 2 Same action is applied to equivalent Security transfer on custody side
- 3 This action on action security is mimic to the cash side
- 4 The actions on "external movement" are replicated onto dda transfers

The lifecycle engine with the option CustodyTransfers is keeping the transfer status of custody trades in sync. As is, it applies an action received on an external movement to the belonging transfers that relates to it.

2.5.2 Lifecycle Engine - Option CustodyTransfers

Create a LifeCycle engine with:

Event subscription: PSEventProcessTransfer, PSEventTransfer

Event filter: TransferTypeExcluded

This filter disregards all events with transfer type listed into the domain "xferTypeExcluded". For example, you can exclude transfers with status TRANSFER TAX.

config: CustodyTransfers

Between Mirror Trades

It is used mainly in the case one instruction is sent on the market:

- Most likely the one from Nostro Principal: Book is not Custody, Mirror book is Custody
- To know the transfer to "mirror" the action:

From:

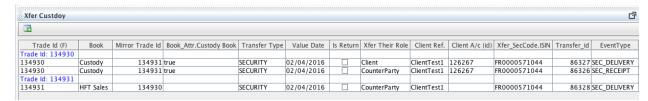


- PSEvent=Book is not Custody
- XferType is SECURITY or PRINCIPAL or INTEREST or SECLENDING_FEE

To:

- Xfer Book is Custody
- Mirror Trade Id is Trade id of "From"
- Xfer Type equals Xfer Type From
- Value Date are the same
- Is Return flag is identical

In this example trade id 134931 (PO acts as Principal) is mirrored with trade 134930 (Client trade).



Any action on transfer 86328 publishes an event to the LifeCycle engine; this engine will try to replicate it under transfer 86326.

Transfers within Same Trade

On custody trade, some transfers are created to retain cash on the client account either for:

- PNL/BS: Fees charge by Custodian to its client
- Escrowed: Tax or payment obligation held by the client and collect by the custodian before execution

In those cases, the full settlement of the security transfer settles the additional cash movements:

- Fees
- Taxes

To know which one to SETTLE the LifeCycle engine has to load transfers based on:

- Value Date are the same
- Xfer Type in a pre-defined list: NOT: PRINCIPAL, SECURITY or INTEREST or SECLENDING_FEE
- Trade id of security transfer = Trade id of the transfer to update

Such as:

When "CounterParty" transfer on the custody trade is settled, the fees and taxes under the same trade are settled to.

So far only SETTLE is replicated.

If a non DDA custody transfer is settled, the associated DDA transfers are settled as well based on the values in domain "CustodyThirdPartyAccountTransfers".

If empty and security transfer is settled, the DDA security transfer is settled as well.



If empty and cash transfer is settled, the DDA cash transfer is settled as well.

If it contains Value = fromSecurityToCash: If security transfer is settled, the DDA security transfer is settled as well, and the cash transfers are settled.

If it contains Value = fromCashToSecurity: If cash transfer is settled, the DDA cash is settled as well, and the security transfers are settled.

In the case of mirrored trades between Custodian and Client, if an action is applied to a Client transfer, the action is propagated to the Custodian transfer. This only applies to actions defined in domain "CustodyTransferAction". The actions SPLIT and PARTIAL_SETTLE are not supported.

2.6 Broker, Custodian and Principal

2.6.1 Trade Booking

Scenario client BUYS \$100,000 of MX0MGO00003 from Bancomer

- Broker is represented by Sales Book (position flat EOD)
- Sales book buy securities from Trading book
- Sales book sell securities to the client in account with Bancomer custody
- Trading book faces the street



Trade: 153930

Trading book (HFT BANCOMER) buy securities from the street (Santander)

Trade: 153931 (mirror of 153932)

Trading book sell the security internally to Sales book (SALES BANCOMER)

Trade: 153932 (mirror of 153932)

Sales Book recognise the position to sell it to client (next slide)

Note: Prices and Sales margin fee are not represented with those examples

2.6.2 Broker to Client

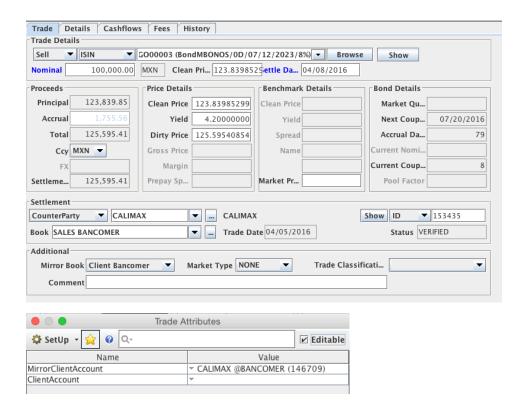
FO capture a trade on its SALES book (brokerage) against the client (CALIMAX); as CALIMAX has its holding kept by Bancomer, the Mirror book is set to Custody book the Mirror Client Account fill with the Client Account at Bancomer

System automatically mirror the trade to the Client one and:

- Booked are mirrored
- Client account are mirrored

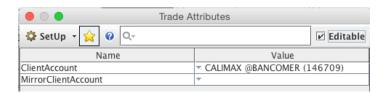


- Resulting into a trade for Which:
 - Client faces the PO of the SALES book
 - Additional transfers to represent client position are added

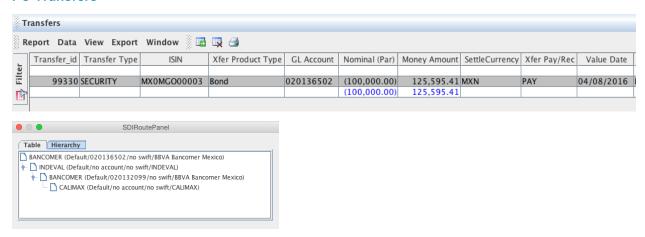




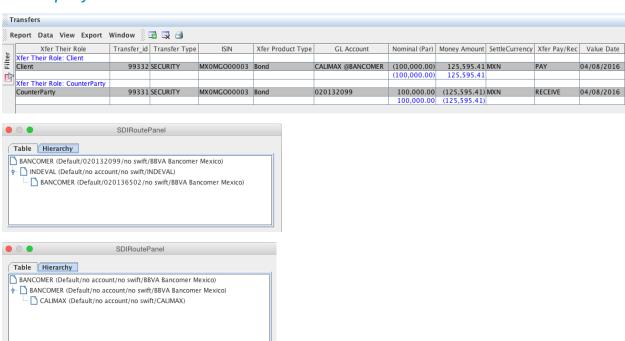




PO Transfers



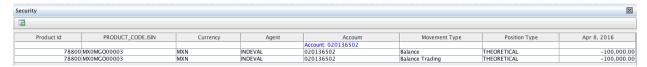
Counterparty Transfers



Inventory Position



Proprietary account: is reduced by amount sold to client



Third-party account: received the client's holding



Client account is credited for the security



In order to explode the Client position per external account, and the external position per client account, you need to set environment property INVENTORY_POSITION_CUSTODY_MODE = true. It is false by default. If true, the positions are subdivided by SubSecAccount / SubCashAccount on transfers.

You also need to configure the inventory aggregation by Agent/CustAcc or Book/Agent/Account/CustAcc.

You can also filter out certain transfers as needed.

You need to set the account attribute InventoryRequired = false (default is true).

Then add the filter TransferWithNoPositionEventFilter to the Inventory engine – It filters out transfers for which the GL Account's attribute InventoryRequired=false.

2.6.3 Broker and Principal

Scenario client BUYS \$200,000 of MX0MGO00003 from Bancomer

- Same set of trades will be applicable (as custody example); the difference is on the 'Sales book' trade selling to a client that is not mirrored to Custody. In that case the client keeps its asset with another custodian
- In that example Trading book:
 - Buys \$400,000 to from street (Banamex)
 - Sell \$200,000 to 'Sales book'
- Sales book:
 - Buy the \$200,000 from Trading book



- Sell it to a client that is not keeping its asset within the bank (no mirror book)

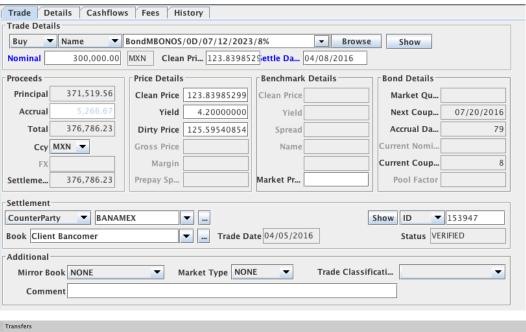
Note the 'Sales book' can face the street directly. In this description, the configuration is done such as 'Sales book' is a fee business and such as flat EOD. 'Trading book' takes directional trades from market



2.6.4 Custodian

Scenario client BUYS \$300,000 of MX0MGO00003 from a counterparty with no account at Bancomer (BANAMEX).

- Only one trade is captured under the 'Custody book' (only difference from Broker, custodian and principal example)
- It impacts only clients position & third-party account
- The PO is not involved on the trade: No mirroring to the sales book







Tax Management

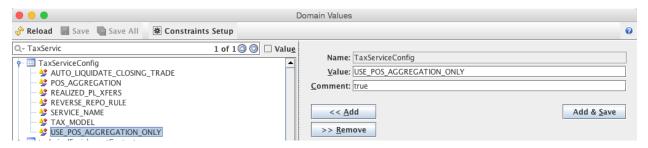
3.1 Tax Configuration

3.1.1 Initial Setup

Tax Service Setup

To enable the tax service, the following domain values are required under the 'TaxServiceConfig'

USE_POS_AGGREGATION_ONLY set to true. So only tax get calculated on the aggregated position (at the client account level)



POS_AGGREGATION=Custody; the name of the previously defined aggregation.



Set TAX_MODEL = MXFI to enable the following tax calculation logic.

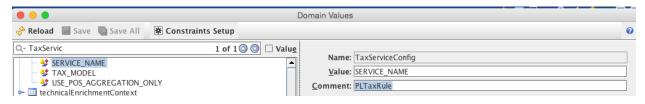
The MXFI tax model generates CA Tax transfers on PO CA trades instead of Client CA trades.

The BRFI tax model will be deprecated in an upcoming release. It is recommended to use the MXFI tax model instead.



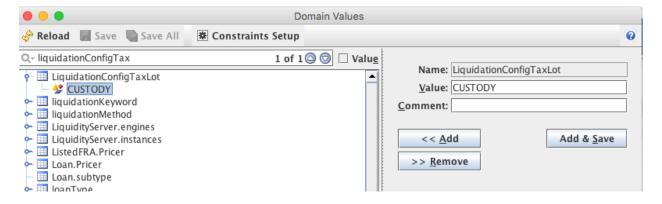


SERVICE_NAME = PLTaxRule; to use as the calculator for the new PL Config window.



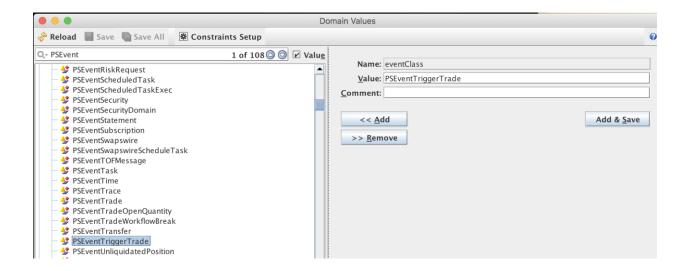
Tax lot, Liquidation to monitor

The LiquidationConfigTaxLot domain should list the Liquidation Configuration names, configuration designated for Tax Lot positions; "CUSTODY" in that document. In other words only position type CUSTODY will be eligible to tax calculation.



Event Class for Transfer Engine

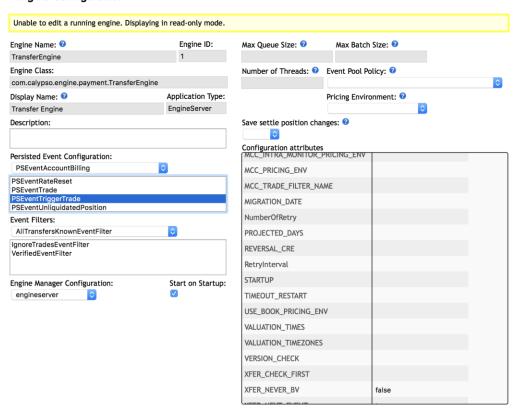




Transfer Engine configuration

The transfer engine needs to listen to PSEventTriggerTrade to process tax calculated by the liquidation engine.

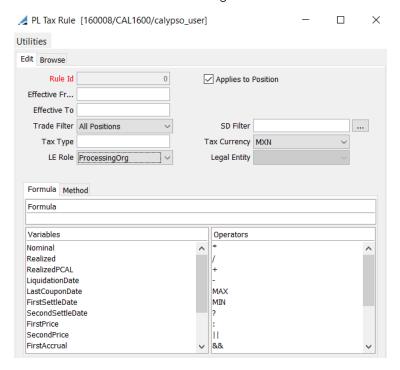
Engine Configuration





3.1.2 Tax Calculator

The tax calculator is defined using the window: refdata.PLTaxRuleWindow.



Fields

Field	Description
Rule Id	Internal unique ID for each rule defined. All tax entry will have this ID on
Applies to Position	True/False: When true the configuration applies to liquidation and so position. Otherwise it applies to cashflows and so trades.
	To define a PL Tax config for sec lending trades, you have to clear the checkbox "Applies to Position".
Effective date from	Date when the rule starts to be applicable per events
Effective date to	Date starting for which the rule is not applicable anymore
Trade Filter	Applies either to position or trade; when "Applies to position" is checked the trade filter should have a Position spec defined
Тах Туре	Name of the tax to apply. It is defined by the user. The system set this string on the tax entry and use it as the transfer type (SDI assignment and transfer creation/WF)



Field	Description
	Note that this string can be added to the flowType domain; if the value is required to be retrieved from filters, reports
LE Role	Define the "Role" of the party facing the client on the tax transfer. It could be: • ProcessingOrg • Agents • TaxAuthority
Legal Entity	If ProcessingOrg is selected under the "LE Role" this field cannot be selected. The Legal Entity is selected from the Book of either the position or the trade. The role is set to CounterParty on the transfers If Agent is selected, a valid LE with role Agent is required. It should represent the custodian to which the flows get cleared. If TaxAuthority is selected, a valid LE with role TaxAuthority is required. It represents the local tax collector that received the tax payment.
SD Filter	Applies to either trade or position. Filter based on static inputs.
Tax Currency	Currency for which the tax is expected. All calculations are done using the PL currency (Trade currency) and could be converted afterward using the currency. See below for further details

Variables

Variables	Comments
CashflowType	Type of cashflow. INTEREST by default if not defined.
	CashflowType(<typeofcashflow>,<formula>)</formula></typeofcashflow>
	Example:
	CashflowType(SECLENDING_FEE,Interest*(End Date - Start Date)/360))
ConvertAmount	Provides all necessary information for FX conversion: amount to convert, conversion date and settlement currency.
	Example:
	ConvertAmount(Nominal*FirstPrice, FirstSettleDate, 'EUR')*0.004
	When this variable is present in the tax rule, there is no need to run the conversion process.
Nominal	Liquidated nominal as kept by the liquidation.



Variables	Comments
PreviousNominal	If the bond can have notional changes, this variable returns the nominal for the previous PRINCIPAL flow start date. Otherwise it returns the same as the Nominal variable.
Realized	Dirty Realized= Buy Principal - Sell Principal + Accrual Bought - Sell Accrual
RealizedPCAL	For Voluntary redemption (only on redemption trade) returns the Realized + Coupon Realized For all other trades it returns the Realized
LiquidationDate	Date for which the liquidation was performed
LiquidatedQuantity	Liquidated quantity
LastCouponDate	From SecondSettleDate, last time a coupon was paid before the second settle date
FirstSettleDate	Settle date of the trade creating the position/open trade (buy trade on custody activities)
SecondSettleDate	Settle date of the trade liquidating the position/open trade (sell trade on custody activities)
FirstPrice	Same as per liquidation report. Gives the signed price (clean) of the open trade. For custody this price is positive (no short position) Eg: 1.03 for 103%
FirstFXRate	First FX rate (from FX Average Price functionality)
SecondPrice	Same as per liquidation report. Gives the signed price (clean) of the liquidating trade. For custody this price is negative (no short position) Eg: 1.02 for 102%
SecondFXRate	Second FX rate (from FX Average Price functionality)
FirstAccrual	Same as per liquidation report. Accrual rate bought on the open trade. For custody this price is positive (no short position) Eg: 0.42544 as factor to apply to the current notional to obtain interest bought at inception
SecondAccrual	Same as per liquidation report. Accrual rate sold on the liquidating trade. For custody this price is positive (no short position) Eg: 1.0144 as factor to apply to the current notional to obtain interest sold at liquidation



Variables	Comments
LiquidationType	Refer to the liquidation User guide for more detail. It is the type of liquidation performed by the system as: - Liquidation= Buy/Sell (value=0) - Realization= Interest Coupon clip (value=2) - Redemption= Principal redeem at maturity/amortization date (value 9) ()
FaceValue	Face value of the bond
DayCount	Return from two dates the number day difference based on day-count basis DayCount(Start Date, End Date, DayCount as per Calypso naming convention)
DayCountFactor	Return from two dates and a day-count basis, a factor as per financial convention DayCountFactor(Start Date, End Date, DayCount as per Calypso naming convention)

Operators

Operators	Value/comment
*	Multiply
-	Minus
+	Plus
1	Divide
	Or (condition)
&&	And (condition)
==	Equals
>	Strictly greater than
>=	Greater or equal than
<	Stricity less than
<=	Less or equal than
(())?():())	If condition as per: ('condition')?(TRUE):(FALSE))



Operators	Value/comment
DATE	Return a date from a string as: DATE('date', 'format') dd = Day in month MM = Month in year yyyy = Year as dd-MM-yyyy or yyyy-MM-dd or dd-MM-yyyy
MIN	Return the minimum of two values: MIN(<value1>, <value2>)</value2></value1>
MAX	Return the maximum of two values: MAX(<value1>, <value2>)</value2></value1>

Formula example:

((Realized <= 0)?(0): (Nominal * 0.006 * Day Count Factor(((First Settle Date > Last Coupon Date))?(First Settle Date): (Last Coupon Date)), Second Settle Date, "ACT/ACT")))

It is interpreted as:

For a loss, tax equals 0 otherwise

If FirstSettleDate (open trade settle date) is after last time the bond got a coupon paid:

$$Tax\ Amount = \frac{Liquidated\ nominal\ \times\ 0.6\%\ \times\ (second\ settle\ date-first\ settle\ date)}{Number\ of\ days\ in\ the\ year}$$

Otherwise, the Latest date of coupon payment is used:

$$Tax\ Amount = \frac{Liquidated\ nominal\ \times\ 0.6\%\ \times\ (second\ settle\ date-last\ coupon\ date)}{Number\ of\ days\ in\ the\ year}$$

Example:

Static Data

- SDI's

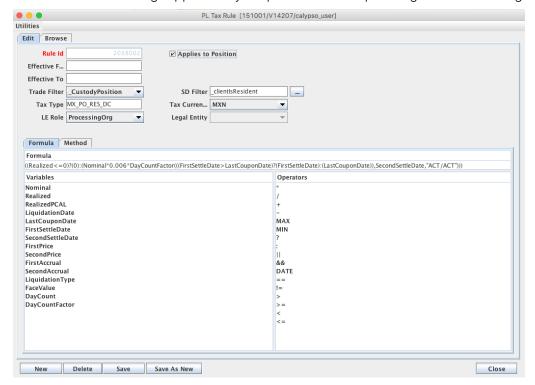


Account & Client



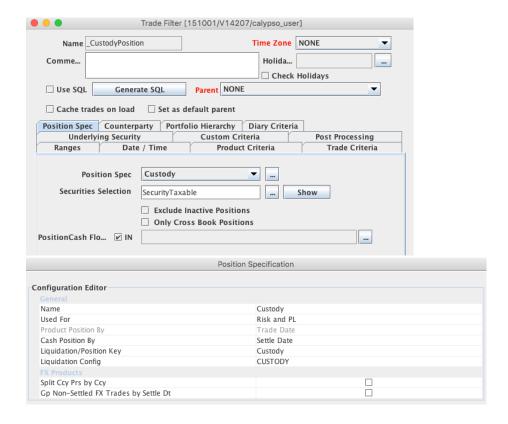


- Tax PNL Config: Applied only for positions and liquidating trades matching the SD Filter and trade filter.

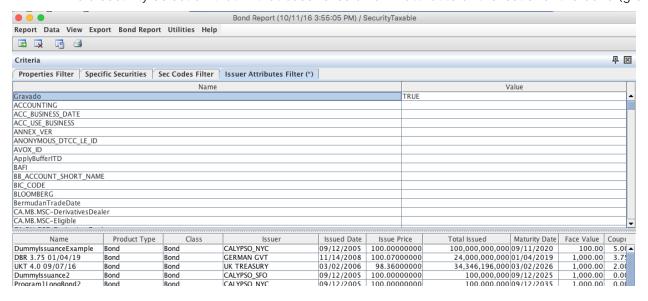


- Trade filter: is made of position spec that defines which type of position is eligible for this configuration:



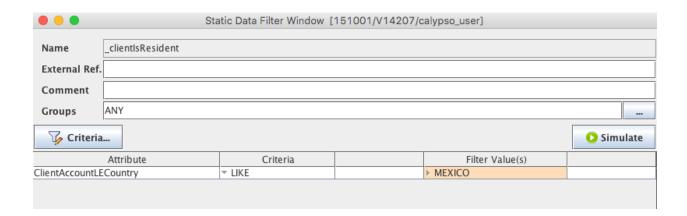


- And a security selection that in that case relies on a LE attribute of the Issuer of the bond (gravado=true)



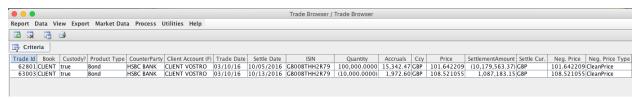
 The SD Filter applies here on the account. It restricts account for which the owning Legal entity of that account has its country defined to MEXICO



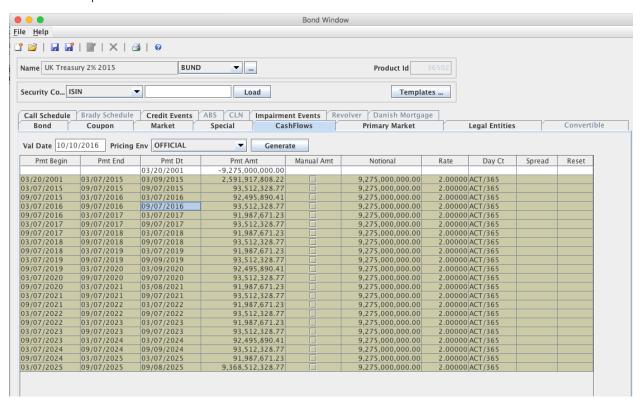


Bookings

Trade entries, a buy and a sell (date format mm/dd/yyyy)



With bond expected CFs:



From Settle date, the last coupon date is the 7th of July 2016



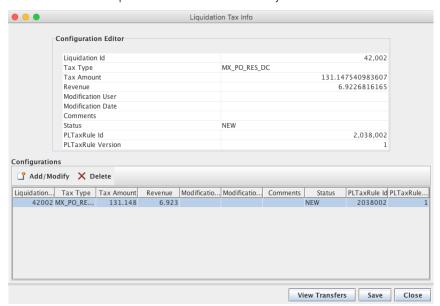
- The booking of those two trades results into the following liquidation:



As per previous formula:

 $Tax\ Amount = \frac{1,000,000.00 \times 0.6\% \times (13th\ of\ oct\ 2016-5th\ of\ oct\ 2016)}{366} = \frac{1,000,000.00 \times 0.6\% \times 8}{366} = 131.14754098$ rounded as per currency definition: £131.15

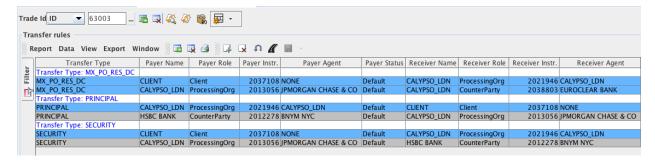
The liquidation creates a tax object:



The revenue is the realized per unit of bonds in currency. The tax amount to be the total amount of tax to pay for this liquidation pair.

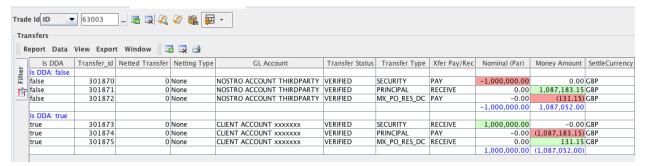
Transfer rules are added onto liquidating trade:

The collecting party (facing the PO acting as the client custodian) is the PO itself. The tax is not cleared on the market. The PO will hold this amount in the name of the client for future clearance.





Resulting transfers:



Tax is withdrawing from Nostro third-party account & from the client account. The mirroring in that case of the tax into escrow account is out of scope for this document.

3.1.3 Log to Monitor Calculation

The calculation performed by the system can be seen when the log category: "PLTaxRuleProcessor" is defined under the engine sever for a level DEBUG.

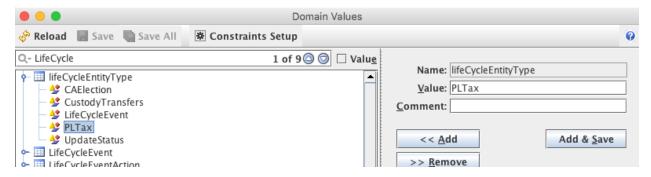
3.2 Standalone Trades, Tax generated over Cashflows

3.2.1 Initial Setup

You can define the PLTax LifeCycle engine either using Domain values or by adding another instance. With Domain values, the taxes on cash-flows will be handled with other type of lifecycle.

Domain Values

The lifecycle engine type PLTax is required to process trades and to store tax entries.

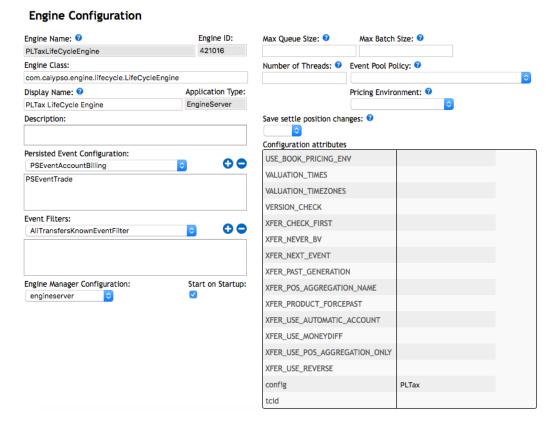


LifeCycle Engine parameter

You can create a dedicate LifeCycle Engine. In that case 'PLTaxLifeCycleEngine' (refer to user guide for that).

The 'Config field' has to be set to 'PLTax'; lifecycle engine must subscribe PSEventTrade

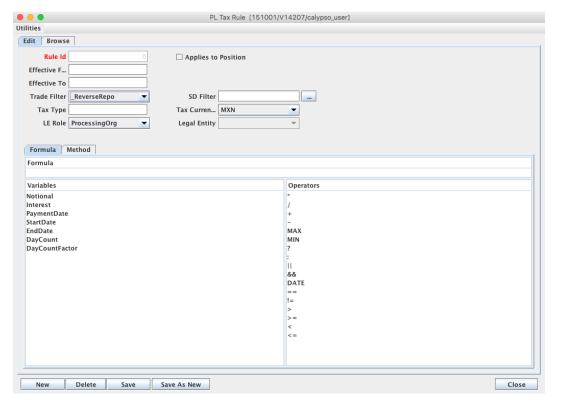




3.2.2 Tax Calculator with Option "applies to position" Disabled

The system only pick-up cash-flow type INTEREST that are not Coupon clip of the underlying security. Other cash-flow are disregarded.





Fields and Operators are identical; refer to section: 3.1.2 Tax Calculator for set-up. Only Variables change:

Variables	Comments
Notional	Cash-flow field Notional of an INTEREST cash-flow type
Interest	Field Interest Amt. of the cash-flow
PaymentDate	Pmt Dt of the cash-flow
StartDate	Pmt Begin of the cash-flow
EndDate	Pmt End of the cash-flow
ConvertAmount	Provides all necessary information for FX conversion: amount to convert, conversion date and settlement currency. Example: ConvertAmount (Nominal*FirstPrice, FirstSettleDate, 'EUR')*0.004 When this variable is present in the tax rule, there is no need to run the conversion process.
DayCount	Return from two dates the days difference based on day-count basis DayCount(Start Date, End Date, DayCount as per Calypso naming convention)

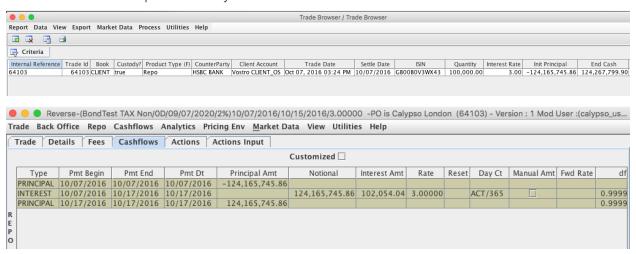


Variables	Comments
DayCountFactor	Return from two dates and a day-count basis a factor as per financial convention
	DayCountFactor(Start Date, End Date, DayCount as per Calypso naming convention)

Example

Interest*0.049*DayCountFactor(StartDate,EndDate,ACT/360)

Reverse repo booked by client:

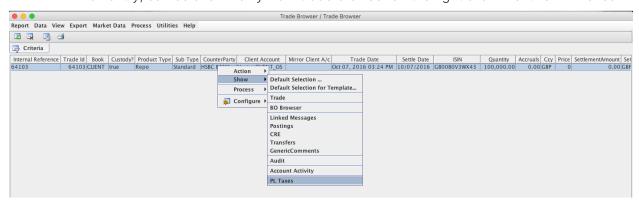


Tax calculation as per formula defined

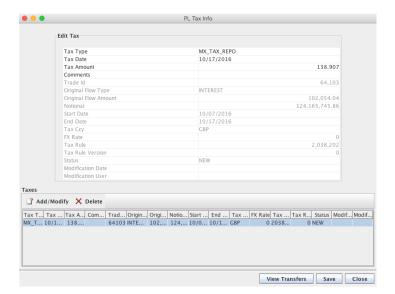
$$Tax\ Amount = \frac{102,054.04 \times 4.9\% \times (17th\ of\ oct\ 2016 - 7th\ of\ Oct\ 2016)}{360} = \frac{102,054.04 \times 4.9\% \times 10}{360} = 138.90688778$$

Rounded to 138.91

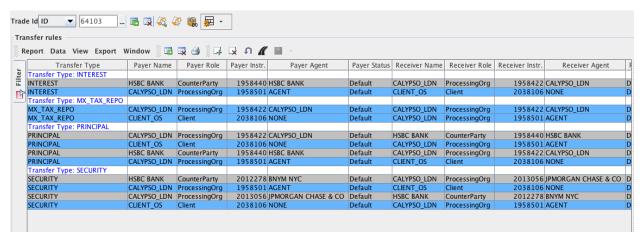
Tax entry; can be shown only from trade browser on the right click. Menu is "PL Taxes"



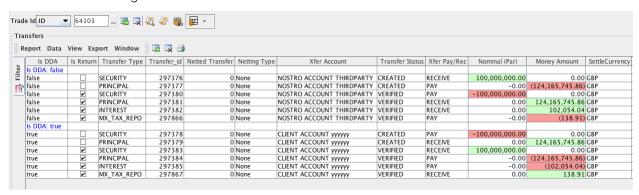




Trade Transfer rules



Resulting transfers



As per regular liquidation, taxes are created under Nostro and Vostro.



3.3 Corporate Action Process

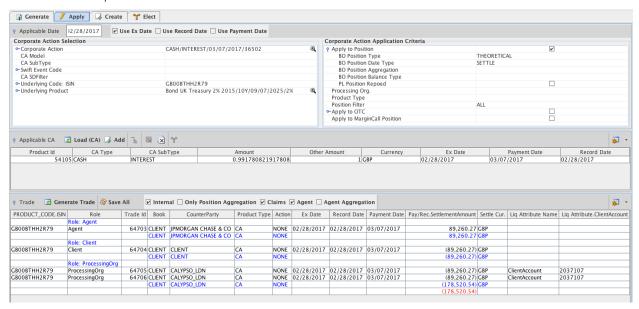
In addition to the keyword ClientAccount the process requires the key Client (as a legal entity) to be defined.

It is used by the system for CA process:



On the coupon application date, system will create 3 CA's:

- Role=Agent: Receipt from Central Security Depositary of the coupon for all clients
- Role=Client: Allocation of the previous amount to each client accounts
- Role=ProcessingOrg: In theory (fail aside) same amount as previously, applied to PL position to recognize
 the coupon in income and to calculate taxes.



In that particular case, two PO trades are created as the bond has an Ex-Period (refer to Ex-Div period management for further details.)

When creating CA trades for P&L adjustment, the following trade keywords can be automatically populated using the trade rule CheckAutomaticTradeCounterParty:

LiqConfigld – ID of the custody liquidation configuration.

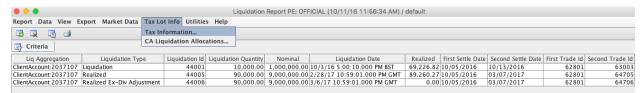
LiqConfigName = Name of the custody liquidation configuration

CAManualAmend = true



Liquidation/Realisation of the Coupon

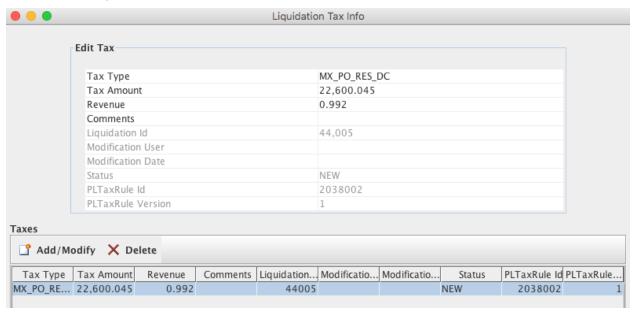
Only the liquidation Type Realized creates tax entry as the realized for Ex-Date equals 0 (only cash movement).



With the same tax configuration as buy and sell the following tax is calculated. Note in that example the day-count basis convention is ACT/ACT as per ISDA definition, so factor is calculated year to year.

$$Tax\ Amount = 9,000,000 \times 0.6\% \times (\frac{01/01/2017 - 05/10/2016}{366} + \frac{07/03/2017 - 01/01/2017}{365}) = 9,000,000 \times 0.6\% \times (\frac{88}{366} + \frac{65}{365}) = 22,600.044914 \text{ rounded to } 22,600.04$$

Tax Entry

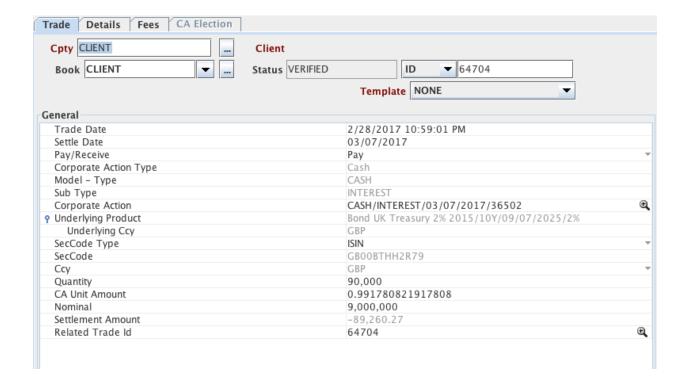


 The tax calculated on the liquidation is allocated to the client trade that generate the cash movement on the inventory

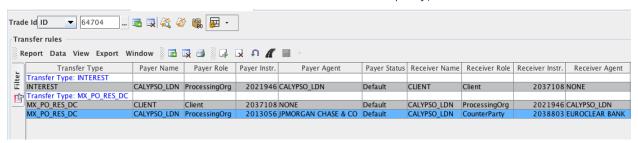


The expected allocation is 1 PnL trade for 1 Client trade, if no claim exists (fail or Repo/SBL)

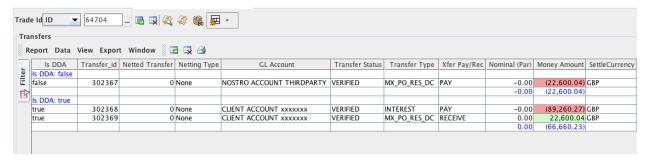




Two transfer rules are added. One for the Nostro Thirdparty, one for the client account

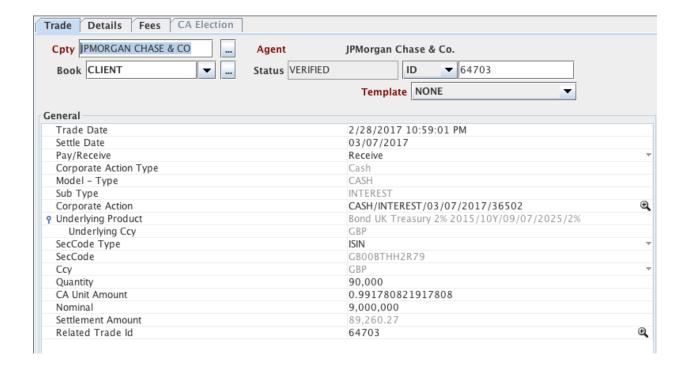


• Based on transfers onto the two accounts are created to reduce the cash position and to pay the tax to the collector. In this document the PO itself



The total movement onto the Nostro third-party is not impacted by the tax process

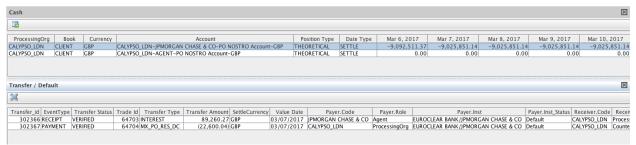




Transfers



- The cash positions are impacted accordingly
 - Internal: Nostro third-party Account



Client: Vostro position:

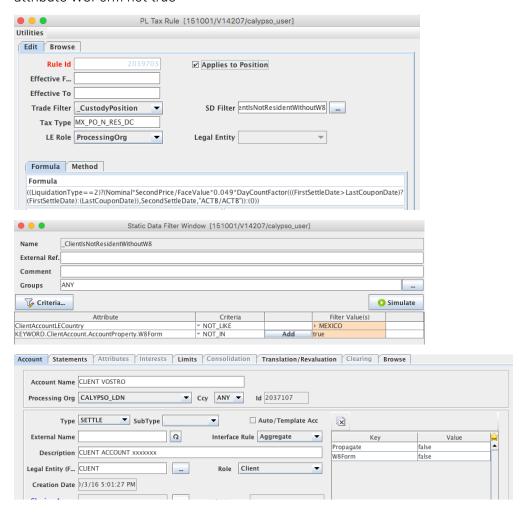




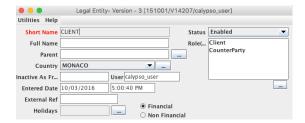
3.4 Foreign Withholding Tax Management

In order to validate the process, the two Clients are considered non resident (tax calculated on realized and not the notional).

The following configuration applies only on account with LE Country different from MEXICO and having the account attribute W8Form not true





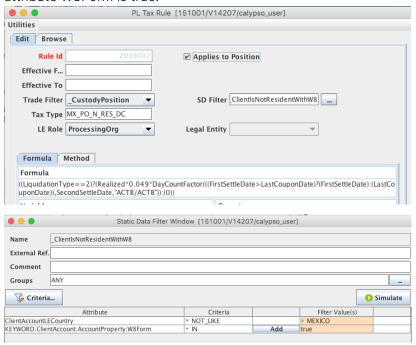


Formula:

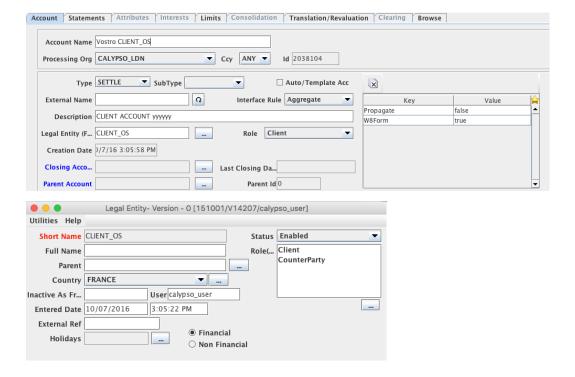
((LiquidationType==2)?(Nominal*SecondPrice/FaceValue*0.049*DayCountFactor(((FirstSettleDate>LastCouponDate));(FirstSettleDate):(LastCouponDate)),SecondSettleDate,"ACTB/ACTB")):(0))

Applies only for Coupon: The calculation is done as per Coupon rate (SecondPrice/FaceValue) as per cashflows to the open trade outstanding notional

The following configuration applies only on account with LE Country different from MEXICO and having the account attribute W8Form is true.







Formula

((LiquidationType==2)?(Realized*0.049*DayCountFactor(((FirstSettleDate>LastCouponDate)?(FirstSettleDate):(LastCouponDate)),SecondSettleDate,"ACTB/ACTB")):(0))

Applies only for Coupon: The calculation is done as per coupon amount recognized onto the open trade.

• Following trades are captured:

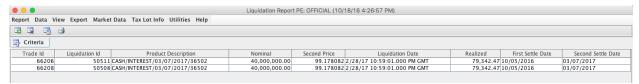


Resulting into the following CA (No local WHT calculated)

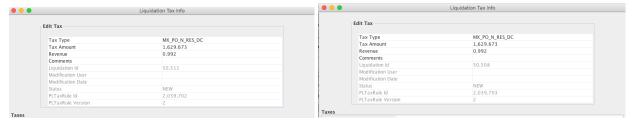




Liquidation:

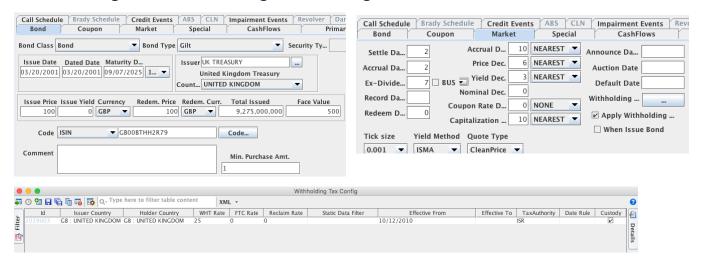


And resulting taxes



Result is identical.

3.5 Regular Withholding Tax Configuration



Now the Cash applies to position is reduced by the local WHT.



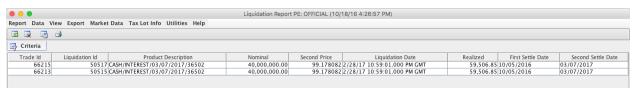


Attribute "WithholdingTaxAmount" is added on CA Transfer if Book is Custody and CA is CASH/INTEREST and Trade has withholding tax.

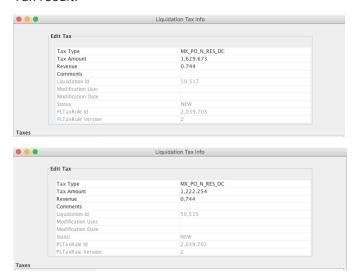
This attribute contains the withholding tax amount (not the rate). The following posting events can be used:

- WHT_xxx WithholdingTaxAmount xfer attribute
- GROSS_AMT_xxxx WithholdingTaxAmount xfer attribute xfer settlement amount

Liquidation is as so also reduced by this amount, but price remain gross:



Tax result:



CLIENT pays tax on the full coupon (attribute W8Form=false); CLIENT_OS pays the tax on the net amount (attribute W8Form=true)



3.6 Special Case for Elections

This section is dedicated to non payment of coupon by issuer to security owner. The owner chooses an early redemption with an interest clean-up. For this model, two CA's will be generated:

- One for the coupon
- One for the redemption

In that particular case, the redemption gets taxed too. The maximum tax that can be paid is the total realised (redemption + coupon); therefore, two different liquidations.

For the application of such coupon, please do refer to the CA user guide.

3.6.1 Tax Configuration

For this process the variable RealizedPCAL is used. It will return the Realized from liquidation on the redemption trade

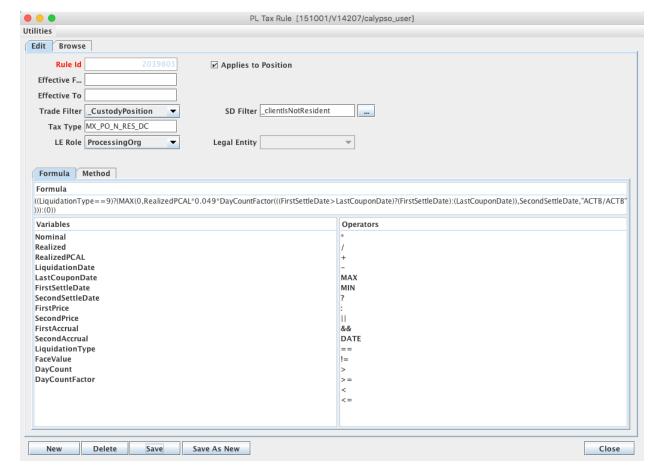
- Realized = LiquidationQuantity * (FirstPrice SecondPrice + FirstAccrual SecondAccrual)
- Coupon Realized = LiquidationQuantity * AdjustedCouponRate

For AdjustedCouponRate = CA Product Amount -Second Price

RealizedPCAL = Realized + Coupon Realized

For this configuration the CA type INTEREST has to be ignored by the process. Only the "redemption" will generate tax. The redemption trade has a liquidation type 9.





Formula:

((LiquidationType==9)? (MAX(0,RealizedPCAL*0.049*DayCountFactor(((FirstSettleDate>LastCouponDate))? (FirstSettleDate): (LastCouponDate)), SecondSettleDate, "ACTB/ACTB"))): (0))

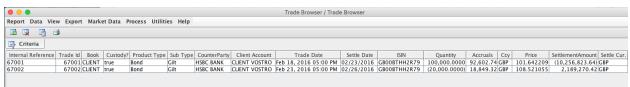
Calculation applies on Liquidation Type redemption

Realized PCAL to be the redemption amount + Coupon to date (if coupon is paid at the same date).

Calculation after is as per regular one: Realized x 4.9% x Carrying time/Year Basis

3.6.2 Process Description

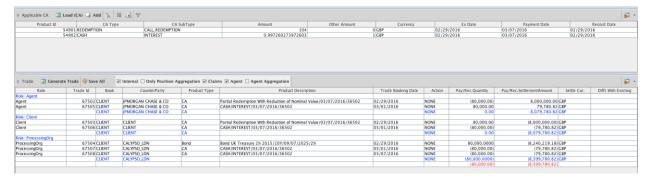
Trade Booking



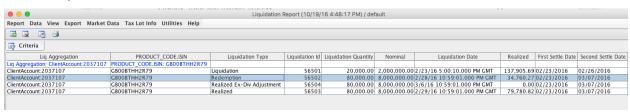
In February the Client elect for a redemption at 104%

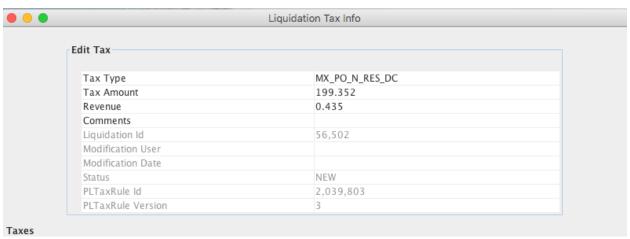


CA Trade



Liquidation

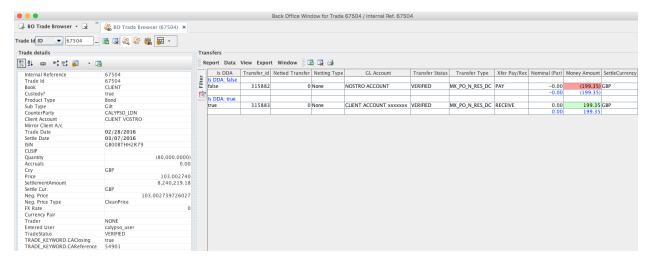




PLTax=
$$\frac{(34,760.27+79780.82)\times4.9\%\times13}{366}$$
=199.351569 so £199.35

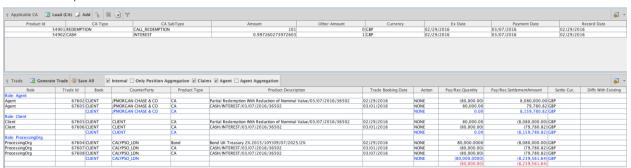
In that case the tax transfer is attached to the redemption trade, no reallocation to CA Client trade is performed:



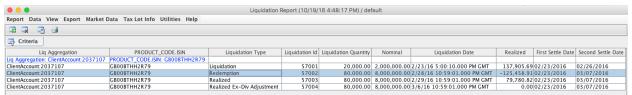


Same process but with a redemption price at 101%

Corporate Action



Liquidation



As the sum of the Coupon (Realized Liquidation Type) and the Redemption is less than 0 no tax is generated

3.6.3 Client Elections

If you perform the elections on the Client positions, you can use the following workflow rules to propagate the elections to the other positions.

The rule ElectMirrorClientElection propagates the election made on the Custody book and position type = Short/long Client Accounts to the Custody Book and position type = Long/Short Trading Books.

The rule ElectMirrorCustodyElection propagates the election made on the Custody book and position type = Short/Long Client Accounts to the Custody book and position type= Agent Accounts.



FX Management

This only applies if the ConvertAmount variable is not set in the tax rules.

4.1 General assumption

As stated in previous sections, taxes are calculated based on the currency of the position and never the settlement one. In that extend once a liquidation occurs, the amount of tax is in that currency.

Onto the tax configuration, a tax payment currency can be set.

4.2 Process Description

If a tax transfer is generated with an amount in another currency than the one defined on PL Tax rule it belongs to:

- The transfer STP is broken so that users can:
 - Manually fix the rate onto the tax entry
 - Or to validate quotes and to launch a process to reset those amounts
- Once taxes are reset into local currency:
 - Transfer in foreign currency is CANCELED
 - New transfer with correct amount is generated
- If a new liquidation occurs
 - Existing transfer is CANCELED (either reset or not, depending on the previous staging)
 - A new tax entry with no reset is created. Up to user to reset it manually or to launch again the FX reset process described bellow
- If quotes are changing, up to users to manually adjust the tax entries/transfers or to launch again the FX reset process.

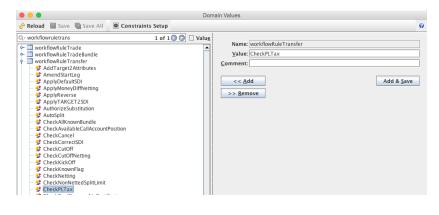
Note that if the Settlement currency of the trade is the tax local currency, a flag on the reset process forces the usage of this rate rather than the end-of-day quote.

The management of backdated transfers is conducted as per any cash transfer management: Cancel/Replace or Reverse/New if the option is enabled.



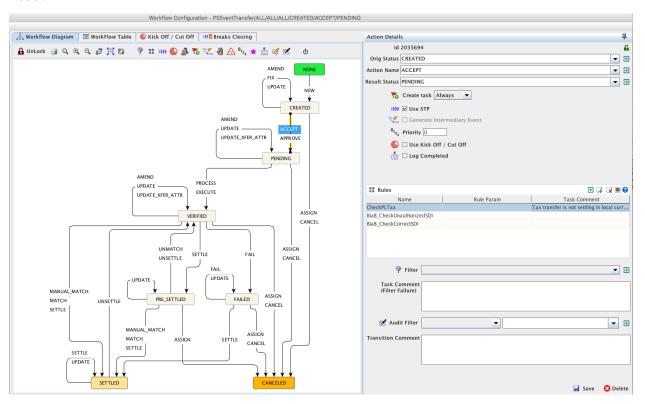
4.3 CheckPLTax

4.3.1 Workflow Rule Domain



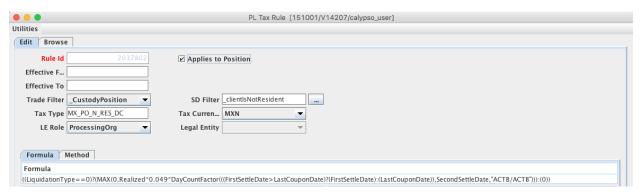
4.3.2 Workflow Example

In the following example, tax payment that are not in the correct currency are blocked in CREATED waiting for FX Reset.





4.4 PL Tax Configuration



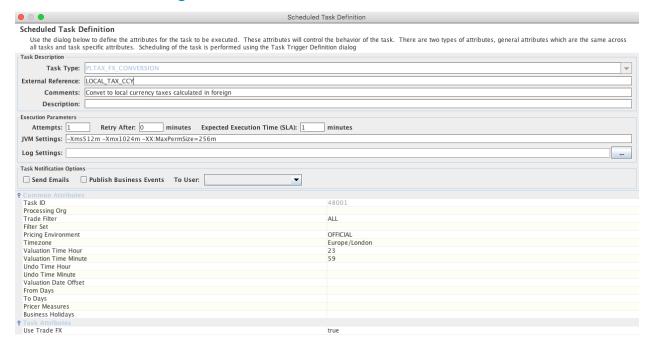
Applies only on Buy/Sell and income

Realized * 4.9% on weighted by carrying days for a day-count convention Act/Act

The Tax is expected in MXN

4.5 Scheduled Task PLTAX_FX_CONVERSION

4.5.1 Configuration



When Use Trade FX is set to true, the system uses the rate set on the trade if the settlement currency is the currency of the tax.



4.5.2 Result

Deal in FX

Trade Entered:

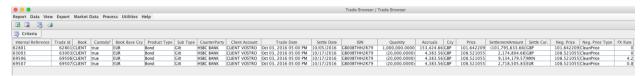
One buy: 62801

Three sells identical aside the settlement currency:

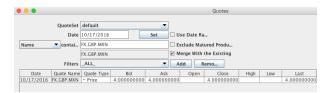
63003: Settles in original product currency

69506: Settles in MXN (currency of the tax, so carry a FX rate in MXN)

69507: Settles in EUR (not the tax currency, so no FX rate to MXN)

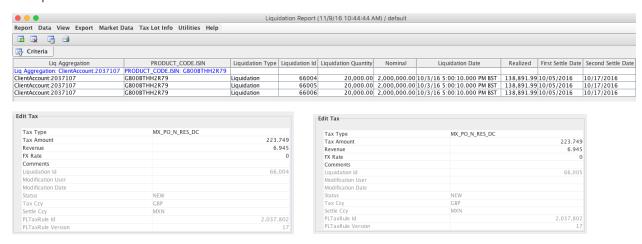


EOD Quote used for conversion

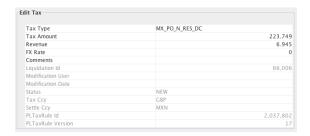


Liquidation report and resulting transfers:

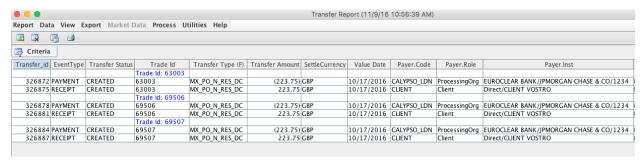
All liquidations are identical

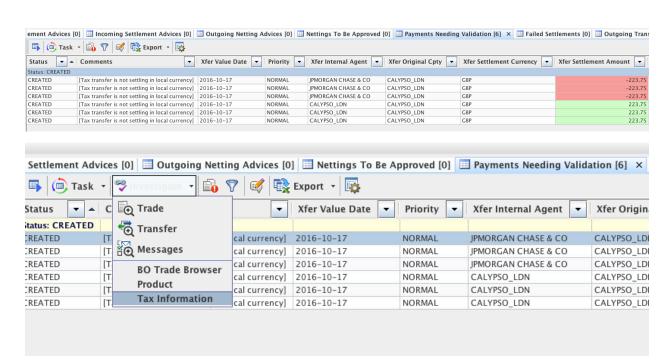




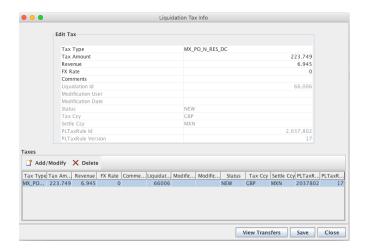


Resulting transfers & Task Station

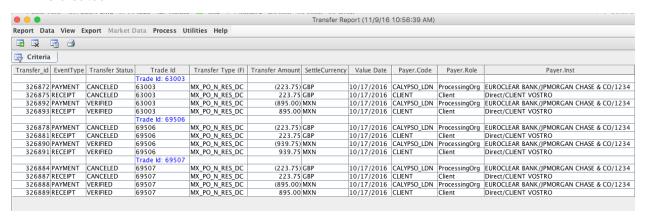


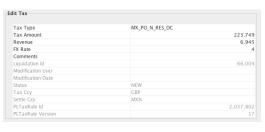






Resulting Transfers after Run of the Scheduled task: Previously calculated in currency get cancelled. A new one in MXN is created.









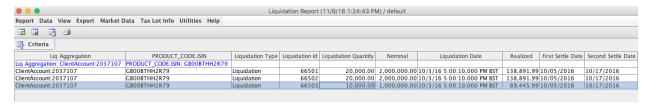
Modification of the liquidation on last trade:

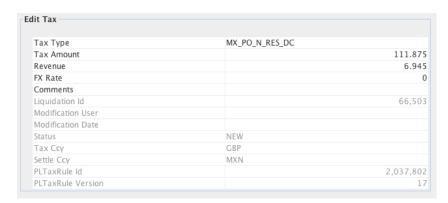
Quantity is becoming 10,000 instead of the previous 20,000





New liquidation is created and so a new tax amount





Previous transfers are canceled waiting for FX Conversion

Transfer id	EventType	Transfer Status	Trade Id	Transfer Type (F)	Transfer Amount	SettleCurrency	Value Date	Paver.Code	Payer.Role	Payer.Inst
TTATISTET_IG	Evenerype	Transier Status	Trade Id: 63003	Transier Type (i)	Transier Amount	SettleCurrency	value Date	r ayer.code	r ayer.koic	r ayer.msc
326872	PAYMENT	CANCELED		MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(223.75)	GBP	10/17/2016	CALYPSO LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326875	RECEIPT	CANCELED		MX_PO_N_RES_DC	223.75	GBP	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
326892	PAYMENT	VERIFIED	63003	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(895.00)	MXN	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326893	RECEIPT	VERIFIED	63003	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	895.00	MXN	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
			Trade Id: 69506							
326878	PAYMENT	CANCELED	69506	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(223.75)	GBP	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326881	RECEIPT	CANCELED	69506	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	223.75	GBP	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
326890	PAYMENT	VERIFIED	69506	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(939.75)	MXN	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326891	RECEIPT	VERIFIED	69506	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	939.75	MXN	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
			Trade Id: 69507							
326884	PAYMENT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(223.75)	GBP	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326887	RECEIPT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	223.75	GBP	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
326888	PAYMENT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(895.00)	MXN	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326889	RECEIPT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	895.00	MXN	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
327370	PAYMENT	CREATED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(111.87)	GBP	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
327371	RECEIPT	CREATED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	111.87	GBP	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO

Result after re-run of the EOD Fixing:

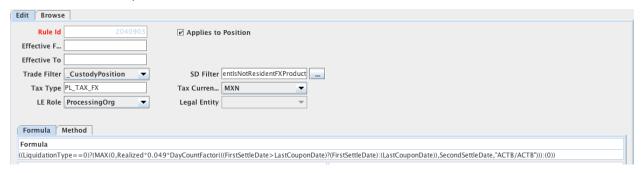
								re-	and the second	
			Trade Id: 69507							
326884	PAYMENT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(223.75)	GBP	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326887	RECEIPT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	223.75	GBP	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
326888	PAYMENT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(895.00)	MXN	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
326889	RECEIPT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	895.00	MXN	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
327370	PAYMENT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(111.87)	GBP	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
327371	RECEIPT	CANCELED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	111.87	GBP	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO
327372	PAYMENT	VERIFIED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	(447.50)	MXN	10/17/2016	CALYPSO_LDN	ProcessingOrg	EUROCLEAR BANK/JPMORGAN CHASE & CO/1234
327373	RECEIPT	VERIFIED	69507	MX_PO_N_RES_DC	447.50	MXN	10/17/2016	CLIENT	Client	Direct/CLIENT VOSTRO



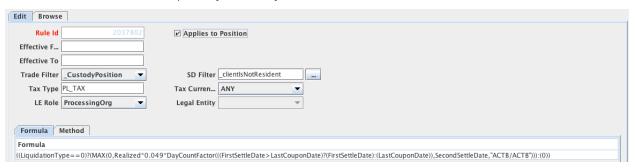
Setup example for client settling in foreign currency

The PL Tax setup can be duplicated:

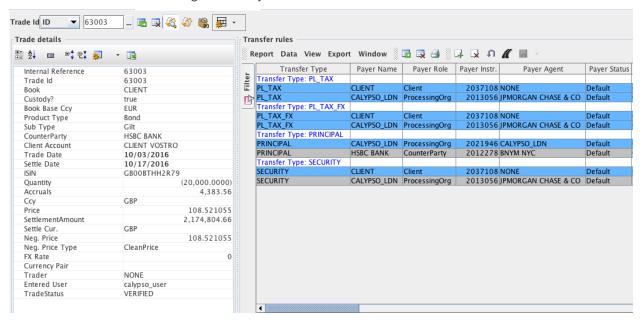
• Rule that expect a settlement in MXN



Same rule that accepts any currency

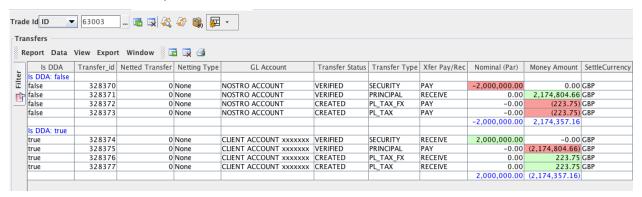


• Trade booked in foreign currency

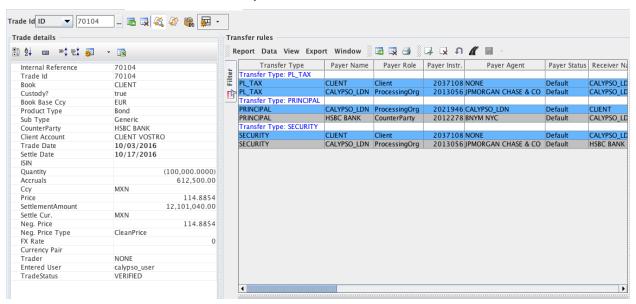




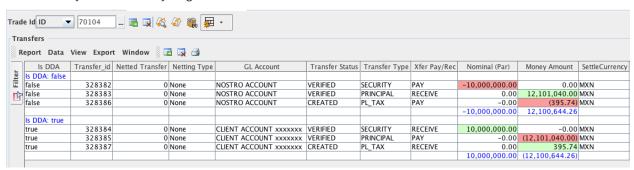
• Two taxes are expected



Trade is booked in local currency

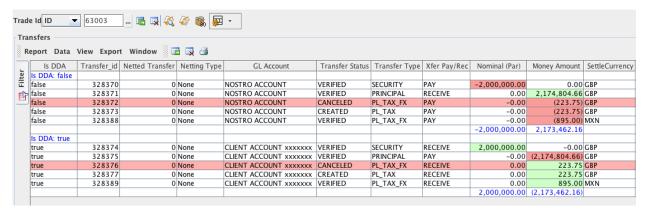


• Only one tax entry is generated.

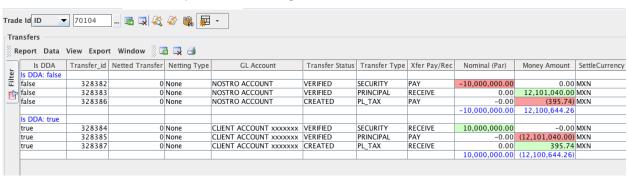




- Transfers after Fixing:
 - Trade in FX has two entries



Trade in local currency remain unchanged





Inventory Position Check

This function allows configuring position checks.

5.1 Configuration

5.1.1 Initial Setup

Domains

Check"

Domain name = lifeCycleEntityType, Value = InventoryCheck

Domain name = exceptionType, Value = INVENTORY_CHECK

Domain name = eventType, Value = EX_INVENTORY_CHECK, Comment = "Exception generated by Inventory"

Domain name = groupStaticDataFilter, Value = BOPosition

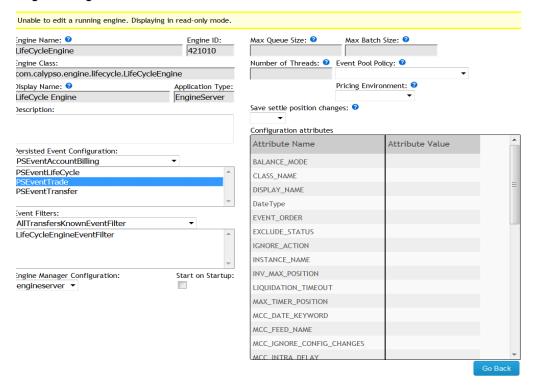
Domain name = InventoryCheck.WaitingTime, Value = Waiting time between two trades if they impact the same position - Default is 1000ms

LifeCycle Engine

Please make sure you have started the LifeCycle engine as it is not done by default. LifeCycle engine must be subscribing PSEventTrade. config = InventoryCheck



Engine Configuration



5.1.2 Workflow

The Workflow is configured for STP management. The position check managed using a workflow transition and a PSEventTrade can be plugged at any stage of the STP workflow.

Please make sure your workflow supports the case where the STP is broken and the case where the STP is ensure.

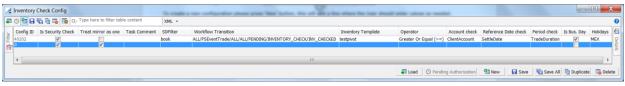
Trade Workflow setup must be plugged on a non-STP transition i.e. PENDING - INVENTORY_CHECK - INVENTORY_CHECKED/VERIFIED.

Please note that if you want to use any Workflow Rule in this workflow transition, this will be applicable once the check is done and if the ACTION is applied. In other words, it will be applied only if the PSEventTrade is eligible to go through the transition.

5.1.3 Inventory Check Config Window

Inventory Check Config Window: action = refdata.inventory.InventoryCheckConfigWindow.

To create a new configuration please press 'New' button, this will add a line where the User should enter values as needed.





Fields Description

Is Security Check: This parameter is set to true by default. The check applies to Security Positions only.

Treat mirror as one: This parameter is set to true by default.

When checked, the flag forces any Mirrored trade to be OK together. In other words, the action is applied only if the two trades are satisfying the position for their relevant checks.

Ex:

Trade 1 is mirrored into Trade 2

Trade 1 has a check rule A

Trade 2 has a check rule B

Action is fired only if rule A is successful for trade 1 and rule B is satisfied also for trade B.

SDFilter: Mandatory Field.

The Static Data filter needs to be preconfigured by the user. It will grant the application of the Inventory Check Process (and its exclusion).

Workflow Transition: Mandatory Field.

The selection will be done using the workflow selector and it will be as follow <ProcessingOrg>/<PSEventType>/<ProductType>/<Workflow SubType>/<Initial Status>/<Action>/<ResultingStatus> It is an eligibility criteria to 'Position check' the trade.

The PSEventTrade to be processed by the LifeCycleEngine will need to be accepted by this static data filter and compared to the WF Transition to be processed and checked.

Inventory Template: Mandatory Field.

The user will need to select a pre-configured Security Template with the Position CLASS/TYPE/DATE. Please make sure that the Inventory Aggregation, Account ID, Agg.Cong in your template if applicable match correctly the other criterion in the Inventory Check Configuration.

The Custom Agg.Config will be part of the Filtering Criterion if set and saved in the dedicated Template used in the InventoryCheck Configuration.

Operator: Mandatory Field.

This is used to compare the trade to the position

This quantity is added to each position. The resulting amount is compared to '0' using the "Operator" defined on the check



Account check: Mandatory Field.

This field specifies how the Inventory Aggregation, Account Id and Agg.config will be completed after Loading the Inventory Template:

Fields from Configuration	Aggregation	Account Id	Agg. Config	Books
ClientAccount*	Agent/Account	Trade Keyword.ClientAccount Or MirrorClientAccount	Null	Null
Book/Agent/Account	Book/Agent/Account	Null	Null	Book of the trade
GLAccount	Agent/Account	GL Account is taken from the trade transfer rule: It is the PO Account aka GL Account of the transfer, with a transfer type SECURITY and an external role of the transfer to be CounterParty	Null	Null
Book	Book	Null	Null	Book of the trade
Global	Global	Null	Null	Null

^{*}Account check = 'ClientAccount', the check will be done on the 'Client Trade', the trade with the Keyword = 'ClientAccount'.

Reference Date check: [TradeDate, SettleDate]

The date on the trade to use as a reference for the checking.

The default behavior is Settle Date (Value Date of the Trade).

Period check: [0D, 1D, 2D, 3D, 4D, 5D, TradeDuration]

This will define the Period End Date the system will check the position.

The default behavior is TradeDuration.

Now the system checks position from PeriodStartDate until PeriodEndDate with:

PeriodStartDate = [TradeDate, SettleDate]

PeriodEndDate = [Trade EndDate if PeriodCheck=TradeDuration, PeriodStartDate + 0D/1D/2D Cal or Bus if PeriodCheck=xD]



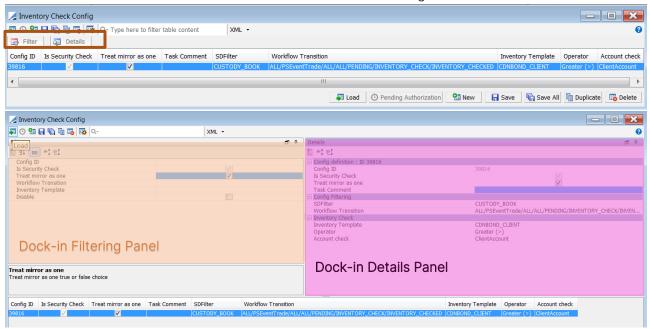
Is Bus. Day: [True, False]

It makes sense only if PeriodCheck = xD

Holidays: Holiday Codes

To load the configurations available please check the Filter Panel, as the load will always consider the filtering criterion.

Note that the Details Panel must not be used to enter a New Configuration.



5.2 Inventory Check Process

It is important to mention that this enhancement has been done for Security Positions and the check is ALWAYS done in QUANTITY.

The Inventory Check Process will be performed by the LifeCycle Engine. And can be activated by the domain value 'lifeCycleEntityType' with the value 'InventoryCheck' as mention above.

Once active, the LifeCycleEngine will determine if and how to process the trade event to be checked.

Eligibility

To know if a Trade Event is eligible to check, the event is compared to the Workflow and to the SD Filter defined in the Inventory Check Config.

The trade event processed by the LifeCycleEngine must match from a Workflow application the criterion:



- ProcessingOrg
- PSEventType (even if PSEventTrade are checked, it could be extended to transfers)
- ProductType
- SubType
- InitialStatus

Once the check requirement is performed, either the system applies the resulting action or it publishes a task type **EX_INVENTORY_CHECK** with the following information:

- Status: 'Inventory Check FAILED'
- Config Id: Inventory Check Config.
- ISIN: ISIN of the Trade being checked.
- DATE: Check Date
- INVENTORY BALANCE: Inventory Security Position used for the Checking.
- TRADE QTY: Quantity of the trade being checked.
- Task Comment: Task comment of the Inventory Check Config.

Dates Checked

The trades will be checked on Trade Settle Date.

In the case of the Repo and Security Lending Trade, the position will be checked from the Start Date to the End Date. For each Date where the check failed, a Task will be generated.

In the Case of OPEN Trade, the check will be done for 1 year from the Start Date. For each Date where the check failed, a Task will be generated.

Inventory Position to be checked

The logic is to compare the trade to the position and it is done in TRADE QUANTITY only.

The check takes the quantity signed in calypso:

- Buy: +
- Sell: -
- Repo: -
- Reverse repo: +
- SecLending: -
- SecBorrowing: +
- ...

This quantity is added to each position. The resulting amount is compared to '0' using the "Operator" defined on the check as mentioned before.



Swift MT54x Messages

6.1 Setup Requirements

6.1.1 Environment Properties

The following environment properties must be set to be able to receive swift and parse properly Settlement parties:

CUSTODY_SAVE_SDI_PERTRADE= true

DEFAULT_MANUAL_SDI= true

The system will create the relevant security Manual SDIs by transaction. Any other configuration is not supported.

6.1.2 Legal Entity Identification

ClientSender Legal Entity

The legal entity sending the Swift, must have the following configuration:

Legal entity attribute 'CustodyReference' defined with a value. This value is used as a radical added to the swift reference (SEME) into the external reference of the created transaction. The format being 'radical'_SEME. This value is unique. Any swift received with instruction type NEWM already existing in the system is rejected.

This Legal Entity must have a role of ClientSender with a contact containing the BIC used.

The Safe Account received in the swift must be unique and configured on a client account in the account attribute 'AccountNumber'.

Scope

Message supported: MT540, MT541, MT542, MT543

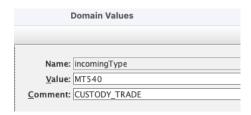
Product Type supported: Equity, ADR, Bonds

Product Identification supported: ISIN

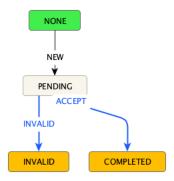
6.1.3 Workflow

The messages must be defined under the domain incomingType





Here CUSTODY_TRADE as message type is used.



6.1.4 Unsupported Processes

- Manual modification of the transaction
- SDI saved in the system, not received from Swift
- Fees generated by the system onto the transaction, impacting the Settlement amount
- Cancelation advice on cancelation request
- Reprocess of an incoming swift, that either cannot create the transaction, or cancel it
- Settlement parties unknown in the system. The Legal Entities and their format must exist

6.2 Trade Creation

MT540: Create a simple transfer received with the security as underlying

MT541: Create a buy:

- Equity trade if ISIN defines as a product Equity
- Bond Trade if the ISIN is a Bond

MT542: Create a simple transfer paid with the security as underlying

MT543: Create a sell:

- Equity trade if ISIN defines as a product Equity
- Bond Trade if the ISIN is a Bond



Additional validation:

The product (ISIN) must exist in the system.

The settlement parties must be identified, only the CounterParty can be Unknown

Swift fields correct.

6.2.1 Product Identification

Products are identified with the code ISIN, if multiple are found (only for equities) the Denominated currency (DENO of FIA section) is used. If no security, or multiple are found, an error is raised. The Swift is not creating a transaction.

6.2.2 Quantity

Supported FAMT (original notional, for bonds only) and UNIT.

6.2.3 Transaction Price

If the quantity is expressed in FAMT, the price must be:

Option A type PRCT as the Clean Price

If the quantity is expressed in UNIT, the price must be:

Option B type ACTU (clean for Bonds, negotiated for Equities)

6.2.4 Settlement Amount

Equity

The settlement amount for equities, will be calculated by Calypso as Quantity * Price. If this value did not equal the settlement amount of the received swift, the system can generate an adjustment fee. Note this fee will contain also the additional amounts provided (STAM,LEVY...)

As such, if the option is selected, the other fees must not generate transfers.

Bonds

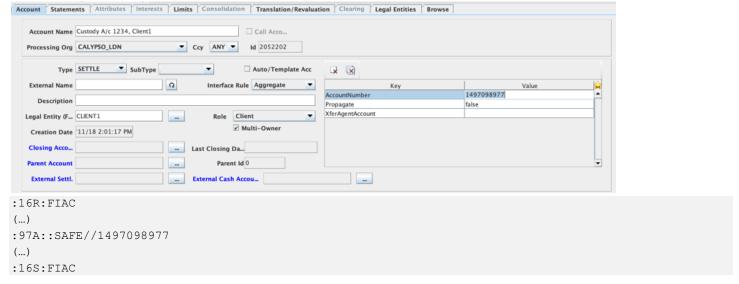
The settlement amount is forced using trade keyword ManualSettlementAmount. As such all fees (including adjustment) are ignored.

Note the accruals are forced to 0.

6.2.5 Safe Keeping Account

Based on the Safe account received





Qualifier is SAFE, only option A is maintained. The number is the account number in calypso, of the client account.

For maintaining external account identifier, or the options B and E additional development will be required

6.2.6 Client Sender (Entity providing the Swift)

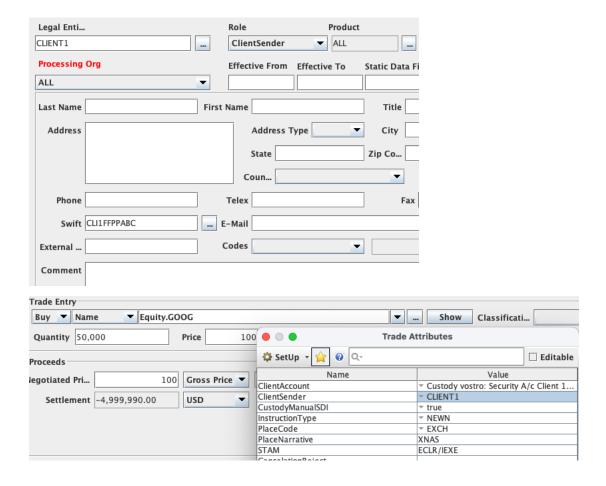
The client sender can be the client itself or another entity. It is obtained and stored under the trade keyword ClientSender

From Header of the Swift, in section 2, BIC received

{2:05411417070615CLI1FFPPDABC54956137150706151417N}



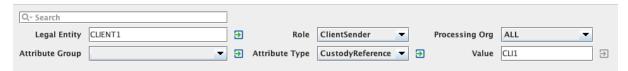




In addition any ClientSender must carry the attribute CustodyReference, used as a radical from SEME received (to avoid same number sent by different clients)

For the ClientSender, you can check from the Incoming Message (Security MT540/41/42/43 or Cash MT103/202) on Client Account if the Client Custody Account has following criteria:

- Custody Book must belong to the correct PO (receiver of the Message Block1)
- 'ClientSender' = SENDER of the Message



In that case, the swift was sent with the reference 26 (that will be used on any messages provided back to that client Sender) with CLI1 the radical for the remitter.





6.2.7 Market Place

In section Trade Detail, TRADDET, field 94a Place

Option supported B

Qualifier supported TRAD

Code Supported EXCH and OTCO

Code set to the Keyword PlaceCode

Narrative set to the Keyword PlaceNarrative

6.2.8 Settle Date

In the Section Trade Detail, TRADDET, field 98a

Option supported A

Qualifier is SETT

:98A::SETT//20220929

Set the date as the settle date of the transaction



6.2.9 Trade Date

In the Section Trade Detail, TRADDET, field 98a

Option supported A

Qualifier is TRAD

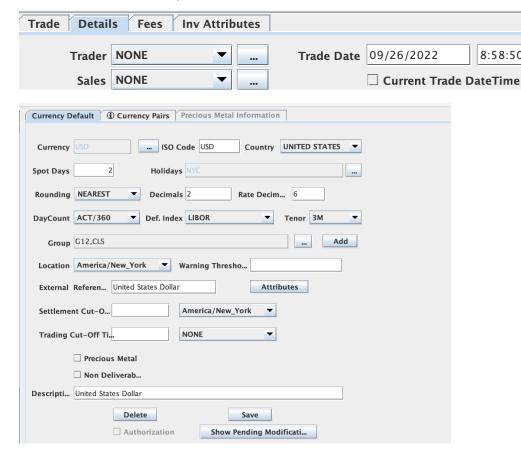
:98A::TRAD//20220926



If missing, the trade date is set with the min date between system business date and settle date.

The time for the Calypso trade date is set to the start of day for the Currency of the Equity product. Field Location (time zone of the currency)

8:58:50 AM



22F Fields 6.2.10

Field format :4!c/[8C]/4!c (Qualifier, Data source scheme, Indicator)

When the qualifier is:

STCO

STAM

RTGS

REGT

BENE

Keyword is saved using following logic:



If DSS is null, save only the indicator (no slash) as the keyword result. Ex: STCO//DLWM Keyword STCO=DLWM If DSS is not null, save the DDS and the indicator keeping the slash in between. Ex: STAM/ECLR/IEXE Keyword STAM= ECLR/IEXE

6.2.11 Fees

Setup

Only option supported:

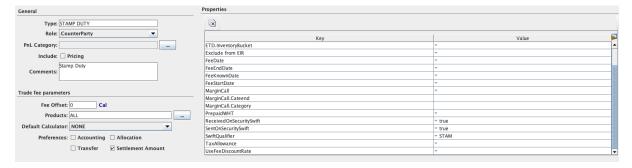
SettlementAmount=true, Transfer=false if no Adjustment fee is setup

SettlementAmount=false, Transfer= false if Adjustment fee is setup

Regular fees

Any Amounts received on the Swift can create a fee in Calypso. The fees having the attribute: ReceivedOnSecuritySwift set to true and the SwiftQualifier defined will be created. They will be sent back if the tag SentOnSecuritySwift is also true.

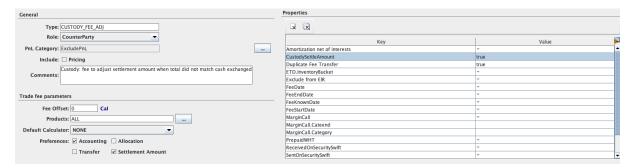
In that case, any STAM amount received, will create a fee STAMP DUTY. Any STAMP DUTY fee will be sent on swift with qualifier STAM



Adjustment (only for Equities)

Identified with properties: CustodySettleAmount=true; in that case SettlementAmount = True, Transfer=False Any other fee as SettlementAmount=false,Transfer=false





In that case if Settlement amount from swift \neq Quantity * price, the difference is captured.

6.2.12 Settlement Parties

Settlement Instruction

The Sequence E, settlement details, is used to create a manual SDI restricted to the transaction.

CounterParty

The trade counterparty is identified within the Settlement parties' section, with the qualifier BUYR or SELL

If the Option is:

Option	Information in the system
Р	Contact address method is Swift
R	Contact address method is the Data Source Scheme, the value of the address method is the Proprietary Code
Q	The LE can be found either by its long name, or on the last name of one of its contact; if not found, or multiple legal entities are found, the counterparty to use is UNKNOWN

:16R:SETPRTY

:95P::SELL//MIDLGB22

:16S:SETPRTY



• 0 •	addressMethod Window 1958402 (ALL) Settlement-NJKJHKHRKJHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHKHTIZA-ALL-O				
	Name	Value			
BloombergAIM	110110	100			
BloombergTOMS					
BuildingName					
BuildingNumber					
CFTC					
CME					
CNPJ					
COLLATERAL RECONCLIATION					
CountrySubDivision					
DATE_OF_BIRTH					
DTCC					
DTYID		56756			
Date of Birth					
Department					
DistrictName					
EMAL.		settlementsühsbe			
FAX					
FSA					
FTP_KEY					
FTP_KEYPASS					
FTP_PASSWORD					
FTP_URL					
Floor					
ID_TYPE					
ID_VALUE					
ITD_STATEMENT_FLE					
LCH					
LOHCVR					
LOLIRA					
MAL		HSBC BANK address			
PAPER					
PostBox					
Room					
SIGNATURE					
SWIFT		MIDLGB22			
StreetName					
SubDepartment					
Swiftdentifier					
TELEX					
TRAX					
TRI_REDUCE					
TownLocationName					

:16R:SETPRTY

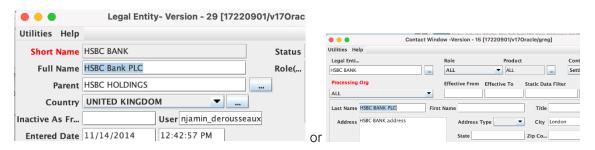
:95R::SELL/DTCYID/56756

:16S:SETPRTY

:16R:SETPRTY

:95Q::SELL//HSBC BANK PLC

:16S:SETPRTY



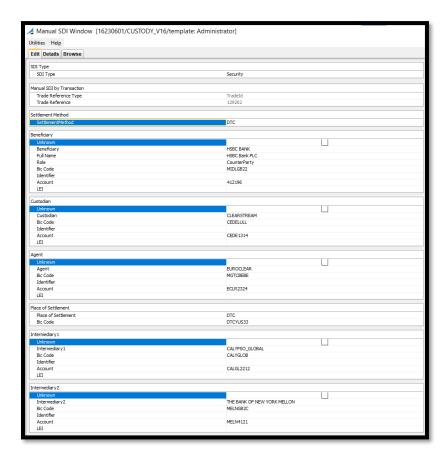
Settlement parties (SDI)

Other settlement parties, qualifier is PSET, DEAG, REAG, DECU, RECU (only supported) are identified the same way the counterparty is. Thus, they are stored in the Manual SDI.

Swift field					
-------------	--	--	--	--	--



:95P::PSET//DTCYUS33	See below "Place of Safekeeping"
:95Q::SELL// HSBC BANK PLC	Must have the role CounterParty
:95R::DEAG/DTCYID/56756	Must have the role Agent



Place of Safekeeping

You can assign the SDIs based on the place of safekeeping, if the place of safekeeping and the place of settlement are populated.

Example:

:94F::SAFE//NCSD/DTCYUS33

:95P::PSET//DTCYUS33

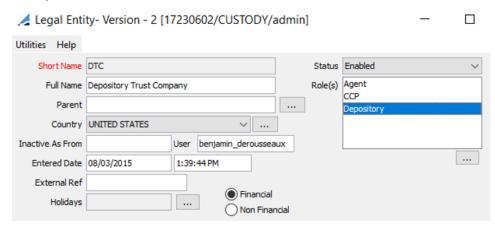
In this case, the trade keywords Depository and Place of SafeKeeping are set:



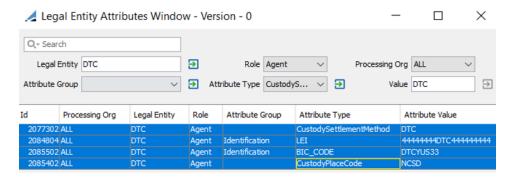
Name	Value
ClientAccount	▼ Custody vostro: Security A/c Client 1 (2082218)
ClientSender	▼ THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON
CustodyManualSDI	▼ true
Depository	▼ DTC
InstructionType	▼ NEWN
Place of SafeKeeping	NCSD/DTCYUS33
PlaceCode	▼ EXCH

Now, to assign the SDIs based on these trade keywords, you need to create a legal entity of role Depository.

Example:



With the following attributes: CustodySettlementMethod and CustodyPlaceCode.



The system will look for an SDI with settlement method = <CustodySettlementMethod> and legal entity with <CustodyPlaceCode>/<BIC_CODE> = Place of SafeKeeping.

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6.3 MT548 Management

6.3.1 Incoming Process

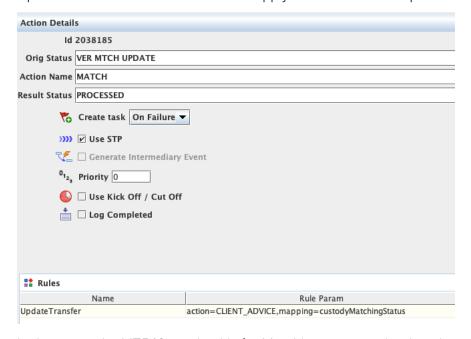
MT548 messages sent to client are using transfer attributes to provide statuses back to client.

Attributes:

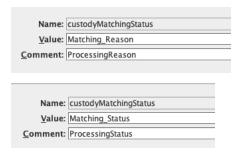
ProcessingReason for swift tag 24B

ProcessingStatus for swift tag 25D

In order to populate those fields, when a MT548 is received from Custodian, the message workflow rule UpdateTransfer is used with action to apply and attributes to Update.



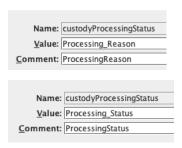
In that case, the MT548 received is for Matching process, the domain custodyMacthingStatus contains the mapping:



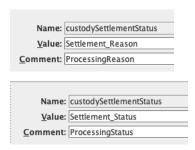
Same applies for Settlement, or Cancelation...

Processing (such as Cancelation ack, nack)



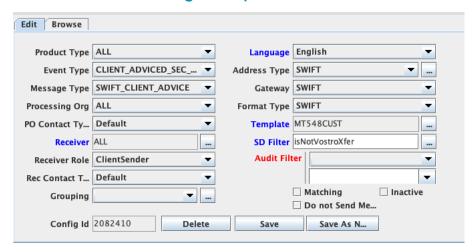


Settlement batch results, prior real settlement:



The action applied on Transfer is CLIENT_ADVICE, to trigger the MT548 generation.

6.3.2 Message Setup



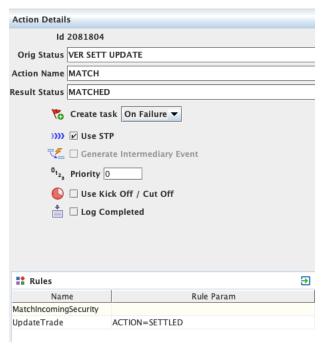
The configuration ignores the internal transfer (SDFilter) and is sent to the ClientSender (legal entity providing the swift for the client).

Message to use: MT548CUST



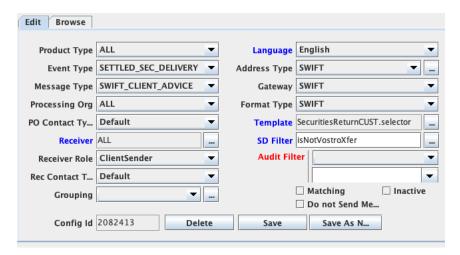
6.4 Settlement Acknowledgement (MT544,5,6,7)

6.4.1 Incoming Process



When such messages are received, an action is applied to transaction to indicate it is locked (cannot be canceled). Note that the same can be applied for Matching or Any statuses requiring bilateral cancelation execution.

6.4.2 Swift Generation to ClientSender



Same logic applies as one defined for MT548; a specific selector is used to know which of the messages to generate. The templates used are: MT544CUST, MT545CUST, MT546CUST, MT547CUST



6.5 Cancelation Request

A cancelation (MT540,1,2,3) is processed only if tag 23C is CANC and if the link reference (tag PREV) matches a SEME (internal reference) already in the system. In that case, the action defines under the domain:



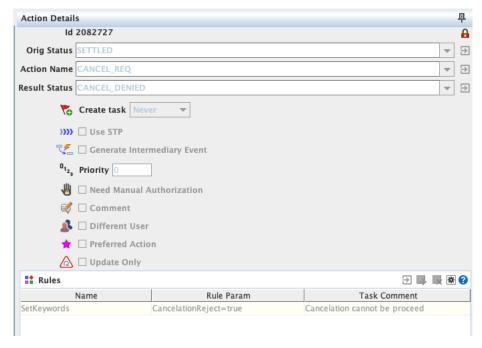
In that case the action CANCEL_REQ is applied onto the trade.

Same action is applied to transfer, to generate the Cancelation Request to the market (if Cancelation is authorized)

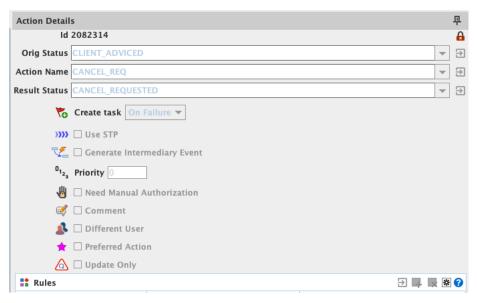


Or to generate a task, if the transaction did not accept a cancelation anymore



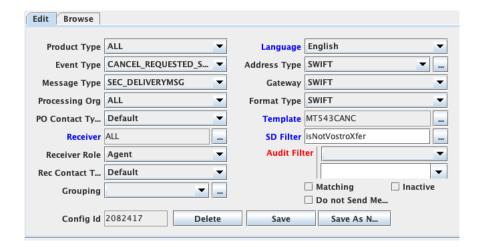


If cancelation can be processed, the transfer is moved also to a status corresponding to the cancelation demand



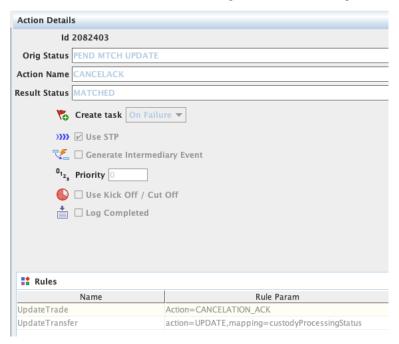
A MT54X is generated to the custodian to execute it:





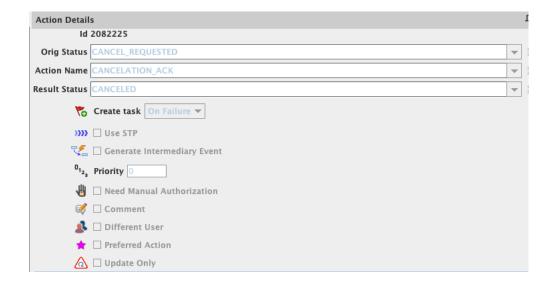
A message type CANC is generated; templates to use, MT540CANC, MT541CANC, MT542CANC, MT543CANC

At the reception of the cancelation of the original instruction (MT548, type INST, status cancelation OK) trade is moved to CANCEL status, canceling transfers; sending back the MT548 to the ClientSender:

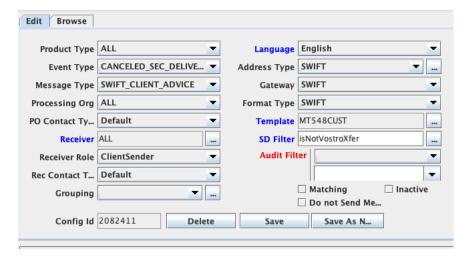


Transfer is updated to carry statuses of the cancelation; trade is pushed to CANCEL





MT548 sent to client sender:





Generating CA Messages

7.1 MT564

You can generate MT564 messages for CAs based on CA_NOTIFICATION message setup using the MT564 message template.

The following Swift codes are currently supported:

DVCA - Cash Dividend

INTR - Interest Payment

REDM - Redemption Final Maturity

BONU - Bonus Issue

RHDI - Intermediate Securities Distribution

SOFF - Spin-Off

SPLF - Stock Split

SPLR - Reverse Stock Split

TEND - Tender Offer

EXRI - Call on Intermediate Securities

MEET, XMET, CMET and OMET will be supported in an upcoming release.

7.1.1 Domain Values

Domain "messageType"

Value = CA_NOTIFICATION

Domain "workflowRuleMessage"

Value = CASetAttributeMsgFunction"

Domain "MT564SentStatus"

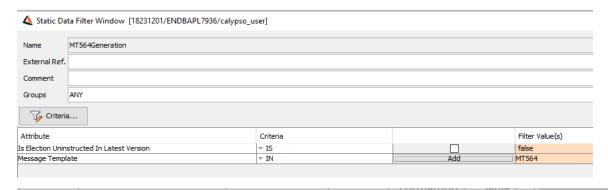
Value = SENT

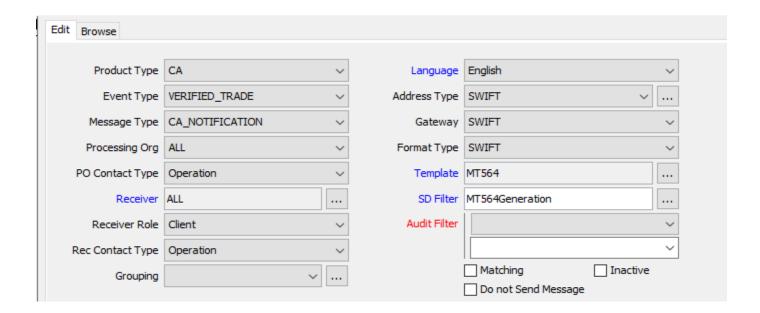
7.1.2 Message Setup



Event Type = VERIFIED_TRADE

Static data filter





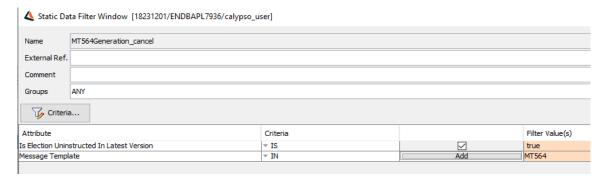
You can also select the MT564RMDR template to generate MT564 reminders for voluntary events.

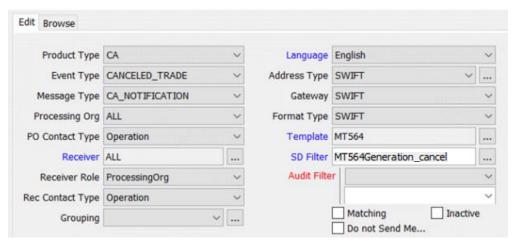
You can set Domain value "messageAllowedTemplates.REMIND" to generate MT564RMDR messages for specific action. The domain value considers the action REMIND in combination with the SDFilter used at message setup level to generate only MT564RMDR messages when the action REMIND is applied on the CA trade using Scheduled Task PROCESS_TRADE.

Event Type = CANCELED_TRADE

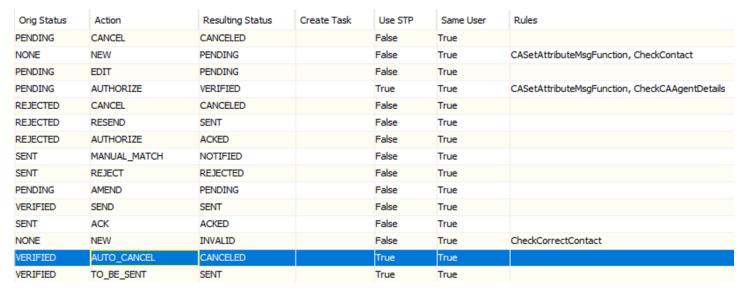
Static data filter





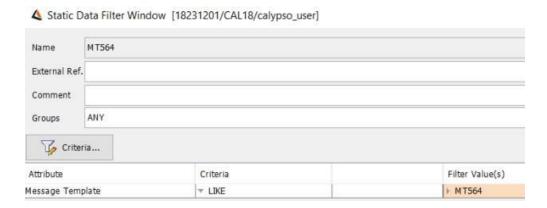


7.1.3 Message Workflow for CA_NOTIFICATION



Static data filter on VERIFIED - SEND - SENT transition:

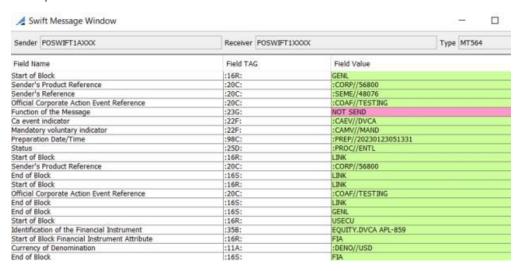




7.1.4 Message Generation

When a Cash Dividend CA is applied, the MT564 message is generated.

Example:



When generating the MT564 for a given CA ID, the system checks if there are multiple outcomes linked to the CA Product and generates the CAs accordingly.

Looking in database table product_ca_association for all the lines, where FIRST_CA_ID equals main CA Product ID.

For each line obtained, to create a new sequence E CAOPTN in the MT564 document that will be generated with the date from the CA Product Id contained in column SECOND_CA_ID.

Tag 13A CAON - Populating this tag in block CAOPTN with the value contained in the Option Reference field of the CA ld being processed in the database which can be found in column CODE_VALUE = 001 of the DB table product_sec_code when column SEC_CODE = OutcomeReference.

Tag:17B::DFLT - Only one option can be the default, one which is flagged in Calypso. The default option tag is set as:17B::DFLT//Y (on the other sequences E CAOPTN in the message the flag is set as:17B::DFLT//N). Now, For



each sequence E CAOPTN in the message (i.e. one per each CA ld of the Event), set tag :17B of Sequence E Block CAOPTN to:

- "Y" if Is Default Option for the CA Id of the sequence being added
- "N" if unchecked

Default option can be found in table product_ca_association by looking for the lines with column SECOND_CA_ID = CA ld of the sequence being added:

- If ASSOCIATION_TYPE for the lines found = "DefaultOutcome" then CA Id is the default option so tag will be "Y"
- Else tag will be "N".

7.2 MT566

You can generate MT566 messages for Cash Dividend, Interest and Redemption CA settlements based on CA_CONFIRMATION message setup using the MT566 message template.

7.2.1 Domain Values

Domain "messageType"

Value = CA_CONFIRMATION

Domain "workflowRuleMessage"

Value = CASetAttributeMsgFunction"

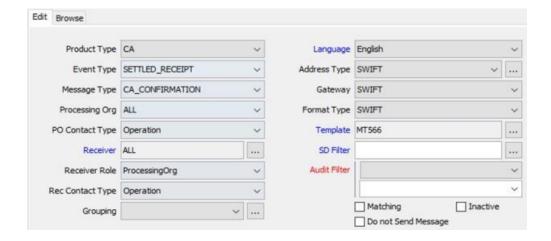
Domain "MT566SentStatus"

Value = SENT

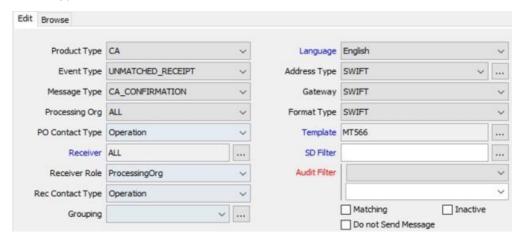
7.2.2 Message Setup

Event Type = SETTLED_RECEIPT / SETTLED_PAYMENT





Event Type = UNMATCHED_RECEIPT / UNMATCHED_PAYMENT

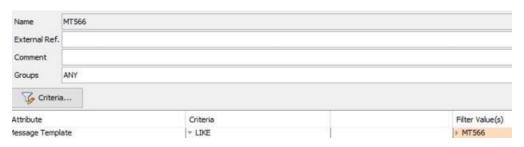


Transfer Workflow - You need the SETTLED - UNMATCH - UNMATCHED transition.

7.2.3 Message Workflow for CA_CONFIRMATION

Same as CA_NOTIFICATION.

Static data filter on VERIFIED - SEND - SENT transition:





7.2.4 Message Generation

When the transfers of a Cash Dividend, Interest or Redemption CA is settled / unmatched, the MT566 message is generated.

Example:





MT535 Generation

7.1 Setup Requirements

8.1.1 Account Definition

You can generate MT535 messages if the Custody checkbox is checked on the client account definition.

It allows selecting a Client Sender, a legal entity of role ClientSender. When set, the MT535 message uses this legal entity as receiver of the client statement.

Account attribute "AccountNumber" should be populated with the Account Number of the safekeeper for the statement.

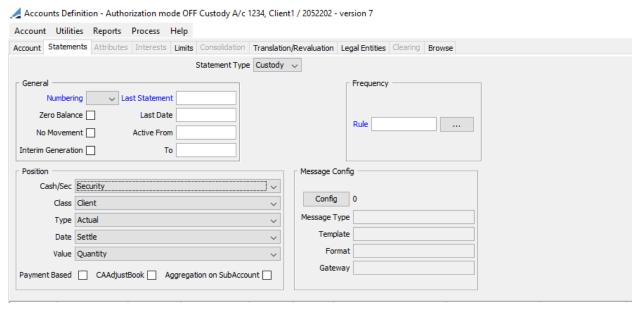
8.1.2 Account Statement Configuration

A statement of type "Custody" needs to be defined on the client account.

This is only available if the Custody checkbox is checked on the client account definition.

For the Custody statement type, the checkbox "Aggregation on SubAccount" is available:

- If this checkbox is checked, the inventory position is aggregated by "Book/Agent/Account/SubAccount"
- If this checkbox is not checked, the inventory position is aggregated by "Agent/Account"



Please refer to Calypso Nostro Management documentation for complete details on configuring account statements.



8.1.3 Safekeeper Legal Entity Attributes

The following legal entity attribute need to be specified on the safekeeper.

CustodyPlaceCode

This attribute is used to store the Place Code of the safekeeper under tag 94B. Possible values are:

- CUST: Local Custodian
- ICSD: International Central Securities Depository
- NCSD: National Central Securities Depository
- SHHE: Shares Held Elsewhere

BIC CODE

This attribute is used to store the BIC Code of the safekeeper. Value in this field should be a valid BIC code.

8.2 Message Generation

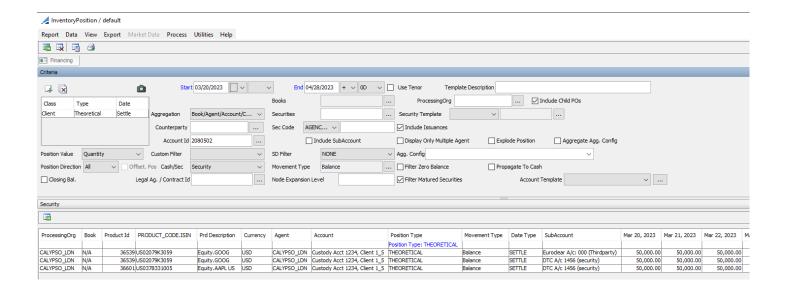
The scheduled task ACCOUNT_STATEMENT generates statement events based on account statement configurations and account positions computed by the Inventory engine. The statement events are then processed by the Message engine for the actual generation of the statement document.

You can also click Generate in the Account window, Statements panel to generate the statement events. You will be prompted to select a date range.

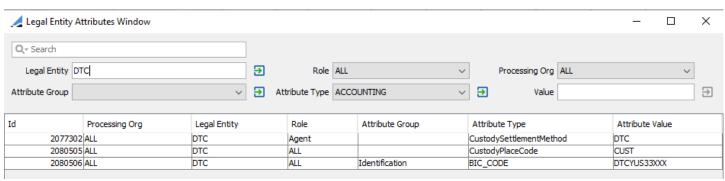
Example:

Following is the inventory position for client account "Custody A/c 1234, Client1" with different securities and SubAccounts:





These positions are represented in MT535 as below (only relevant tags are provided here):







```
:94F::SAFE//CUST/DTCYUS33XXX
:16R:FIN
:35B:ISIN US02079K3059
EQUITY.GOOG
:93B::AGGR//FAMT/50000,
:16S:FIN
:16R:FIN
:35B:ISIN US0378331005
EQUITY.AAPL US
:93B::AGGR//FAMT/50000,
:16S:FIN
:16S:SUBSAFE
:16R:SUBSAFE
:94F::SAFE//CUST/SICVFRPPXXX
:16R:FIN
:35B:ISIN US02079K3059
EQUITY.GOOG
:93B::AGGR//FAMT/50000,
:16S:FIN
:16S:SUBSAFE
-}{5:}
```

Please refer to Calypso Nostro Management documentation for details on generating account statements.



MT103 and MT202 Integration

These messages are received with:

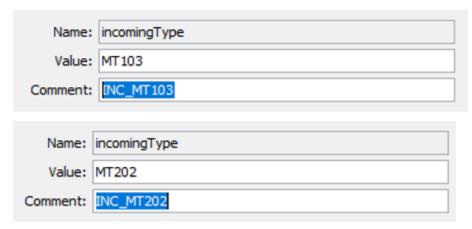
- Sender = BIC code of legal entity with role ClientSender (as previously described, with a CustodyReference).
- Receiver = BIC code of PO. The PO must own a custody book.

If the custody book is not available, you can define a default custody book in the DEFAULT_CUSTODY_BOOK PO attribute.

- *** A custody book is identified by book attribute Custody Book = true
- Client = The client account is identified with Tag 50 matching the AccountNumber account attribute.
- Counterparty = BIC code of counterparty is identified with TAG 57.

9.1 Setup Requirements

You need to add MT103 and MT202 to the incomingType domain:



INC_MT103 Message Workflow



Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Create Task	Use STP
CANCELED	UNDO	VERIFIED	Always	False
NONE	NEW	UNPROCESSED	Always	False
PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	Always	False
PROCESSED	ITD_UNMATCH	UNPROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	On Failure	False
UNPROCESSED	ITD_MANUAL_MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	ITD_MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	MANUAL_MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False

INC_MT202 Message Workflow

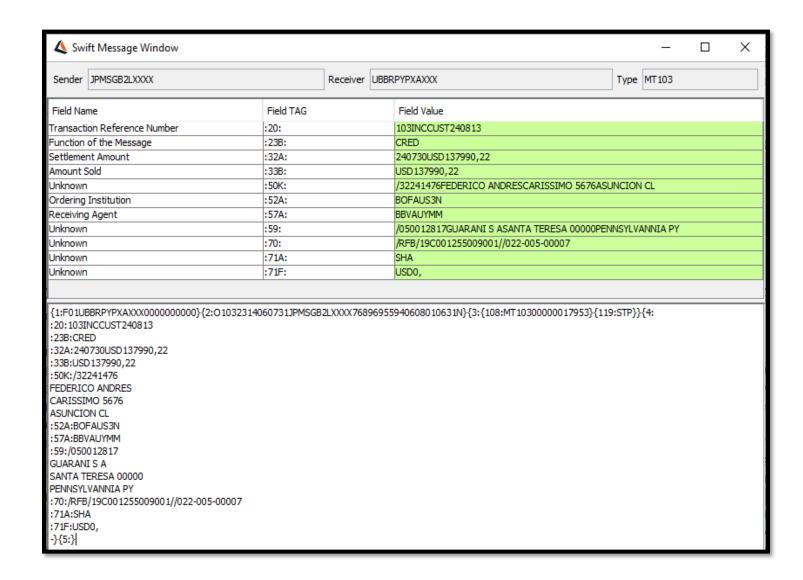
Orig Status	Action	Resulting Status	Create Task	Use STP
NONE	NEW	UNPROCESSED	Always	False
PROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	Always	False
PROCESSED	ITD_UNMATCH	UNPROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	CANCEL	CANCELED	On Failure	False
UNPROCESSED	ITD_MANUAL_MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	ITD_MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	MANUAL_MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False
UNPROCESSED	MATCH	PROCESSED	Always	False

9.2 Import

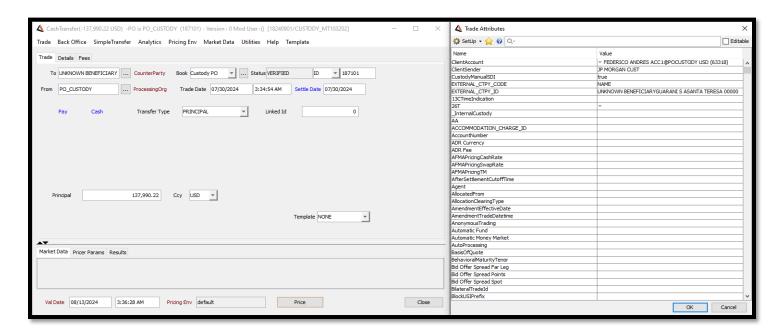
Upon import, Cash Transfers of type PRNCIPAL are created between the PO and the counterparty for the given client account on the custody book.

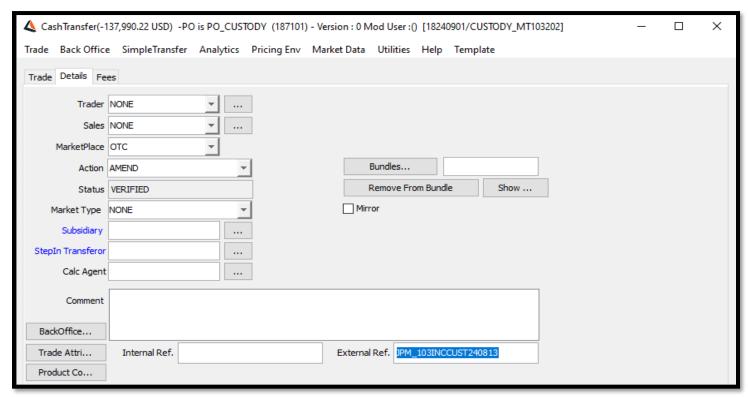
Example:













MT200 and MT210 Integration

MT200 (flow type COVERAGE) and MT210 (flow type CASHEXCESS) messages integration allows creating Simple Xfer Trades related to foreign currency funding. The trades are only generated if the incoming message currency is different from the PO local currency.

10.1 Setup Requirements

10.1.1 Domain Values

Domain IncomingType

Value = MT200

Comment = INC_CASH_CUST

Value = MT210

Comment = INC_CASH_CUST

Domain flowType

Value = COVERAGE

Value = CASHEXCESS

Domain SimpleTransfer.subtype

Value = COVERAGE

Value = CASHEXCESS

Domain Processing Config

Value = FCCYFunding.lsActive

Comment = true

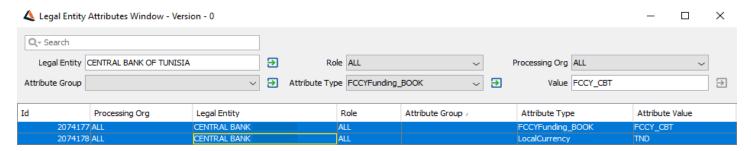


10.1.2 INC_CASH_CUST Message Workflow



10.1.3 Processing Organization

You need to specify the following PO attributes:



FCCYFunding_BOOK = Book of the simple xfer trades

The selected book MUST HAVE the following book attribute:

Custody Book = true

LocalCurrency = PO local currency

You also need to configure proper accounts and settlements instructions for the Simple Xfer trades.

10.2 Import

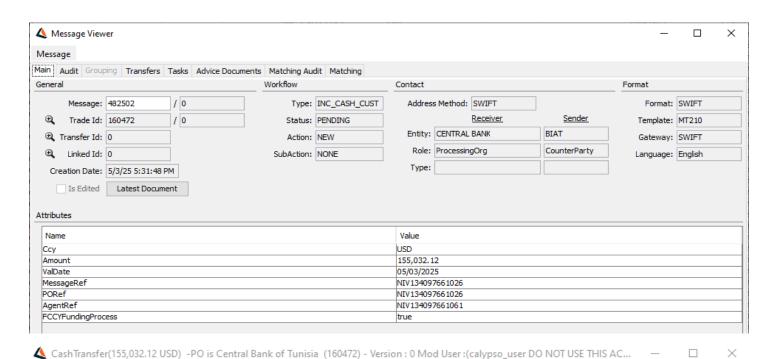
Run the MESSAGE_MATCHING scheduled task to import the MT200 and MT210 messages.

Sample MT210 Message Integration

{1:F01BCTNTNTTAXXX9712477898}{2:O2100951211206BIATTNTTAVG105904823692112060951N}{3:{108:213400XD0M8 6967}}{4:
:20:NIV134097661061
:30:250305
:21:NIV134097661026
:32B:USD155032,12
:52A:CITIUS33XXX
:56A:CITIUS33



-}{5:}



Trade Back Office SimpleTransfer Analytics Pricing Env Market Data Utilities Help Template Trade Details Fees Custody Trade Entry Book FCCY_CBT ... Status VERIFIED v 160472 From BIAT ... CounterParty ID Trade Date 05/03/2025 5:31:48 PM Settle Date 05/03/2025 ITRAL BANK ProcessingOrg Receive Cash Transfer Type CASHEXCESS Linked Id 0 Trade Attributes × Editable SetUp ▼ ☆ ② Q Name Value ClientAccount ▼ BIAT Local Bank USD AC @ CBT (2074192) Our Agent CITIUS33 RegulatoryReportingState ŗ DONE Their Agent CITIUS33XXX 13CTimeIndication 155,032.12 USD Principal Ccy ACCOMMODATION_CHARGE_ID AccountNumber



Sample MT200 Integration

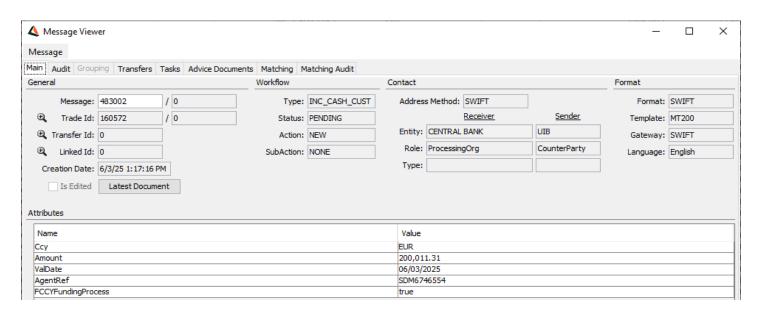
{1:F01BCTNTNTTAXXX9711476922}{2:02001050211203U1BKTNT1AXXX96949915122112031050N}{4:

:20:SDM6746554

:32A:250306EUR200011,31

:56A:SOGEFRPP :57A:SOGEFRPP

-}{5:}



🛕 CashTransfer(-200,011.31 EUR) -PO is Central Bank of Tunisia (160572) - Version : 0 Mod User :(calypso_user DO NOT USE THIS AC... 👚 Trade Back Office SimpleTransfer Analytics Pricing Env Market Data Utilities Help Template Trade Details Fees Custody Trade Entry ... Status VERIFIED To UIB ... CounterParty Book FCCY_CBT ID 160572 ITRAL BANK Trade Date 06/03/2025 1:17:16 PM Settle Date 06/03/2025 From ProcessingOrg Pay Cash Transfer Type COVERAGE Linked Id 0 Trade Attributes 🌣 SetUp 🕶 🏫 🕡 🔍 Editable Value Name ▼ UIB Local Bank EUR AC @ CBT (2074186) ClientAccount Our Agent SOGEFRPP RegulatoryReportingState ▼ DONE SOGEFRPP Their Agent 13CTimeIndication 200,011.31 EUR Principal Ccv 26T ACCOMMODATION_CHARGE_ID